City of Fort Wayne, Indiana

2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2017



Thomas C. Henry Mayor

Garry E. Morr, CGFM Controller

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

City of Fort Wayne, Indiana Year Ended December 31, 2017



Garry E. Morr, CGFM
Director of Finance and Administration
City Controller

Valerie A. Ahr Deputy Controller

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INTRODUCTION





THOMAS C. HENRY, MAYOR

June 14, 2018

Dear Residents:

I'm pleased to present to you the 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the City of Fort Wayne. This is an in-depth account of the financial status of the City. This report demonstrates our commitment to providing you with a full and detailed explanation of the use of your tax dollars.

The City of Fort Wayne has a long tradition of prudent management of tax dollars to move our community forward in the right direction. We're committed to making a meaningful difference by investing in projects and initiatives that make neighborhoods stronger and provide needed services to residents and businesses.

If you have any suggestions for improving our Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, please contact the City Controller's Office at (260) 427-1106.

Sincerely,

Thomas C. Henry

Thom P. Henry

Mayor

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THOMAS C. HENRY, MAYOR

June 14, 2018

Honorable Mayor Thomas C. Henry and Members of the Fort Wayne Common Council, City of Fort Wayne, Indiana

With this document, we submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Fort Wayne for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. This is the twenty-ninth CAFR prepared by the City's financial staff. The twenty-eight previous CAFRs have received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada. This award marks a continuing effort to improve the City's accountability and financial disclosure to the citizens of Fort Wayne.

We believe the financial information and exhibits, as presented, to be accurate in all material aspects. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests solely with the City of Fort Wayne. We believe it is important for the various constituencies of the City of Fort Wayne, including citizens, taxpayers, oversight bodies, and the capital markets to gain maximum understanding of the financial activities, results of operations and financial position of the various funds and account groups of the City of Fort Wayne. The CAFR is presented with that goal foremost in mind.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A, found in the financial section) and should be read in conjunction with it.

The Reporting Entity

This CAFR contains financial reporting for all funds of the City. The City operates under a Mayor/Council form of government pursuant to Indiana statute. Following are a number of the services the City provides: public safety (police, fire, and communications), community development (planning, neighborhood revitalization, and economic development), parks and recreation, transportation (roads and streets), solid waste disposal, engineering and general administrative services. In addition, the City provides water, wastewater and stormwater utility services.

The City of Fort Wayne, Indiana entity has been carefully defined pursuant to the entity definition criteria promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14", GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Report Entity: Omnibus - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34", and GASB Statement No. 80, "Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14".

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In accordance with this criterion, the City has included various component units in its presentation of the general-purpose financial statements. Blended component units are included as part of the primary government's operations even though they are legally separate entities.

The Fort Wayne Municipal Building Corporation (Building Project), the Fort Wayne Infrastructure Corporation (Infrastructure Improvements) and the Consolidated Communications Partnership (CCP) have been presented as blended component units because the financial statements would be misleading if data from these component units were not included.

Discretely presented component units have been presented in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. The following entities have been shown as discretely presented component units because the City is financially accountable for them and can impose its will on them, or the component unit is fiscally dependent upon the City: Neighborhood Care, Inc. (HANDS), Summit Development Corporation (Summit), Fort Wayne Urban Enterprise Association, Inc. (UEA), Allen County Fort Wayne Capital Improvements Board of Managers (CIB), Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority (RA), Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation (PTC), Downtown Fort Wayne Economic Improvement District (DID) and Community Development Corporation of Fort Wayne (CDC).

The following governmental units have not been included in the reporting entity because the City is not financially accountable for them: Fort Wayne Housing Authority, Fort Wayne-Allen County Airport Authority, and Fort Wayne Community School System. The City of Fort Wayne entity also excludes several nonprofit entities that have some association with the City, including the Headwaters Park Alliance, Inc.

The City of Fort Wayne entity includes several governmental boards and commissions, including the Park Board, the Redevelopment Commission, the Metro Human Relations Commission, the Board of Public Works, the Board of Public Safety and the Animal Control Commission.

The oversight body for the Civil City (governmental operations) is the Common Council of the City of Fort Wayne. The Council is composed of nine elected Council members who serve four-year terms, six of whom represent geographic councilmanic districts and three of whom are elected at-large. The oversight body for the City Utilities of Fort Wayne is the Board of Public Works. The Board of Public Works, as of December 31, 2017, is composed of the Chairman of the Board of Public Works and two members appointed by the Mayor.

Note 1 of the basic financial statements provides a further discussion of the City as a financial reporting entity.

Economic Condition and Outlook

With a population of 260,954 (American Community Survey 2012-2016), Fort Wayne is the second largest city in Indiana. Throughout 2017, the City's unemployment rate remained low, averaging 3.5 percent for the year (U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics). Also in 2017, the City retained more than 3,000 jobs and added 1,800 new jobs, while companies like Fort Wayne Metals, SIRVA, Web Industries, Prairie Farms and others experienced excellent growth and made capital investments of more than \$129 million.

Fort Wayne received recognition in numerous national publications and websites for high rankings in various

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economic and quality of life environments desired by citizens. *U.S. News and World Report* ranked Fort Wayne the best city to live in Indiana, and 40th best in the nation. WalletHub.com put Fort Wayne at number nine for 2017's Best-Run Cities in America, balancing city services against total budget per capita. For the third year in a row, Niche's Best Places survey ranked Fort Wayne at the top of the list with the lowest cost of living relative to income in the United States.

In 2017, urban revitalization continued at an exciting pace. Construction continued on the downtown Skyline Tower with high-end apartments and retail space for tenants like Ruth's Chris Steakhouse. Community leaders broke ground on the centerpiece of riverfront development, Promenade Park, in 2017. The \$17.1 million project will include everything from a tree canopy trail to an amphitheater and a modern pavilion. Nearby, the \$10 million, 72-apartment Superior Lofts project got underway while construction wrapped up on Cityscape Flats, a 163-luxury apartment community near Parkview Field. On the City's southeast side, ground was broken on Posterity Scholar House, an energy-efficient affordable housing development that includes 44 two- and three-bedroom apartments. Also on the southeast side, the historic rehabilitation of a former Coca-Cola bottling facility kicked off, with plans to create 31 affordable rental units as well as 19 scattered-site, single-family homes. On the near southwest side, construction started on the \$7.5 million rehabilitation of the historic Clyde Theatre, which will host national performances in its state-of-the-art facility.

Fort Wayne continued to invest in quality of place efforts throughout 2017, the year in which the community passed the 100-mile mark of trails throughout the community. Additionally, the City's Award-Winning Parks & Recreation Department completed 70 projects in 2017. The department opened the new Franklin School Park and made improvements to Salomon Farm Learning Center, Foellinger Theatre and many playgrounds.

Business growth and investment were positive throughout Fort Wayne in 2017 and the community looks forward to another exciting year in economic development in 2018.

Long Term Financial Planning

In 2007, City Utilities agreed to a Long Term Control Plan (LTCP) in the form of a federal consent decree, which will reduce combined sewer and stormwater overflows into Fort Wayne's three rivers by over 90 percent. These capital improvements require an approximate capital investment of \$300.0 million in infrastructure solutions over an 18-year period than began on April 1, 2008. City Utilities also agreed to eliminate three sanitary sewer overflows at an estimated cost of \$31.0 million, maintain the entire storm and sewer systems to performance standards prescribed in the LTCP, and mitigate assessed penalties with public investments in septic tank elimination and the provision of rain garden stipends. To date, City Utilities has met all consent decree milestones and has begun construction of the cornerstone component of the LTCP - construction of the five-mile long, Deep Rock Tunnel. In furtherance of this project, in 2014, City Council approved a five-year rate plan which included the authorization of \$257 in debt to fund the 2016-2019 capital plan that will accomplish a significant portion of the infrastructure investment required to fulfill the requirements of the Consent Decree. In 2016, Council authorized an amendment that increased the amount an additional \$55 million in debt to fund the 2016-2019 capital plan and added additional projects. In 2017, City Utilities adopted a three-year stormwater rate plan, issued \$22 million in Stormwater Utility Revenue Bonds, refunded its 2006 Stormwater Utility Revenue Bonds, and completed an advanced refunding of its 2010 Sewage Works Revenue Bonds. In late 2018, it is anticipated City Utilities will begin seeking approval of a five-year rate plan for the Potable Water Utility.

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In 2010, the City entered into an agreement to transfer the remaining Electric Utility assets to another electric utility (transferee). In August, 2011, the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission (IURC) approved the agreement. In exchange for the remaining Electric Utility assets and the right to be the exclusive supplier of electricity in the City, the transferee will pay annual installments in excess of \$39 million through 2025.

In 2012, Mayor Henry created a Fiscal Policy Group to develop a framework of ideas to save the community money and bring in additional revenue to help meet the financial needs of the City. In 2013, the Allen County Income Tax Council (ACITC) with recommendations from the Fiscal Policy Group passed a .25 percent Property Tax Relief LOIT, a .10 percent Public Safety LOIT and established the Cumulative Capital Development Fund. These additional funds along with recapturing the City's banked levy have and will continue to fund public safety, fund street and road improvements, enhance Parks facilities and provide tax relief to homeowners.

In 2016, Fiscal Policy Group II was assembled by Mayor Henry to reaffirm the availability of funding for public safety, streets and road repair & maintenance and adequate cash reserves. Based on the Group's findings, the City adopted a Municipal Wheel Tax and Surtax.

In 2017, the ACITC voted to increase the Economic Development Distribution portion of the Local Income Tax - Expenditure Rate (formerly CEDIT) to .53 percent effective October 1, 2017 with the additional tax revenue to be deposited in a Local Income Tax - Economic Development Non-Reverting Fund to finance Riverfront Development and Sidewalks and Alleys capital projects. Also, effective January 1, 2017, .1179 percent was redistributed from Local Income Tax - Certified Shares (formerly COIT) to Local Income Tax - Property Tax Relief Rate (formerly PTR - LOIT), bringing the total Local Income Tax - Expenditure Rate to 1.1121 percent and the Local Income Tax - Property Tax Relief Rate to .3679 percent.

Relevant Financial Policies

According to Indiana statute, if the state budget agency determines that a sufficient balance exists in a county account in excess of the amount necessary, when added to other money that will be deposited in the account after the date of the determination, to make certified distributions to the county in the ensuing year, the budget agency shall make a supplemental distribution to a county from the county's special account. This supplemental distribution is then allocated in the same manner as the certified distributions for deposit in a civil unit's rainy day fund. Funds in the City of Fort Wayne Rainy Day Fund are unrestricted and must be appropriated and approved by the Fort Wayne City Council.

Major Initiatives

Leading Indiana's second largest city, Mayor Thomas Henry's administration is making local government the best it can be for residents and businesses by demonstrating a commitment to engagement, innovation, and performance.

- 1. *Engage* Provide outstanding customer service and involve the public in efforts to continue and build on the positive momentum we're experiencing in the City of Fort Wayne.
- 2. *Innovate* Maintain a pro-investment environment through proactive leadership and strategic partnerships.

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3. *Perform* - Be an outstanding place to live, work, and play with great neighborhoods and an excellent quality of life as the community works together to drive continuous improvement and high performance.

Financial Information

Budgetary Controls

Budgetary control, for those funds where the Common Council legally adopts budgets, is maintained at the departmental or major category level. The annual budgetary sequence of events for the City of Fort Wayne contains several review points. Departments prepare draft budgets each June for the next fiscal year incorporating a set of assumptions provided by the Division of Finance and Administration. These budget requests are subjected to internal review and modification before a budget ordinance is prepared for introduction to the Common Council in early September.

Generally, budget hearings are held throughout October in Common Council sessions. Beyond the public and televised Common Council sessions, there is a legal public hearing held as part of the budget process at which citizens may provide the administration and the Common Council with their comments concerning the budget. By state law, the Common Council must pass the budget by November 1 of each year. The Common Council has the power to decrease any major category proposed by the Administration, but may not increase any major category in the budget.

Subsequent to that action, the Department of Local Government Finance (DLGF) holds a final budget hearing, review, and modification in December of each year prior to issuing a formal budget approval order in January. Within this four-month process, there is ample opportunity for oversight and public input. Additional appropriation or transfer requests are controlled at the major category level and must be supported by available cash balances. The Department of Local Government Finance must approve any additional appropriations to those funds where the Common Council adopts a legal budget.

In funds where the modified accrual basis of accounting is used, expenditures are measured against available appropriations by encumbrance of purchase orders. For budget purposes, expenditures are recognized in the year encumbered. Under Indiana statute, open purchase orders at the end of a fiscal year, to the extent of available budgetary spending authority, are automatically added to the subsequent year's budget.

In proprietary fund types such as utilities, where the full accrual basis of accounting is used, encumbrances of purchase orders are not recorded. For financial statement and budget purposes, expenses are recognized when incurred.

The budgetary process for City Utilities is somewhat different from that of the Civil City or governmental operations. The oversight body for the utility operations under Indiana statute is the Board of Public Works. On a schedule that runs about a month behind the Civil City budget process before the Common Council, the Board of Public Works reviews and approves the utility budgets. Additional appropriation requests and transfers are controlled at the major category level.

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Internal Controls

The management of the City of Fort Wayne is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal financial controls that account for and safeguard the assets of the City from loss, theft, and misuse. The internal financial control system must allow for compilation of data in a manner in which financial statements can be prepared efficiently in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles.

It is important that the costs involved in internal control mechanisms not exceed the benefits received. Accordingly, we believe that the City's internal financial controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of properly recorded financial transactions at an appropriate level of expense and effort. The City consults with the Indiana State Board of Accounts (SBA), not only during the audit, but also throughout the year. As a result, we believe that we have established a proactive, positive relationship with the SBA that works to increase the quality of the City's financial reporting and internal control system.

External Audit Function

The SBA conducts a financial audit of the City of Fort Wayne annually. In addition to this, the SBA conducts a state law compliance audit. The SBA also audits the City for compliance with the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).*

Beginning with the 2005 audit, the financial statements of the City Utilities operations, including the Electric, Water, Water Pollution Control and Yard Waste Facility, enterprise funds, and the Stormwater special revenue fund are audited by the Indiana State Board of Accounts. Audits prior to 2005 for the City Utilities operations were conducted by independent accounting firms.

Internal Audit Department

The City's Internal Audit Department was created in 1988, and is currently staffed by three accounting professionals: the Director of Internal Audit and two Staff Auditors. The Audit Committee ordinance requires that the Director of Internal Audit be a Certified Public Accountant licensed in the State of Indiana or a Certified Internal Auditor. The Internal Audit Department is organized as a separate department and has direct responsibilities to the Mayor and the Audit Committee and indirect responsibilities to the Common Council and the City Controller.

Audit Committee

In 1990, the City of Fort Wayne established by ordinance an Audit Committee. The Audit Committee is composed of six members of the community appointed as follows: 1) one member appointed by the Common Council; 2) one member appointed by the Mayor; 3) one member of the Allen County Chapter of the Institute of Internal Auditors; 4) one member, approved by the State Board of Accounts, who is a chief financial officer of another governmental unit in Allen County and is familiar with governmental accounting in Indiana; 5) one member appointed by the Common Council who is licensed as a CPA by the Indiana State Board of Accountancy and not an employee of a local unit of government; and 6) one division director to be appointed by the Mayor on a rotating basis, no voting privileges.

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The Audit Committee has significantly increased the accountability of the City of Fort Wayne to its four primary financial constituencies: 1) taxpayers and ratepayers; 2) citizens; 3) oversight body (Common Council); and 4) the capital markets (where securities of the City of Fort Wayne are sold and purchased in the primary market and traded in the secondary markets).

The duties of the Audit Committee include consulting with the Department of Internal Audit regarding technical issues, approve annual audit plans and review individual audit plans, review and approve internal audit reports before final distribution, provide review and oversight of the financial reporting practices and internal financial, compliance and operational controls of the city and city utilities, review the results of annual financial and compliance audits conducted by the Indiana State Board of Accounts and independent auditing firms, follow-up on management's resolution of audit issues, work to assure maximum coordination between the work of the Director of Internal Audit and the needs of the Mayor and Common Council, recommend to the Mayor an annual budget sufficient to fund the Department of Internal Audit after a comprehensive review of the auditing and consulting needs of the city and city utilities and report annually to Common Council how it has discharged its duties and met its responsibilities.

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada annually awards the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to state, provincial, and local governmental units that publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

This comprehensive annual financial report is the twenty-ninth published by the City of Fort Wayne. The 1989–2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports were awarded the Certificate of Achievement by GFOA. The award is good for only one year. We believe our report conforms to Certificate program requirements, and we are hopeful that GFOA will confirm, through its review process, our eligibility for a new Certificate.

Acknowledgments

Without the strong commitment of Mayor Thomas Henry to the highest standards of ethics, financial reporting, disclosure, and professionalism, this report would not have been possible. We would like to express our sincere appreciation for that commitment and support.

The City Controller and Deputy Controller are not able to produce a report of this type and magnitude alone. A number of people are part of the team effort that produces the City's CAFR.

We acknowledge and thank the following City employees:

Kathleen A. Smith, CPA, Deputy Director of Financial Operations Bogdan Vlagea, Financial Analyst Adriana D. Cindea, Financial Analyst Mary Hale, Financial Analyst Seema Timble, Financial Analyst

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Lauren Fahl, Financial Accountant Greg Weisser, Financial Accountant Mona Clapper, Administrative Assistant to the Controller

We also acknowledge the assistance of the entire audit team from the Indiana State Board of Accounts Fort Wayne Office for making this report possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Garry E. Morr, CGFM City Controller

Director of Finance & Administration

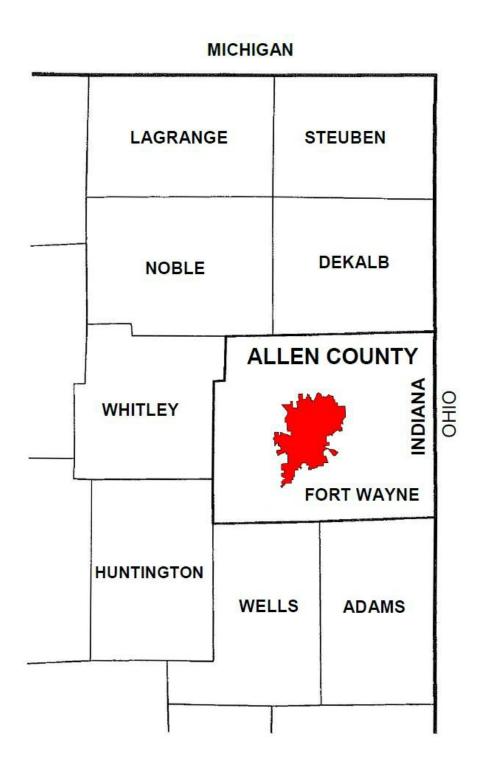
Valerie A. Ahr Deputy Controller

Valerie ahr

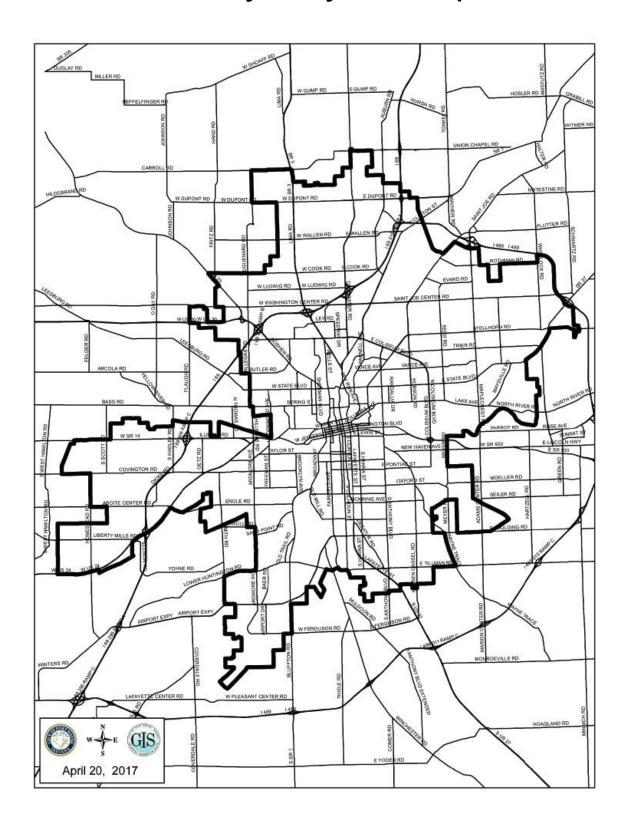
Midwest Locator Map

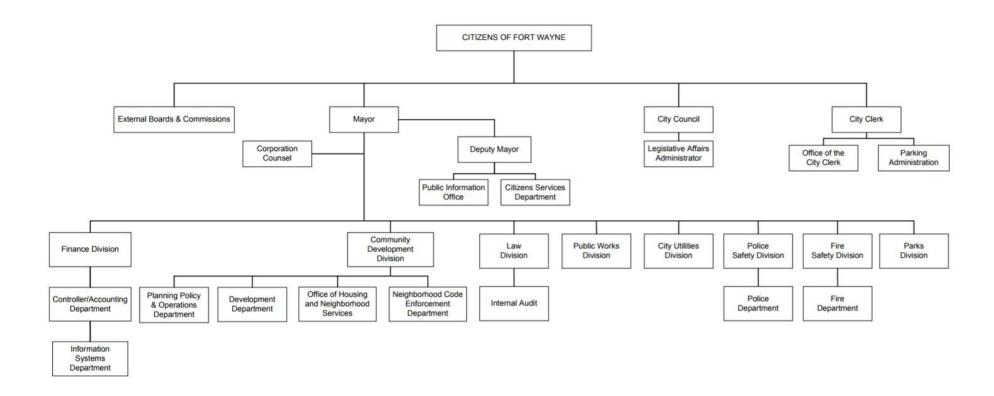


Northeast Indiana Locator Map



Fort Wayne City Limits Map





CITY OF FORT WAYNE LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS As of December 31, 2017

NAME TITLE

Elected Officials:

Thomas Henry Mayor Lana Keesling City Clerk

Paul Ensley Council Member - District 1 Council Member - District 2 Russ Jehl Thomas Didier Council Member - District 3 Jason Arp Council Member - District 4 Geoff Paddock Council Member - District 5 Glynn Hines Council Member - District 6 Michael Barranda Council Member - At-Large John Crawford Council Member - At-Large Tom Freistroffer Council Member - At-Large

Division Directors:

Karl Bandemer Deputy Mayor

Len Poehler Director of Finance and Administration

Carol Helton City Attorney

Kumar Menon Director of City Utilities

Greg Leatherman Director of Community and Economic Development

Shan Gunawardena Director of Public Works

Alvin R. Moll, Jr. Director of Parks and Recreation

Steve Reed Police Chief Eric Lahey Fire Chief

CITY OF FORT WAYNE DEPARTMENTS DETAILS

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

The Mayor oversees the implementation of policies and the efficient flow of ongoing services through wide appointive powers, including the capability to appoint division heads and many board and commission members. The Mayor may serve unlimited four-year terms. Fort Wayne, the second largest city in Indiana, is the northeast Indiana leader in industrial, educational, and cultural activity. Leadership from the Office of the Mayor is crucial to the entire area.

The power to organize the executive department is shared between the mayor and the council. Since the mayor is charged with the responsibility for the efficient operation of the city and the enforcement of its ordinances, he or she has the power to initiate or recommend new departments, transfer duties between or terminate existing departments. The council must ratify by ordinance such recommendations to put them into effect.

The Mayor controls the major administrative functions of the consolidated city through the seven divisions as follows: Finance & Administration, Community Development, Public Works, Utility Administration, Public Safety, Parks & Recreation, and Office of the Mayor. Each of these areas is headed by an appointed director. In addition, the following departments report to the Mayor's Office:

Public Information Office

The Mayor's Public Information Office provides information regarding administrative policies and City services to a variety of audiences, including citizens, City Council members, neighborhood leaders, City employees, State legislators, and state and national groups. The messages are delivered using a variety of communication tools, including the media, Internet, cable television and others. The purpose of the messages is threefold: 1) to educate and inform, 2) to encourage citizen participation and involvement and 3) to promote the City of Fort Wayne locally, statewide and nationally.

Intergovernmental Affairs

The office of intergovernmental affairs works closely with the Mayor, Mayor's staff, and local/state/federal legislative entities and elected officials on legislative, administrative, and community initiatives and programs to enhance the City of Fort Wayne. The office also monitors legislative and regulatory actions at the local, state, and federal levels that may impact the City of Fort Wayne. Intergovernmental affairs supports City divisions and departments to communication information about City government to elected officials, legislative bodies, and the business community to ensure Fort Wayne prospers and meets the needs of residents, neighborhoods, and businesses.

311 Citizen Services Department

The 311 Citizen Services Department is designed to provide constituents of Fort Wayne with easy access to City services and information through responsive customer service. The 311 Center also provides performance measurement and improvement services to governmental and non-governmental agencies in their respective goals to improve customer service and facilitate citizen engagement.

Department of Law

It is the mission of the Department of Law to manage the legal affairs of the City of Fort Wayne by giving legal advice to the officers, departments, boards, commissions and other agencies of the City; by drafting ordinances and other legal papers for the City and its departments, boards, commissions and other agencies; by prosecuting violators of City ordinances; and by supervising and directing all litigation in which the City has an interest.

Risk Management Department

The Risk Management Department is responsible for formulating and implementing programs and procedures that will minimize the City's property, revenue and personnel losses. A comprehensive self-insurance program for auto liability, general liability, police professional and worker's compensation was designed to finance the losses that do occur. The Risk Management Department works closely with the other departments within the City to ensure all employees work in the safest possible working conditions.

Human Resources Department

The goal of the Human Resources Department is to provide services efficiently to employees, applicants, and the public at the least cost to the City's taxpayers. Services include the facilitation of positive employee and labor relations, employee communications, benefits administration, training and counseling; employee record-keeping; classification of employee positions; policy and procedure development; union contract negotiations, interpretations and enforcement; recruiting; and testing of applicants.

Internal Audit Department

Internal audit is primarily responsible for conducting performance based audits in accordance with professional auditing standards. Results for a majority of the audit work conducted are included in written reports that contain findings, recommendations and management's plan for corrective action. Internal Audit also provides support to the external auditors for the annual financial statement audit.

OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK AND COMMON COUNCIL

The City Clerk is an elected position every four years and serves as the Clerk of the Common Council. The Clerk is responsible for the preservation of all ordinances and resolutions passed by this body and also responsible for a number of Indiana Statutory responsibilities as listed in Indiana Code 36-4-6-9. City Clerk also serves as the Administrator of the Fort Wayne Violations Bureau and Parking Enforcement Department. The Clerk may seek unlimited four-year terms.

The Fort Wayne Common Council, as the Legislative Body, has the responsibility of passing ordinances and resolutions for the City. The Fort Wayne Common Council is comprised of nine elected members, one representative from each of the city's six councilmanic districts and three at-large members. As elected officials, they are entrusted with the duty to provide the ways and means to ensure the safety and security of citizens of the City of Fort Wayne and work to maintain a high quality of life. Common Council members may seek unlimited four-year terms.

FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION DIVISION

The mission of the Finance & Administration Division is to ensure the financial stability for the City of Fort Wayne. The departments within this division include the Controller's Office, Payroll, Purchasing, Information Systems and Property Management.

The Division is also responsible for: the annual budget; proper financial controls to ensure the City's financial transactions and assets are reported accurately; as well as providing financial analysis for management decision making including guidance for delivery of efficient, cost effective government services.

Payroll Department

The Payroll Department is responsible for maintaining the City government payroll records to meet the requirements of the various laws (federal, state, and local) under which it is operating; maintaining a payroll accounting system that embodies all of the procedures and methods related to the disbursement of pay to employees in a highly technical environment; and promoting goodwill and a positive working environment by processing the payroll accurately and on time.

Purchasing Department

The Purchasing Department provides a centralized, service-oriented focal point for all Civil City and City Utilities departments. The role of the Purchasing Department is to assist with identifying, acquiring, accessing, positioning, and managing resources the City needs to achieve its strategic objectives. The staff of the Purchasing Department ensures that all activity is conducted within the framework of State code and local ordinance, and always adheres to professional purchasing practices. In addition, the staff monitors construction and procurement contracts to ensure that local, state and federal regulations are followed by all City contractors.

Information Systems Department

Information Systems is responsible for providing quality, reliable and cost effective information systems and services to the many and varied City departments. Information Systems Tactical and Strategic Planning is the foundation of providing these services to the City departments while considering organizational structure, departments and their mission, critical success factors, service products and the return on investment.

Property Management

The mission of the Property Management Department is to develop preventive maintenance programs, which will track maintenance and repairs of City-owned buildings. The department also provides guidance in areas related to real estate purchases, renovations, and contracted services.

In addition, the Property Manager will develop a program to market City properties and oversee the purchase and sale of buildings and real estate in accordance with State statutes. The department will evaluate renovations, both short and long term, and will determine whether a property is worth the renovations or a new facility is needed.

FORT WAYNE CITY UTILITIES

City Utilities is a regional water and wastewater utility serving over 330,000 residents in the Greater Fort Wayne area. Owned by the City of Fort Wayne, it is Indiana's largest municipally-owned utility. City Utilities is organized into four Strategic Business Units (SBU): Capital Asset Management, Policy and Planning, Engineering Services, and Business Services under the leadership of the Director of City Utilities. Each SBU is led by a Deputy Director, who, along with the Director, comprise the executive leadership team. City Utilities' strategic plan is summarized by the graphic below.



The <u>Capital Asset Management SBU</u> consists of the Operations Departments of the Utility, including the Three Rivers Filtration Plant, the Water Maintenance and Services Department, the Water Pollution Control Plant, the Biosolids Facility, and the Water Pollution Control Maintenance and Stormwater Maintenance Departments.

Three Rivers Filtration Plant

The Three Rivers Filtration Plant draws its raw water supply from the St. Joseph River. This department maintains a 265-acre reservoir that holds nearly 2 billion gallons of water. It also maintains the Cedarville Dam and the 500 million-gallon Cedarville Reservoir. Raw water from the river is pumped from the St. Joe Dam Pump Station to the Three Rivers Filtration Plant. The Three Rivers Filtration plant is made up of 3 individual treatment plants that can be run independently of each other as needed. Each plant is capable of producing 24 million gallons of drinking water a day. An average of 35 million gallons a day is treated and purified through a series of chemical and physical treatment processes from these plants.

Water Maintenance and Service Department

The Water Maintenance and Service Department (WM&S) is responsible for maintaining 1,402 miles of water distribution piping and its various elements and providing service-related operations. The construction division of this department repairs and installs mains, hydrants, valves, and services. The service division installs and maintains meters, pressure tests and disinfects new water mains, provides field support for the Customer Relations Department on turn-ons and turn-offs and investigates customer complaints. Personnel also perform the meter reading function for the Utility.

Water Pollution Control Plant

Fort Wayne's Water Pollution Control Plant is responsible for treatment of an average of 48 million gallons of sewage per day. The plant is an activated sludge treatment plant including primary, secondary, and advanced waste water treatment. This department is charged with the responsibility of treating the City's Sanitary Sewer system to meet the treatment requirements of the City's National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit before the effluent is discharged into the Maumee River. The facility also maintains and operates 45 lift stations, seven CSO stations, two storm stations, two retention stations, 12 toe drains, and one sludge station. The biosolids operations are a part of the Water Pollution Control Plant.

Water Pollution Control Maintenance/Stormwater Maintenance Departments

The Water Pollution Control Maintenance/Stormwater Maintenance departments are responsible for the maintenance of the City's sanitary sewers, of storm sewers, and combination sewer systems totaling over 2,106 miles. These departments install, inspect, repair, maintain and clean manholes, inlets, catchbasins, and sewer/storm lines. Improvements are also made to open drains and ditches to improve high water flows.

The <u>Policy and Planning SBU</u> is responsible for customer support, communication, and engagement and includes the Policy and Planning, Customer Relations, and Data Control Departments.

Policy and Planning Department

The Policy and Planning SBU functions include setting and administering public policy as it relates to the Utility, including operational planning, liaison for human resources and training, and outreach to key stakeholder groups. Policy and Planning engages all SBUs in performance management programs including, but not limited to, Lean, Six Sigma, TQM, and ISO.

Customer Relations

The Customer Relations Department's goal is to serve customers courteously, professionally, and respectfully. The public contacts this department to initiate, finalize, or transfer water and sewer services; and, make payments, payment arrangements, and billing inquiries either in person, by phone, or by correspondence. Customer Relations personnel also work with Water Maintenance staff by initiating service orders for filed investigations and other field work needed as it relates to maintaining and discontinuing services. Customer Relations also works with neighboring utilities, such as Aqualndiana and the Allen County Water and Sewer District, to provide account management and payment arrangements. Customer Relations staff also are responsible for balancing daily payments generated from internet, phone, and kiosk payments and submitting such to the Financial Services Department.

Data Control

The Data Control Department receives electronic read files from WMS and prepares all water and sewer service bills. Data Control staff review exceptions (i.e. high/low usage, exceptionally high billing amounts, etc.) that are reported when such accounts operate outside of set parameters. Data Control staff generate and complete work orders in conjunction with field activities performed by WMS, as well as other account inquiries generated by Customer Relations personnel. The primary focus of this department is to ensure the integrity of the billing system and account information. The department also works with our bill print vendor, financial institutions, and payment processors to ensure quality and timeliness of bill and payment processing.

The **Engineering Services SBU** includes the Planning and Design Services Department, the Engineering Support Services Department, and the Geographic Information Systems Department.

Planning and Design Services Department

The Planning and Design Services Department oversees all engineering planning and design programs for the water, wastewater and stormwater distribution/collection systems as well as the water filtration and sewage treatment facilities. It conducts utility master planning, asset management and sustainability programs, and develops long term capital planning and budgets for City Utilities. Using engineering practices, it analyzes the operation of City Utility systems to solve problems, recommends City Utility system improvements, and develops construction plans and specifications for City Utility improvement projects. This department also provides technical support and guidance for the Capital Asset Management (Operations) departments.

Engineering Support Services Department

Engineering Support Services provides inspection field services and construction contract management of Utility capital projects. These projects include private development projects, utility capital improvement projects for the water, wastewater, and stormwater systems, as well as projects for the water filtration and sewage treatment plants. The department also assists Planning and Design Services with field investigations, surveying, testing, and analysis of utility system problems.

Geographic Information Systems (GIS)

The Geographic Information Systems Department collects, checks, processes and utilizes data with geographical significance to create computer generated reports and maps for City Utilities and other City departments.

The <u>Business Services SBU</u> includes the Financial Services Department and the Development Services Department. This SBU leads the utility's ratemaking, bonding, strategic planning, accounting, and economic development efforts.

Financial Services Department

The Financial Services Department is responsible for maintaining all financial records of City Utilities, which include electric, administrative departments, water, water pollution control, stormwater, and yard waste.

Development Services Department

The Development Services Department facilitates the expansion or modification of the City's water, wastewater and stormwater systems through the new development process. Staff serve as liaisons to the development community and provide information about the policies, procedures and rules that govern the operation of Fort Wayne City Utilities, contractors, builders, and citizens in finding information about the physical characteristics of various utility systems. Additionally, staff calculate and collect utility assessments and fees associated with utility system expansion and connection; and, initiate new customer accounts. Development Services is also manages citizen inquiries and concerns about Utility systems, works in partnership with other local and regional economic development entities, offers and reviews options for service, and coordinates financing for projects.

DIVISION OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

Vision statement: "To foster a vibrant, prosperous and growing Fort Wayne through extraordinary community development."

Mission statement: "To develop and implement creative community-based strategies to enhance economic opportunity, build strong neighborhoods, and ensure a dynamic framework for quality growth and development."

Director's Office

The Director's Office provides coordination and overall direction for the Division comprised of the following departments: Planning & Policy, Housing and Neighborhoods, Re/Development, and Neighborhood Code Compliance.

The division's departments work collaboratively to coordinate and carry out activities based on the following operating principles:

<u>Community-Based Planning</u> - Ensure community based planning as the foundation for all projects, resource allocation and collaboration.

<u>Aggressive Implementation</u> - Create and sustain an aggressive implementation strategy for all planning efforts.

<u>Support Businesses</u> - Sustain strong and aggressive support for business investment and job creation. <u>Strategic Projects</u> - Encourage and facilitate strategic projects that will develop, revitalize, and strengthen the Fort Wayne community.

<u>Community Collaboration</u> - Continually pursue strong partnerships with citizens, neighborhoods, businesses and organizations in order to achieve community development goals.

<u>High Performance Organization</u> - Foster a work environment that encourages and provides for sustained personal and professional development and a commitment to innovation and excellence.

Deputy Director of Community Planning & Policy

Working under the Division Director, this Director oversees the development and implementation of community plans and initiatives that enhance development opportunities and quality of life for the City of Fort Wayne. The Deputy Director provides oversight for the following areas within the department.

Special Projects/GIS staff provides strategic research to assist in the direction of Division resources, management of special projects and development of the Division technology strategy. GIS staff provides data, analysis, and GIS support to the Division.

Strategic Planning staff work to promote good stewardship of City resources through various land and planning studies, visioning initiatives, Comprehensive Plan updates, transportation studies and the promotion for orderly, fiscally sound expansion of the City through annexation.

Historic Preservation staff manages the historic and aesthetic resources of the community through implementation of the City Code that relates to Historic Preservation and Protection Districts. The staff act as liaisons to the Historic Preservation Commission and work with property owners, city agencies and other groups to coordinate improvement efforts, provide technical assistance and cost-effective design solutions.

Deputy Director of Development

Working under the Division Director, this Director oversees the implementation of an aggressive development partnership between the public and private sectors. As part of the department's economic development efforts, the Deputy Director and staff provide direct liaison/support to Greater Fort Wayne Inc. Metro Chamber Alliance, support international trade, and provide services that support and stimulate business growth, community investment and development. The Deputy Director also provides oversight for the following:

Community Development Corporation of Northeast Indiana (CDC) is a city-sponsored, 501 c (6) not-for-profit business development organization. Its primary objective is to promote the growth and development of small commercial and industrial businesses in the Fort Wayne area and a nine-county area in northeast Indiana through creative business loan programs.

Redevelopment Commission promotes and implements opportunity projects, acting as a catalyst to develop areas that have shown a cessation of growth and lack of development. This is done through techniques including real estate acquisition, site preparation and/or providing public infrastructure to the site. Financing resources generally used are Tax Incremental Financing (TIF) and Redevelopment General Obligation Bonds.

Urban Enterprise Association (UEA) works to revitalize Fort Wayne's industrial core. The UEA works to foster growth of new and established businesses, create and retain jobs, make physical improvements, and enhance the well-being of area residents.

Deputy Director of the Office Housing and Neighborhood Services (OHNS)

Working under the Division Director, this Director oversees the implementation of initiatives to attract and support housing investment and reinvestment in the City and expand access to safe, decent, affordable housing. The Deputy Director oversees administration of the City's entitlement programs, including Community Development Block Grant (CDBG). HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME), and Emergency Solutions Grant Program (ESG); each is funded through the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. OHNS administers four non-entitlement grants: Neighborhood Stabilization Program, Neighborhood Stabilization Program 3, Blight Elimination Program and the Lead Hazard Reduction Program. OHNS also operates several housing and neighborhood development programs: Homeowner Repair, Homebuyer Education, Down Payment Assistance, Rental Rehab and Ready to Rent.

Director of Neighborhood Code Compliance

Working under the Division Director, this Director oversees the daily operations of Neighborhood Code Compliance (NCC) through the utilization of the City's commercial and residential codes and the abandoned vehicle and weed programs. NCC works to ensure both residential and commercial properties are healthy and safe to inhabit. Through the elimination of unsafe structures, cleaning up blighted areas and securing vacant structures, NCC contributes to the stabilization and appreciation of property values for the citizens of the community.

METROPOLITAN HUMAN RELATIONS

Metropolitan Human Relations Commission is the local civil rights law enforcement agency, responsible for enforcement of the civil rights laws, including Federal, State and local statutes which prohibit discrimination in the areas of employment, housing, public accommodation and education on the basis of race, color, sexual orientation, age, religion, national origin, ancestry, or disability. The Commission is also committed to serving as a resource through provision of education, training and outreach on issues of diversity and the anti-

discrimination provisions of the law, to groups, businesses, organizations, members of the community and other local government departments.

In Fort Wayne you have the right to live, work, learn and play free from illegal discrimination. The Metropolitan Human Relations Commission is focused and committed to creating an environment in the City of Fort Wayne that will produce an inclusive community where trust, acceptance, fairness and equality are the City's norms. The Commission is committed to accomplishing this mission by empowering the citizens of Fort Wayne through education on diversity and discrimination issues and, when necessary, enforcing anti-discrimination laws in order to protect our community from unlawful discrimination and also unfounded allegations of discrimination.

PUBLIC WORKS

The Division of Public Works provides essential services and support to our citizens, neighborhoods, businesses, and economic development projects.

The Public Works Division is responsible for maintaining and improving the City's public rights of way including major thoroughfares, streets and alleys, sidewalk, trails, traffic signals, signs, markings, street lights, levees, floodwalls and bridges. Other services include solid waste and recycling and managing the City's fleet. Maintenance activities include maintenance of asphalt, concrete, chip and seal, brick and gravel pavement surfaces, leaf collection, street sweeping, snow and ice control, flood fighting and control. Responsibility for managing the various departments listed below resides with the Director of Public Works.

Board of Public Works

This department includes the support staff for the Board of Public Works. It is the responsibility of the Board Members and Board of Public Works staff to ensure that all statute requirements are met in the contract bid process and that awarded contracts are fulfilled effectively and equitably. The Board of Public Works staff provides the necessary support in monitoring of all capital and emergency construction contracts, professional services agreements, purchase agreements and all other related documentation requiring Board approval for the City of Fort Wayne.

Finance

The Finance Department manages and oversees the public works finances including accounts payables and receivables, cash transactions, budgeting, purchasing and monitoring the capital improvement program. This office also oversees the Barrett Law program. Barrett Law is a City-administrated loan program available to residents that need funding to pay for capital improvements over a long-term basis.

Solid Waste and Recycling Management

The Solid Waste/Recycling Department is responsible for administering and monitoring the City's residential garbage and recycling collection and disposal/processing contracts. In addition this department purchases and maintains the City's inventory of garbage and recycling carts provided to residents. Solid Waste also administers/oversees the Garbage/Recycling User Fee billing and appeals process. The department is involved in other waste issues such as waste collection contracts for City facilities, illegal dumping, waste reduction education, enforcement of the City's garbage ordinance, litter prevention programs, and citywide clean-up programs (i.e. Great American Cleanup). Starting in 2018, this department will also be implementing a Household Hazardous Waste program.

Transportation Administration and Support

This department provides administrative, technical and technological support to the Public Works Division. These services include GIS, web support, contract document preparation, payroll and training on PMIS and Acella.

City Engineering and Flood Control

The City Engineer is responsible for developing and managing the Capital Improvement program as it relates to the major transportation corridors. This office manages the major corridor planning and project development, funding from federal and other agencies, as well as any studies associated with it. All land acquisitions are also managed through this office. We are also responsible for developing standards for roadway design as it relates to materials specifications and construction details. Setting policy and administration of sustainable design standards is also performed. All bridges within the City are overseen by this office which includes preventative maintenance and routine maintenance, and working with Allen County Highway Department on bridge inspections under an inter-local agreement. In addition, the City Engineer also acts as the Flood Control Manager and is responsible for ensuring that property damage is minimal due to flooding. The Department continuously monitors the early flood warning system at sites located around the City, and is responsible for the operations, maintenance and rehabilitation of approximately 14 miles of flood protection structures. The Department writes federal grants and/or oversees the administration of approved grants, acquiring and demolishing residential and commercial properties in the floodplain. We are also responsible for the National Flood Insurance Program's Community Rating System (CRS) involving community floodplain management activities.

Transportation Engineering Services/Street Project Management

Street Project Management is responsible for the design and preparation of plans and specifications for all new construction and repairs for streets, alleys, sidewalks and curbs in the City of Fort Wayne. Many construction projects are the result of requests from citizen's petitions filed by property owners through the Barrett Law process, applications through the Community & Economic Development Block Grant Program and a yearly street-resurfacing program involving neighborhood surveys established by the Division of Public Works. Street Project Management also reviews subdivisions submitted for construction, commercial building developments and residential and commercial driveway applications to ensure they meet applicable codes and standards. This department also provides surveying, drafting, testing and inspection services necessary for the successful completion of street, curb, and sidewalk projects. Employees in this group also assess and report on pavement condition in order to maintain and update our pavement management system.

Traffic Engineering

Traffic Engineering is responsible for monitoring traffic issues as it relates to congestion, accidents, traffic flow, roadway and intersection safety, pedestrian and non-motorized vehicle safety, and making recommendations for improvements. Department also reviews requests for neighborhood traffic calming, permits for road closures and maintenance of traffic plans for construction or other closures of public streets and evaluates needs for parking. Programming for special events of the MLK bridge lighting is also a part of this department's responsibilities. Staff also reviews plans from private entities developing in the City as it relates to impacts to our transportation network. The department is also responsible for performing traffic studies, developing traffic signal timing plans and designing intersections, street lighting and traffic signals as well as the need for signage or markings.

Traffic Operations

Traffic Operations installs and maintains all traffic signals, signs, pavement markings, street lights, fiber optic communications infrastructure, closed circuit TV camera systems on all city streets and trails. The department also maintains traffic signals for INDOT, Allen County, New Haven and Huntertown under maintenance agreements.

The department also works with the Radio Shop to maintain the Early Warning Flood System, and provides maintenance of the MLK Bridge as well as performs electrical maintenance for other Public Works departments. Other miscellaneous responsibilities include Installation and maintenance of sidewalk benches, bollards, flowerpots and other streetscape elements, trash receptacles, bike racks and banner installation for non-profit groups as well as wreaths and holiday decorations in the downtown Central Business District. The Department also installs and maintains new street lights, and is in the process of replacing incandescent lighting with LED fixtures as new replacements or retrofits of existing end-of-life fixtures which are recycled.

Street Department

The Street Department is responsible for the maintenance of almost 1,200 centerline miles of City streets and 150 miles of alleys. The Street Departments work is divided into three separate Seasons: Summer Construction, Leaf Season and Snow Season. During spring and summer months, crews mow roadside right-of-ways; sweep up approximately 3,500 tons of debris, repair potholes, and resurface streets & alleys. During the fall the department completes a citywide leaf collection, and during the winter the focus is on snow and ice removal on all city streets. The department also performs some concrete sidewalk work and mowing operations of the rights-of-way.

Fleet Management

Fleet Management is responsible for approximately 2,100 city owned vehicles and ancillary equipment. While the services have been contracted out and overseen by Fleet management, starting in fall 2018, these services will be brought in-house, which will include 19 mechanics, two service writers, 3 parts clerks and a shop supervisor. The department is also responsible for developing approval policies for vehicle use, preventive maintenance and replacement, and staying in compliance with environmental regulations and making environmental improvements.

Greenways and Trails Department

This department is responsible for the planning, design and construction of the City's trail network, as well as helping implement the Bike Fort Wayne and Walk Fort Wayne Active Transportation Plans. The Department also oversees the maintenance of the trail system by working with other City and Public Works departments, Volunteer Greenway Rangers and Adopt-A-Greenway Groups. The department works with Fort Wayne Trails, Incorporated to plan, fund, promote and advocate for existing and future trails. Staff coordinates volunteer activities and events, including Trek the Trails and Bike Month. The department works with neighborhoods, businesses, community organizations, other City departments, Allen County, the State of Indiana and Federal Agencies to develop and maintain the City of Fort Wayne Trails network. Furthermore, the department works with other jurisdictions to integrate the City of Fort Wayne Trails Network into a regional network of trails. The department also manages active transportation programs and events in coordination with other agencies and the community.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE DEPARTMENTS DETAILS (Continued)

Right-of-Way

Right-of-Way is the first point of contact between customers who walk into the Public Works Division. Therefore customer service is a significant part of this department's responsibilities. It is also responsible for overseeing all work that takes place in the public rights-of-way as it relates to permitting, reviewing work done by outside entities, restoration of work performed by outside entities such as utilities, private contractors and developers. The department issues permits for work within the right-of-way, transportation of oversize/ overweight loads, public assembly and block parties, and also oversees all encroachments in the rights-of-way and is responsible for enforcement of these permitted functions.

The department also administers the cost sharing programs for sidewalk and curb. Department personnel are involved in public outreach and marketing of city services by being actively engaged in the community.

All greenspaces and gateways into the City within the right-of-way are also maintained by this department by its gardener and laborers. These spaces include grassy areas, plantings, green infrastructure and other aesthetic improvements.

PARKS AND RECREATION

The Parks and Recreation Department maintains over 2,800 acres of public park land and provides numerous recreation facilities, programs and services for the Fort Wayne community. The Fort Wayne Parks and Recreation Department was created in 1905 when the Indiana General Assembly adopted the Cities and Towns Law. The Parks and Recreation Department is administered by a four member bipartisan Board of Park Commissioners. Each commissioner is appointed by the Mayor and serves a four-year term. The Park Board reviews and approves the annual budget, approves expenditures, holds regular public meetings as required by law and approves the awarding of all contracts.

Finance and Support Services Division

The Finance & Support Services Division is responsible for the financial accounting, program registration, facility reservation, budgeting, purchasing, payroll and administrative functions of the department. The Marketing section of the division is responsible for the public relations, publications, promotions, grant writing, service quality, strategic planning, market research, corporate sponsorship and other marketing/planning functions.

Parks and Asset Management Division

The Parks and Asset Management Division is responsible for operation and maintenance of the park land and facilities, vehicle and machinery operation and upkeep, building repairs and maintenance and engineering. The Horticulture Division is responsible for park and street trees, public gardens and flower beds, park landscaping and operation of the greenhouse.

Recreation Services Division

The Recreation Services Division is responsible for most of the recreational programs and facilities operated by the department. Facilities include: three public golf courses, two tennis centers, sixty-two public tennis courts, downtown Community Center, McMillen Community Center, three swimming pools, day camps, Lindenwood Nature preserve, Lifetime Sports Academy and the Hurshtown Reservoir. The Division hosts a number of citywide events, offers competitive and instructional programs in athletics and outdoor recreation, runs a travel program for seniors, families and adventure travelers and offer classes covering a variety of

CITY OF FORT WAYNE DEPARTMENTS DETAILS (Continued)

special interests for pre-school through older adult. Arts programs, cultural events, and the Salomon Farm are also provided by the division.

Botanical Conservatory\Foellinger Theatre\Community Outreach Division

The Community Outreach Division is responsible for the operations and programming of the Foellinger Theatre and the Foellinger-Freimann Botanical Conservatory. The division also manages three youth centers and the summer playground program.

Zoo Division

The Fort Wayne Children's Zoo is operated under an operating agreement between the Fort Wayne Parks and Recreation Department and the Zoological Society.

PUBLIC SAFETY

Department of Public Safety

This Department maintains order and protects the rights and property of the citizens of Fort Wayne.

The Chief of Police oversees Police, Animal Control, and Radio Shop departments. The Fire Chief oversees Fire and Weights and Measures departments.

The Board of Public Safety has three (3) members who are appointed by the Mayor and have authority over the hiring, promotion and discipline of the Fort Wayne police officers. The Board of Public Safety also oversees the licensing and policies regarding taxis. The Fire Merit Board has three (3) members appointed by the Mayor and two (2) members elected by the firefighters. The Board is the authority responsible for hiring, promotion, evaluation and discipline of the Fort Wayne firefighters.

Police Department

It is the mission of the Fort Wayne Police Department in partnership with the community, to strive to protect the life, property, and personal liberties of all individuals. We believe that the overall quality of life for all residents will improve through the deterrence of criminal activity and an understanding of the diversity of cultures within this community. Furthermore, we recognize the need for fair and impartial enforcement of the law, with attention given to the highest possible quality of service delivery to the community. The department is responsible for maintaining order within the city limits of Fort Wayne.

Fire Department

It is the mission of the Fort Wayne Fire Department to prevent the loss of life and to control or reduce the loss to property. The mission is accomplished through the Operations, Fire Prevention, Investigation, Public Education, Special Operations, Training and Development and Administrative Divisions. These divisions provide the following services: fire response, emergency hazardous materials stabilization, technical rescue, EMS - basic and advanced life support emergency response, water rescue, public fire safety education, building inspections, fire investigations, fire watch and rescue task force emergency response. The Fire Department provides all of these services within the boundaries of the City of Fort Wayne and mutual aid emergency response to the surrounding departments upon their request.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE DEPARTMENTS DETAILS (Continued)

Radio Shop

The Radio Shop of the Fort Wayne Police Department is responsible for the planning, design, construction, maintenance and operation of all two-way radio communication systems utilized by the City of Fort Wayne, Allen County and the Combined Communications Partnership (CCP). The Radio Shop is also responsible for the installation and maintenance of electronic public safety equipment utilized in Police and Fire vehicles.

Records

Records Department is responsible for maintaining all electronic and paper documents produced by the Fort Wayne Police Department. Additional responsibilities include processing for a fee; finger prints, criminal histories, gun permit applications, selling police reports and walk-in accident reports. The department handles all non-emergency phone calls, documents all teleservice reports, enters and sends notification for all vehicles towed by FWPD, NCE and Parking Control, enters and cancels all stolen and recovered property, vehicles, securities, license plates, enter all protective orders issued by Courts into Spillman, assists FWPD officers and officers from other agencies, fingerprint all prisoners taken to the Allen County Jail by the surrounding Law enforcement agencies, responsible for all entries/cancellations into the IDACS/NCIC System and maintaining all FWPD certification documents for IDACS/NCIC.

Animal Care and Control

The Department of Animal Care and Control addresses the public health involving animals using a proactive approach. The success of this proactive approach would not be possible without positive community outreach and education, the job of our Humane Education Department. Our Enforcement Division uses local and state legislation to address pet overpopulation, responsible pet ownership concerns, and cruelty or violent cases involving animals. Protection of both citizens and animals along with efforts to minimize euthanasia of unwanted animals through spay/neuter promotion all strongly reflect the neighborhood and community driven origins of this agency. Involvement of the citizens through our volunteering program has also been crucial to departmental advancement. This department's County contracts provide an overall "one stop" for City and County residents in need of services, wishing to adopt an animal, seeking educational outreach materials, or assistance with lost/found pets.

Weights & Measures

The goal of the Division of Weights and Measures is to provide equity in the marketplace for businesses and consumers alike. It is responsible for testing and inspection of all commercial weighing and measuring devices. The department enforces State codes and City ordinances governing weights and measures, and orders corrections of and/or condemns or confiscates faulty devices or commodities. Weights and Measures is also responsible for enforcing the taxi ordinance for the Board of Safety.

Fort Wayne at a Glance As of December 31, 2017

Date Founded October 22, 1794

Date of Incorporation (Town) January 3, 1829

Date of Incorporation (City) February 22, 1840

Founded by Jean François Hamtramck

Named After Anthony Wayne

Form of Government Elected Mayor, Clerk, Councilperson (9)

Relative Size 2nd largest city in Indiana

Population 264,488 Area in Square Miles 110.6

Market Location Area within 250 miles of Fort Wayne included a

population of 43.9 million, or 14.5 percent of the total U.S. population; 70th Largest City in the United

States

Miles of Water Lines 1,396

Miles of Sewer/Stormwater Mains 2,057

Miles of Streets 1,288
Number of Street Lights 34,080
Number of City Employees 1,862

Labor Force * 209,676 Employed * 203,974 Unemployed * 5,729 Unemployment Rate * 2.7

^{*} Data from Bureau of Labor Statistics, Fort Wayne Metropolitan Service Area - Fort Wayne



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Fort Wayne Indiana

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2016

Executive Director/CEO

Hry R. Ener

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FINANCIAL SECTION





STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS 302 WEST WASHINGTON STREET ROOM E418 INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA 46204-2769

> Telephone: (317) 232-2513 Fax: (317) 232-4711 Web Site: www.in.gov/sboa

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO: THE OFFICIALS OF THE CITY OF FORT WAYNE, ALLEN COUNTY, INDIANA

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Fort Wayne (City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Fort Wayne Urban Enterprise Association, Inc., Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation, and Community Development Corporation of Fort Wayne, which represent 19.59 percent, 37.74 percent, 30.47 percent and 45.98 percent, respectively, of the total assets, deferred outflows, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those three discretely presented component units, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Schedules (General and Major Special Revenue Funds), Infrastructure - Modified Reporting, Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Single-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, Schedule of Contributions - Single-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, Schedule of Contributions - Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Pension Plans, Schedule of Funding Progress - Retiree Healthcare Plan, and Schedule of Contributions - Retiree Healthcare Plan, as listed in the Table of Contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying Introductory Section, Major Governmental Funds - Information, Schedule of Expenditures-Budget and Actual, Non-major Funds-Information, Combining Balance Sheets and Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances/Net Position-Non-major Funds and Internal Service Funds, Combining Statement of Net Position-Non-major Funds, Internal Service Funds, and Pension Trust Funds, Combining Statement of Cash Flows-Non-major Funds and Internal Service Funds, Combining Statement of Changes in Net Positions - Pension Trust Funds, Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities-Agency Fund, other Budgetary Comparison Schedules, and the Statistical Section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Major Governmental Funds-Information, Schedule of Expenditures-Budget and Actual, Non-major Funds-Information, Combining Balance Sheets and Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances/Net Position-Non-major Funds and Internal Service Funds, Combining Statement of Net Position-Non-major Funds, Internal Service Funds, and Pension Trust Funds, Combining Statement of Cash Flows-Non-major Funds and Internal Service Funds, Combining Statement of Changes in Net Positions - Pension Trust Funds, Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities-Agency Fund, and other Budgetary Comparison Schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and other budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole

The Introductory Section and Statistical Section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 14, 2018, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Paul D. Joyce, CPA State Examiner

June 14, 2018

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As management of the City of Fort Wayne (the City), we offer the following discussion as insight into the financial performance of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. To gain a fair understanding of the City's financial position, this discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our letter of transmittal, the basic financial statements, and the notes to the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the end of 2017 by \$1.2 billion. Of this amount, \$18.0 thousand is considered unrestricted. The unrestricted net position of the City's governmental activities is \$(77.2) million. The negative amount in the governmental unrestricted funds is due mainly to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, which resulted in a reduction of net position as of the beginning of 2015 and has carried forward into 2017. The unrestricted net position of the City's business-type activities is \$77.2 million.
- The net position of the City's governmental activities increased \$50.2 million (or 9.1 percent from 2016) in 2017. The net position of the City's business-type activities increased \$30.9 million (or 5.3 percent from 2016).
- At the end of 2017, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$193.7 million. The combined governmental funds' fund balance increased by \$12.8 million (or 7.1 percent from 2016). City's total fund balance includes \$14.5 million as restricted, \$22.6 million as committed, \$144.3 million as assigned and \$12.1 million as unassigned fund balance. The above mentioned fund balances have been classified per GASB 54. (See Note 1)
- At the end of 2017, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$14.8 million or 17.67 percent of the 2017 general fund expenditures.
- At the end of 2017, the total fund balance for Community Legacy fund was \$56.5 million. This is an increase of \$1.9 million from 2016. Income into the Community Legacy fund is from loan interest income and light lease revenue.
- The City's total liabilities decreased by \$2.0 million (or 0.17 percent) during 2017 due mainly to note and loan payables went down in the business-type activities.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) includes other supplementary information along with the statistical section.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements present the financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting,

in a manner similar to private-sector businesses. The government-wide financial statements are composed of two statements: the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, and deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as net position. Net position is then broken down between governmental and business-type activities. Over time, increases or decreases in net position will show the fluctuation in the City's financial position.

The statement of activities presents information on all of the City's revenues and expenses, showing how the government's general expenses less the program revenues equal net expenses for the most recent fiscal year. General revenues are then subtracted from net expenses to get the change in net position. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when the cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses reported in this statement for some items will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, health and welfare, economic opportunity, economic development, culture and recreation, urban redevelopment and housing, and interest on long-term debt. The business-type activities of the City include a water system, wastewater system, storm water service, parking garage administration, solid waste service, electric utility, and a yard waste system.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (primary government), but also a few legally separate units: Neighborhood Care, Inc. (HANDS), Summit Development Corporation (Summit), Fort Wayne Urban Enterprise Association, Inc. (UEA), Allen County Fort Wayne Capital Improvements Board of Managers (CIB), Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority (RA), Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation (PTC), Downtown Fort Wayne Economic Improvement District (DID) and Community Development Corporation (CDC) for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The financial statements of these component units can be found in their entirety on file in the City Controller's office at 200 E. Berry Street, Suite 470, Fort Wayne, Indiana 46802. The Fort Wayne Municipal Building Corporation (Building Project), Consolidated Communications Partnership, and Fort Wayne Infrastructure Corporation (Infrastructure Improvements) are legally separate from the City, but since their nature and relationship with the City is significant, they are an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found beginning on page 53 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, with its related liabilities, and corresponding equity balances. Some funds are required to be established by State Law and by bond covenants, while others are adopted to help control monies set aside for a specific purpose. The City of Fort Wayne, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for most of the City's basic services. These funds generally do not provide enough revenue to completely cover their expenses; therefore, they need taxes, fees, interest or any other intergovernmental revenue to help support them. These funds use the modified accrual method of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily

be converted to cash. Governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of unrestricted resources, as well as on balances of unrestricted resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 56 of this report.

Proprietary funds. When the City charges a fee to cover the entire cost of an operation, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, the services are generally classified as a proprietary fund. There are two types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. These funds are completely self-supported by providing services to *outside customers* of the City. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater, storm water, solid waste, parking garages, electric, and yard waste operations. Internal Service funds are used to report activities that provide services and supplies for the other City departments. The City uses internal service funds to account for its self insurance and garage services. The internal service funds are reported within the governmental activities section of the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 60 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are funds held by a governmental unit as an agent or a trustee. They are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City holds two types of fiduciary funds: pension trust funds and agency funds. Pension trust funds are used to account for pension plans held by the City on behalf of its employees. The City uses pension trust funds to report the police pension, fire pension, and sanitary officers' pension funds. Agency funds are used to account for monies held by the City for an external party. The City uses an agency fund to report the Fort Wayne Neighborhood Housing Partnership (FWNP).

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 64 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes are a required part of the basic financial statements that provide necessary information for the understanding of the City's financial report.

The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 69 of this report.

Other information. The City is also required to provide more detailed information about certain issues disclosed in required supplementary information (RSI) schedules. The City's RSI schedules include: Budgetary Comparison Schedule for General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds, Comparison of Budgeted-to-Actual Maintenance/Preservation including the condition rating of the City's street system, Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios for Single-employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability for Cost-Sharing Multiple-employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, Schedule of City Contributions for Single-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Cost-Sharing Multiple-employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of City Contributions for Retiree Healthcare Plan. The combining financial statements for the non-major governmental funds, non-major enterprise funds, and the internal service funds are found immediately following the RSI schedules listed above.

The RSI schedules can be found beginning on page 147 of this report.

City of Fort Wayne Net Position (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmer	ntal activities	Business-ty	pe activities	Tot	al	Compone	ent Units		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016		
Assets	\$ 238,066	\$ 221,136	\$ 264,138	\$ 288,787	\$ 502,204	\$ 509,923	\$ 116,569	\$ 121,769		
Capital assets	822,029	779,352	1,007,693	952,760	1,829,722	1,732,112	52,416	53,916		
Total assets	1,060,095	1,000,488	1,271,831	1,241,547	2,331,926	2,242,035	168,985	175,685		
Deferred outflows	32,793	43,607	7,935	9,214	40,728	52,821	13,802	17,671		
Current liabilities	25,533	25,392	20,215	18,768	45,748	44,160	8,247	9,735		
Noncurrent liabilities	440,462	440,189	649,673	653,520	1,090,135	1,093,709	107,905	118,101		
Total liabilities	465,995	465,581	669,888	672,288	1,135,883	1,137,869	116,152	127,836		
Deferred inflows	23,771	25,636	2,050	1,510	25,821	27,146	4,068	420		
Net position	\$ 603,122	\$ 552,878	\$ 607,828	\$ 576,963	\$ 1,210,950	\$1,129,841	\$ 62,567	\$ 65,100		
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 680,289	\$ 641,757	\$ 453,442	\$ 495,307	\$ 1,133,731	\$1,137,064	\$ 34,868	\$ 34,983		
Restricted	_	_	77,201	69,232	77,201	69,232	24,955	26,916		
Unrestricted	(77,167)	(88,879)	77,185	12,424	18	(76,455)	2,744	3,201		
Total net position	\$ 603,122	\$ 552,878	\$ 607,828	\$ 576,963	\$ 1,210,950	\$1,129,841	\$ 62,567	\$ 65,100		

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The City's (primary government) assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,211.0 million at the close of 2017. The largest portion of the City's net position (total assets less total liabilities), which amounts to \$1,133.7 million (or 93.62 percent), reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, distribution and collection, roads, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, construction in progress, and net investment in joint venture), less any outstanding debt used to acquire these assets. These assets are designated as net investment in capital assets because they are used to provide the everyday services the citizens of the City expect; they are not liquid and are not available for future spending. The debt associated with these capital assets must be paid from sources other than the capital assets themselves because, as stated before, they cannot be used as a liquid asset.

The remainder of the City's net position is designated as either restricted or unrestricted. The restricted portion, which totals \$77.2 million (or 6.38 percent), are dollars that are subject to an external restriction and cannot be spent on everyday operations. The unrestricted portion of the net position is \$18.0 thousand (or 0.00 percent). At the end of 2017, the City shows a positive net position figure as a whole as well as in the governmental and business-type activities sections individually. This shows that the City has been able to make sound financial decisions over the past several years leaving them with a solid equity base on which to build.

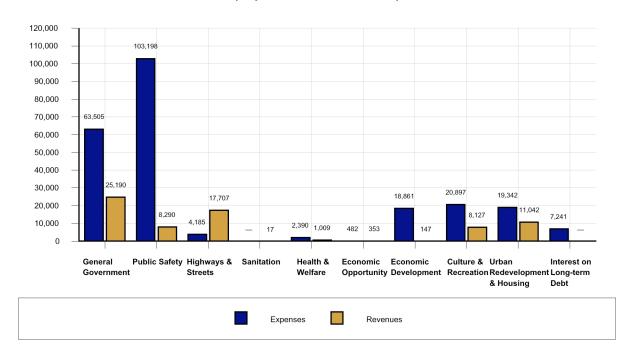
The City's component units showed assets exceeding liabilities by \$62.6 million at the end of 2017. Of the net position (total assets less total liabilities), \$34.9 million reflects its net investment in capital assets. These assets are designated as invested in capital assets because they are used to provide the everyday services to the users of the component units, these assets are not liquid and are not available for future spending. The debt associated with these capital assets must be paid from sources other than the capital assets themselves because, as stated before, they cannot be used as a liquid asset. The restricted net position, subject to external restriction, totals \$25.0 million. Unrestricted net position totals \$2.7 million at the end of 2017. These assets may be used by the City's component units for normal operations.

City of Fort Wayne Changes in Net Position (amounts expressed in thousands)

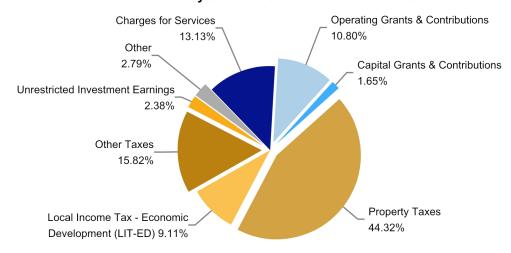
	Governmen	ital activities	Business-ty	pe activities	To	otal	Compon	ent Units
Revenues:	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 36,897	\$ 37,355	\$ 142,141	\$ 140,143	\$ 179,038	\$ 177,498	\$ 12,935	\$ 11,295
Operating grants and contributions	30,350	30,622	_	_	30,350	30,622	6,887	7,438
Capital grants and contributions	4,635	1,000	5,763	10,004	10,398	11,004	2,997	2,393
General revenues:								
Property taxes	124,468	118,470	_	_	124,468	118,470	_	_
Local Income Tax - Econ. Development	25,578	26,540	_	_	25,578	26,540	_	_
Local assessments and taxes	_	_	_	_	_	_	6,285	6,209
Indiana room tax	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,992	3,707
Other taxes	44,442	39,205	_	_	44,442	39,205	· —	_
Investment earnings	6,698	5,055	1,877	482	8,575	5,537	117	91
Gain on sale of capital assets	_	_	1	138	1	138	_	_
Other	7,838	7,412	_	_	7,838	7,412	149	117
Total revenues	280,906	265,659	149,782	150,767	430,688	416,426	33,362	31,250
Expenses:	200,000		- 10,102					
General government	63,505	66,369	_	_	63,505	66,369	_	_
Public safety	103,198	68,339	_	_	103,198	68,339	_	_
Highways and streets	4,185	34,640	_	_	4,185	34,640	_	_
Sanitation	1,100		_	_	-,100	01,010	_	_
Health and welfare	2,390	2,308	_	_	2,390	2,308	_	_
Economic opportunity	482	1,632			482	1,632		
Economic development	18,861	18,467	_	_	18,861	18,467	_	_
Culture and recreation	20,897	17,937	_		20,897	17,937	_	_
			_	_			_	_
Urban redevelopment and housing	19,342	21,422	_	_	19,342	21,422	_	_
Interest on long-tern debt	7,241	5,924	40.000	40.444	7,241	5,924	_	_
Water	_	_	40,800	42,111	40,800	42,111	_	_
Wastewater	_	_	50,628	44,626	50,628	44,626	_	_
Storm water	_	_	7,941	8,936	7,941	8,936	_	_
Parking garages	_	_	582	990	582	990	_	_
Solid waste	_	_	9,186	9,310	9,186	9,310	_	_
Other	_	_	341	387	341	387		_
Hands	_	_	_	_	_	_	206	_
Summit	_	_	_	_	_	_	30	_
UEA	_	_	_	_	_	_	469	474
CIB	_	_	_	_	_	_	14,339	7,376
RA	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,677	2,915
PTC	_	_	_	_	_	_	16,997	18,320
DID	_	_	_	_	_	_	655	608
CDC							522	507
Total expenses	240,101	237,038	109,478	106,360	349,579	343,398	35,895	30,200
Inc(Dec) in net position before transfers	40,805	28,621	40,304	44,407	81,109	73,028	(2,533)	1,050
Transfers	9,439	9,920	(9,439)	(9,920)	_	_	_	_
Inc(Dec) in net position	50,244	38,541	30,865	34,487	81,109	73,028	(2,533)	1,050
Net position January 1st	552,878	514,337	576,963	542,476	1,129,841	1,056,813	65,100	64,711
Restatement	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(661)
Net position January 1st (Restated)	552,878	514,337	576,963	542,476	1,129,841	1,056,813	65,100	64,050
Net position December 31st	\$ 603,122	\$ 552,878	\$ 607,828	\$ 576,963	\$ 1,210,950	\$1,129,841	\$ 62,567	\$ 65,100

Governmental Activities. The governmental activities accounted for a \$50.24 million increase in the City's total net position in 2017. The City was able to remain within or below its expense budget while still providing all of the necessary government services. The governmental activities represent 65.22 percent of the primary government's revenue and 68.68 percent of the primary government's expenses.

Expenses & Program Revenues - Governmental Activities (Expressed in Thousands)

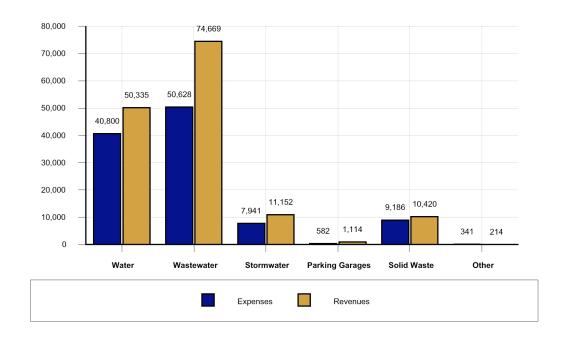


Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

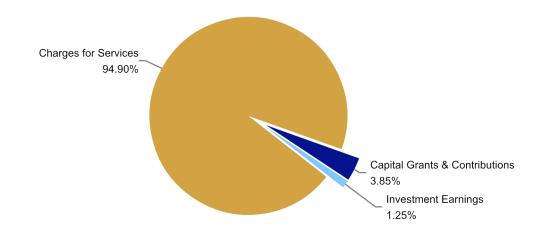


Business-type Activities. The business-type activities of the City increased net position by \$30.9 million. Business-type activities represent 34.78 percent of the primary government's revenues and 31.32 percent of the expenses. The City's Water and Wastewater utilities account for 84.52 percent of the business-type activities' program revenues and 83.51 percent of the expenses.

Expenses & Program Revenues - Business-type Activities (Expressed in Thousands)



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The City's fund financial statements use modified accrual accounting providing information on near term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. This provides the reader with useful information regarding the City's financial position. The assigned/unassigned fund balances of the City's governmental funds gives good insight into its ability to meet current obligations as well as meet the City's ongoing service needs.

At the end of 2017, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$193.7 million, an increase of \$12.8 million, due to increase in other financing sources from capital leases and long term debt. Beginning with the 2011 reporting year, the City has adopted GASB 54 and has classified fund balances per the guidelines specified under GASB 54. The City's total fund balance includes \$14.5 million as restricted, \$22.6 million as committed, \$144.3 million as assigned, and \$12.1 million as unassigned fund balance.

A portion of the City's governmental fund totals is made up of the General fund, the City's chief operating fund. At the end of 2017, the General fund had an unassigned fund balance of \$14.8 million and a total fund balance of \$16.0 million. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, you can compare the total fund balance and unassigned fund balance to the total fund expenditures. The General fund expenditures for fiscal year ended 2017 were \$83.6 million. The total fund balance represents 19.08 percent of General fund expenditures, while the unassigned fund balance is 17.67 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General fund increased by \$5.6 million during the fiscal year ended 2017. During 2017, the General fund expenditures were mostly in line with revenues. The City accrued deferred inflows of resources in the amount of \$8.7 million.

The City has six other funds that meet the major fund criteria: the Highways and Streets, LIT-ED (CEDIT), Parks, Fire, Redevelopment and Community Legacy. The combined fund balance at the end of 2017 for the other six major funds is \$140.7 million. This results in an increase in fund balances for the other major funds of \$15.7 million from the prior year. The major reasons for this increase are:

- The Highways and Streets fund balance decreased by \$2.8 million at the end of 2017 due mainly to higher expenditure in capital outlay.
- The Parks fund balance increased by \$5.9 million at the end of 2017 due mainly to increases in other financing sources from bond proceeds.
- The LIT-ED (CEDIT) fund balance increased by \$1.2 million at the end of 2017 due to reduction of LIT-ED (CEDIT) debt service payments and increase in revenue from taxes.
- The Redevelopment fund balance increased by \$6.6 million at the end of 2017 due mainly to due to increase in other revenues from capital grants.
- The Fire fund balance increased by \$2.8 million at the end of 2017 due mainly to increase in revenue from taxes.

The non-major governmental funds have a combined decrease of \$8.5 million to a fund balance of \$37.0 million at the end of 2017.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds use full accrual accounting to report information in their fund financial statements similar to the way things are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

The total net position of the City's enterprise funds at the end of 2017 is \$607.8 million. Of that total, the restricted net position is \$77.2 million, net investment in capital assets is \$453.4 million, and the unrestricted net position is \$77.2 million. This is a total increase of about \$30.9 comprised of a \$41.9 million decrease in the net investment in capital assets, a \$8.0 million increase in restricted assets and an increase to the unrestricted funds totaling \$64.8 million.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The differences between the original adopted budget and the final amended budget resulted in an decrease of \$1.088 million. The differences are summarized as follows:

- \$381.0 thousand decrease in general government's appropriation
- \$344.2 thousand decrease in public safety's appropriation
- \$194.6 thousand decrease in highway and streets' appropriation
- \$8.0 thousand decrease in health and welfare's appropriation
- \$159.6 thousand decrease in economic development's appropriation

The actual expenditures were \$1.841 million lower than budgeted, while the actual revenues of the general fund were \$2.017 million more than budgeted. For the year, the general fund balance increased by \$2.611 million.

The 2017 final approved budget was \$85.485 million; actual expenditures amounted to \$83.644 million, leaving a \$1.841 million positive variance. The variance is summarized as follows:

- \$1,282 thousand for general government
- \$287 thousand for public safety
- \$7 thousand for highway and streets
- \$82 thousand for health and welfare
- \$37 thousand for economic opportunity
- \$147 thousand for economic development

Of the \$1.841 million positive variance, \$317 thousand was in personal services. This variance was primarily due to unfilled positions as a result of resignations, retirements, and/or terminations. The remaining variance consisted of \$335 thousand for supplies expense, \$1,140 thousand for other services and charges, and \$49 thousand for capital outlays. These variances were incurred due to the City departments meeting the challenges of monitoring and controlling expenses while still maintaining adequate services to the City.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's Primary Government's capital assets as of December 31, 2017, are equal to \$1,829.7 million (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets include land, distribution and collection, roads, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and construction in progress. The total increase in the City's capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$97.6 million or 5.64 percent (a 2.46 percent increase for governmental activities and a 3.18 percent increase for business-type activities).

Governmental activities. Capital assets for the governmental activities total \$975.5 million with an accumulated depreciation figure of \$153.5 million for a net book value of \$822.0 million. This amount includes \$16.5 million in construction in progress reflecting capital projects in various stages of completion. The City chose to report its roads using the modified approach accepted under the new reporting model. This allows the City to make additions and deletions to the overall asset figure without actually depreciating. The conditions of the City's road pavement are measured using a pavement condition index (PCI). The City has adopted the following condition categories: "Excellent: (10-9), "Very Good" (8), "Good" (7-6), "Fair" (5-4), "Poor" (3) and "Very Poor" (2-1).

It is the goal of the City to maintain a pavement condition index of "Good". In 2016, the City had a pavement condition index rating of "Fair" (5). The City has maintained a "Fair" (5) rating in 2017. The City maintains there are no material variances between the budgeted expenditures and the actual expenditures for the maintenance of infrastructure for 2017.

More information regarding the modified approach can be found beginning on page <u>150</u> in the Required Supplementary Information (RSI) of this report.

Business-type activities. Capital assets for the business-type activities total \$1,450.0 million with an accumulated depreciation figure of \$442.3 million for a net book value of \$1,007.7 million. The amount also includes \$82.4 million in construction in progress reflecting capital projects in various stages of completion.

Major projects include: Water main replacements, continued work on projects to reduce the number of Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO's) and the volume of discharge directly to the rivers, improvements to increase the reliability and capacity of the wastewater treatment plant and the wet weather storage facilities, construction of a large equalization basin facility in the northern area of the sewer system to improve wet weather performance of collection system in that area, combined sewer capacity improvements to reduce the risk of basement backups.

Primary Government Capital Assets, net of depreciation (amounts expressed in thousands)

	 Governmen	activities		Business-ty	activities	Total					
	2017	2016			2017	2016			2017		2016
Land	\$ 41,882	\$	\$ 40,556		16,848	\$	15,183	\$	\$ 58,730		55,739
Distribution and collection	_		_		772,229		728,880		772,229		728,880
Roads	566,823		531,973		_		_		566,823		531,973
Buildings and improvements	259,715	253,595			276,822		268,882		536,537		522,477
Machinery and equipment	90,566		82,955		301,733		293,164		392,299		376,119
Construction in progress	16,539		12,203		82,356		62,443		98,895		74,646
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(153,496)		(141,930)		(442,295)		(415,792)		(595,791)		(557,722)
Total	\$ 822,029	\$	\$ 779,352		\$ 1,007,693		\$ 952,760		\$ 1,829,722		1,732,112

Additional information regarding the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3 beginning on page <u>85</u> of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's Primary Government had total bonded debt outstanding of \$386.0 million. Of this amount \$73.9 million is considered to be general obligation bonds, special obligation bonds, or first mortgage bonds. The City is responsible to pay for this debt with general revenues. The remaining \$312.1 million is revenue bonds that are paid for from the revenues earned by the business-type fund that is responsible for the debt.

The City's total debt decreased \$3.4 million during the current fiscal year, including additions of \$102.0 million and reductions of \$105.3 million. This decrease was due mainly to \$6.2 million increase in capital leases, \$4.4 million increase in post-employment benefits liability, \$3.3 million increase in revenue bonds, \$4.3 million increase in general obligation bonds, \$5.7 million decrease in loans payable for Wastewater Utility projects, \$5.9 million decrease in special obligation bonds and \$6.9 million decrease in net pension liability.

The City of Fort Wayne currently maintains an AA- long-term rating from Standard & Poor's and an Aa2 rating from Moody's for its general obligation debt. The City's Water Utility and Wastewater Utility both maintain an Aa3 and Stormwater Utility maintains an Aa2 from Moody's for its revenue bonds.

City of Fort Wayne Long-term Debt

(amounts expressed in thousands)

_ G	overnmen	tal a	activities	E	Business-ty	ре а	activities	Total				
2017			2016		2017		2016	2017			2016	
\$ 5,330			1,025	\$	\$ —			\$	5,330	\$	1,025	
	46,525		52,465		_		_		46,525	52,46		
	22,045		24,635		_		_		22,045		24,635	
75,309			70,105		1,596		624	76,905			70,729	
	5,460		5,900		310,582		316,316	316,042			322,216	
	239,692		244,464		18,364		20,490		258,056		264,954	
	9,542		9,429		2,069		2,096		11,611		11,525	
	36,817		32,423		_		_		36,817		32,423	
_			_		312,100		308,820	312,100			308,820	
\$ 440,720			440,446	\$	\$ 644,711		\$ 648,346		\$1,085,431		1,088,792	
	_	2017 \$ 5,330 46,525 22,045 75,309 5,460 239,692 9,542 36,817 —	2017 \$ 5,330 \$46,525 22,045 75,309 5,460 239,692 9,542 36,817 —	\$ 5,330 \$ 1,025 46,525 52,465 22,045 24,635 75,309 70,105 5,460 5,900 239,692 244,464 9,542 9,429 36,817 32,423 — —	2017 2016 \$ 5,330 \$ 1,025 46,525 52,465 22,045 24,635 75,309 70,105 5,460 5,900 239,692 244,464 9,542 9,429 36,817 32,423	2017 2016 2017 \$ 5,330 \$ 1,025 \$ — 46,525 52,465 — 22,045 24,635 — 75,309 70,105 1,596 5,460 5,900 310,582 239,692 244,464 18,364 9,542 9,429 2,069 36,817 32,423 — — 312,100	2017 2016 2017 \$ 5,330 \$ 1,025 \$ — \$ 46,525 52,465 — 22,045 24,635 — 75,309 70,105 1,596 5,460 5,900 310,582 239,692 244,464 18,364 9,542 9,429 2,069 36,817 32,423 — — — 312,100	2017 2016 2017 2016 \$ 5,330 \$ 1,025 \$ — \$ — 46,525 52,465 — — 22,045 24,635 — — 75,309 70,105 1,596 624 5,460 5,900 310,582 316,316 239,692 244,464 18,364 20,490 9,542 9,429 2,069 2,096 36,817 32,423 — — — — 312,100 308,820	2017 2016 2017 2016 \$ 5,330 \$ 1,025 \$ — \$ — \$ \$ 46,525 52,465 — — — — 22,045 24,635 — — — — 75,309 70,105 1,596 624 5,460 5,900 310,582 316,316 239,692 244,464 18,364 20,490 9,542 9,429 2,069 2,096 36,817 32,423 — — — — — 312,100 308,820	2017 2016 2017 2016 2017 \$ 5,330 \$ 1,025 \$ — \$ — \$ 5,330 \$ 46,525 \$ 52,465 — — 46,525 \$ 22,045 \$ 24,635 — — 22,045 \$ 75,309 \$ 70,105 \$ 1,596 624 \$ 76,905 \$ 5,460 \$ 5,900 \$ 310,582 \$ 316,316 \$ 316,042 \$ 239,692 \$ 244,464 \$ 18,364 \$ 20,490 \$ 258,056 \$ 9,542 \$ 9,429 \$ 2,069 \$ 2,096 \$ 11,611 \$ 36,817 \$ 32,423 — — \$ 36,817 \$ — \$ 312,100 \$ 308,820 \$ 312,100	2017 2016 2017 2016 2017 \$ 5,330 \$ 1,025 \$ — \$ — \$ 5,330 \$ \$ \$ 5,330 \$ \$ 2,045 \$ \$ 2,045 \$ 2,045 \$ 2,045 \$ 2,045 \$ 2,045 \$ 2,045 \$ 2,049 \$ 2,049 \$ 2,049 \$ 2,049 \$ 2,049 \$ 2,049 \$ 3,089 \$ 3,089 \$ 3,089 \$ 3,089 \$ 3,089 \$ 3,089 \$ 3,089 \$ 3,089 \$ 3,089 \$ 3,08	

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 beginning on page <u>87</u> of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The unemployment rate for the City is currently 2.8 percent, which is a decrease from a rate of 3.7 percent a year ago. The state average unemployment rate is 3.4 percent and the national average is 4.1 percent.

Due to the passage of House Bill 1001, starting in 2008 the amount of property taxes collected has been substantially reduced, causing a shortfall in City revenues. The new law also places permanent property tax caps on real estate values, which limits future property tax revenues. The City is continually reviewing its options as to where it can curtail expenditures and seeking solutions for replacing the current and future lost revenues.

To simplify the LOIT system, in 2015, Indiana General Assembly passed House Bill 1485 that provides for a transition from the county adjusted gross income tax (CAGIT), the county option income tax (COIT), the county economic development income tax (CEDIT), and the various local income taxes for special purposes and special projects to a single local income tax with three rate components: Expenditure Rate, Property Tax Relief Rate and Special Purpose Rate. The adopting body will have the authority to set the rates and the uses for Expenditures and Property Tax Relief. The maximum rate for Expenditures is 2.5 percent. The adopting body dictates how the Expenditure rate will be used by all units in the county - either for public safety, economic development or certified shares. The maximum rate for Property Tax Relief is 1.25 percent.

In July 2017, the Allen County Income Tax Council voted to increase the Economic Development Distribution portion of the Local Income Tax - Expenditure Rate to 0.53 percent effective October 1, 2017 and additional tax revenue to be deposited in a Local Income Tax - Economic Development Non-Reverting Fund to finance Riverfront Development, Sidewalks and Alleys capital projects. Also, effective January 1, 2017, 0.1179 percent were redistributed from Local Income Tax - Certified Shares Distribution to Local Income Tax - Property Tax Relief Rate.

Under the current system, the local taxes adopted by Allen County Income tax Council consist of a Local Income Tax - Expenditure Rate of 1.1121 percent comprised of three distinct distributions: Certified Shares Distribution (LIT-CS) - 0.4821 percent, Public Safety Distribution (LIT-PS) - 0.1 percent and Economic Development Distribution (LIT-ED) - 0.53 percent, including 0.13 percent to be deposited in a non-reverting fund (LIT-EDNR) as well as of a Local Income Tax - Property Tax Relief Rate of 0.3679 percent.

The City of Fort Wayne established a Cumulative Capital Development Fund on June 26, 2013 beginning with taxes payable in 2014. The revenues to this fund are a result of taxes levied on all taxable real and personal property within the City. The rate of this fund, which began in 2014 at 0.0167 percent, increased to 0.0333 percent in 2015 and to 0.049 percent in 2016, and continues at this rate until reduced or rescinded.

On June 7, 2016, the Fort Wayne City Council approved a new wheel tax for city residents, effective January 1, 2017. The additional revenue will be used for street repair and maintenance in order to keep Fort Wayne's infrastructure at its best possible level.

These factors along with others were considered when preparing the City's budget for the 2017 fiscal year.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Controller, City of Fort Wayne, Room 470 Citizens Square, 200 E. Berry Street, Fort Wayne, Indiana, 46802.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



CITY OF FORT WAYNE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2017

	1			
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents-unrestricted	\$ 105,100,532	\$ 24,633,414	\$ 129,733,946	\$ 13,075,589
Investments-unrestricted	31,303,244	_	31,303,244	_
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):				
Accounts	_	16,137,823	16,137,823	540,003
Taxes	15,205,450	_	15,205,450	_
Intergovernmental	8,072,647	_	8,072,647	3,678,654
Loans	7,073,859	_	7,073,859	4,007,587
Miscellaneous	8,995,394	18,858	9,014,252	244,025
Interest receivable	_	194,419	194,419	_
Installments receivable	17,800,000	_	17,800,000	_
Assessments receivable	280,485	602,459	882,944	_
Due from Capital Improvements Board	5,525,000	_	5,525,000	_
Internal balances	3,806,571	(3,806,571)	_	_
Inventories	1,367,900	1,492,797	2,860,697	298,020
Prepaid expense	880,880	195,708	1,076,588	135,509
Assets held for economic development	17,919,894	_	17,919,894	5,914,441
Net investment in direct financing lease	_	_	_	70,248,605
Net pension asset	834,304	_	834,304	_
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents-restricted	2,082,484	124,991,197	127,073,681	12,984,072
Investments-restricted	11,817,000	95,164,535	106,981,535	_
Regulatory assets	_	4,512,852	4,512,852	_
Accounts receivable	_	_	_	5,442,065
Capital assets:				
Land, roads and construction in progress	625,243,617	99,204,301	724,447,918	1,245,117
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	196,785,302	908,489,076	1,105,274,378	51,170,819
Total assets	1,060,094,563	1,271,830,868	2,331,925,431	168,984,506
Deferred outflows of resources (Note 17)	32,792,892	7,935,320	40,728,212	13,802,756
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable	6,572,749	10,156,291	16,729,040	785,188
Wages and withholdings payable	2,795,207	660,097	3,455,304	_
Accrued group insurance benefits	2,012,213	_	2,012,213	_
Contracts payable	1,572,993	667,133	2,240,126	_
Retainage payable	1,057,927	_	1,057,927	_
Accrued interest payable	1,329,138	5,857,126	7,186,264	1,194,001
Customer deposits	_	1,734,370	1,734,370	69,550
Unearned revenue	10,005,503	_	10,005,503	_
Due to primary government	_	_	_	5,525,000
Other current liabilities	186,873	1,139,942	1,326,815	673,454
	•	•		•

(Continued)

CITY OF FORT WAYNE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2017 (Continued)

	F	nt		
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year:				
Compensated absences payable	8,507,232	1,427,704	9,934,936	_
Capital leases payable	9,430,232	231,635	9,661,867	1,442,500
Notes and loans payable	440,000	13,699,770	14,139,770	_
General obligation bonds payable	540,000	_	540,000	_
Special obligation bonds payable	6,105,000	_	6,105,000	_
First mortgage bonds payable	2,700,000	_	2,700,000	_
Revenue bonds payable	_	19,915,000	19,915,000	_
Lease rental revenue bonds payable	_	_	_	4,555,000
Due in more than one year:				
Compensated absences payable	1,034,600	642,283	1,676,883	_
Capital leases payable	65,878,662	1,364,352	67,243,014	16,105,000
Notes and loans payable	5,020,000	296,882,013	301,902,013	_
General obligation bonds payable (net)	4,804,752	_	4,804,752	_
Special obligation bonds payable (net)	40,084,034	_	40,084,034	_
First mortgage bonds payable (net)	19,407,970	_	19,407,970	_
Revenue bonds payable (net)	_	297,146,179	297,146,179	_
Lease rental revenue bonds payable (net)	_	_	_	70,367,457
Net pension liability (Note 24)	239,692,050	18,363,713	258,055,763	11,377,206
Other postemployment benefits liability (Note 10)	36,817,444	_	36,817,444	3,799,915
Other noncurrent liabilities	_	_	_	258,183
Total liabilities	465,994,579	669,887,608	1,135,882,187	116,152,454
Deferred inflows of resources (Note 18)	23,771,299	2,050,378	25,821,677	4,067,418
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	680,288,794	453,441,895	1,133,730,689	34,868,436
Restricted for:				
Debt service	_	76,079,043	76,079,043	_
Capital projects	_	1,121,737	1,121,737	_
Component Unit	_	_	_	24,954,503
Unrestricted	(77,167,217)	77,185,527	18,310	2,744,451
Total net position	\$ 603,121,577	\$ 607,828,202	\$ 1,210,949,779	\$ 62,567,390

		F	Program Revenue	es.	Net (Exp	ense) Revenue an	d Changes in Net F	osition
			Operating	Capital		Primary Governmer	nt	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Component
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 63,504,834	\$ 21,589,507	\$ 3,600,348	\$ —	\$ (38,314,979)	\$ —	\$ (38,314,979)	\$ —
Public safety	103,198,483	5,409,018	2,881,414	_	(94,908,051)	_	(94,908,051)	_
Highways and streets	4,184,967	2,102,791	15,603,717	_	13,521,541	_	13,521,541	_
Sanitation	_	_	16,525	_	16,525	_	16,525	_
Health and welfare	2,390,200	388,360	620,998	_	(1,380,842)	_	(1,380,842)	_
Economic opportunity	481,867	608	353,560	_	(127,699)	_	(127,699)	_
Economic development	18,861,377	1,120	145,553	_	(18,714,704)	_	(18,714,704)	_
Culture and recreation	20,896,911	5,105,633	3,021,076	_	(12,770,202)	_	(12,770,202)	_
Urban redevelopment and housing	19,341,587	2,299,519	4,106,914	4,635,000	(8,300,154)	_	(8,300,154)	_
Interest on long-term debt	7,240,964	_	_	_	(7,240,964)	_	(7,240,964)	_
Total governmental activities	240,101,190	36,896,556	30,350,105	4,635,000	(168,219,529)		(168,219,529)	
Business-type activities:					<u> </u>		- <u>-</u>	
Water	40,799,731	48,115,057	_	2,219,678	_	9,535,004	9,535,004	_
Wastewater	50,628,268	71,457,052	_	3,212,078	_	24,040,862	24,040,862	_
Stormwater	7,940,594	10,821,153	_	331,039	_	3,211,598	3,211,598	_
Parking garages	582,100	1,114,334	_	_	_	532,234	532,234	_
Solid waste	9,185,673	10,419,816	_	_	_	1,234,143	1,234,143	_
Electric	662	· · · —	_	_	_	(662)	(662)	_
Yardwaste	339,943	213,622	_	_	_	(126,321)	(126,321)	_
Total business-type activities	109,476,971	142,141,034		5,762,795		38,426,858	38,426,858	
Total primary government	\$ 349,578,161	\$179,037,590	\$ 30,350,105	\$ 10,397,795	(168,219,529)	38,426,858	(129,792,671)	
Component units:					(11, 1, 1, 1, 1,			
HANDS	\$ 205,847	\$ —	\$ 1,541,966	\$ —	_	_	_	1,336,119
Summit	30,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	(30,000)
UEA	469,436	545,946	_	_	_	_	_	76,510
CIB	14,339,012	6,938,596	_	1,841,209	_	_	_	(5,559,207)
RA	2,676,980	2,920,005	_	.,0,200	_	_	_	243,025
PTC	16,996,543	1,876,946	4,659,681	1,156,221	_	_	_	(9,303,695)
DID	655,331	.,6. 6,6 .6	685,103	.,	_	_	_	29,772
CDC	521,967	653,063	_	_	_	_	_	131,096
Total component units	\$ 35,895,116	\$ 12,934,556	\$ 6,886,750	\$ 2,997,430				(13,076,380)
rotal component anto	General revenue		Ψ 0,000,700	Ψ 2,007,100				(10,070,000)
	Property Tax				124,467,955	_	124,467,955	_
			Development (LI	T-FD)	25,578,332	_	25,578,332	_
		e Tax - Certified S		. 25)	25,271,787	_	25,271,787	_
	Excise Taxes		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		8,759,285	_	8,759,285	_
	Sur/Wheel T				9,737,686	_	9,737,686	_
		titutions Taxes (F	IT)		673,670	_	673,670	_
		sments and taxes	•		-	_		6,284,910
	Indiana roon				_	_	_	3,991,527
		investment earni	nas		6,697,878	1,876,728	8,574,606	116,891
		of capital assets	_			1,070,728	1,072	- 10,001
	Other	or capital assets			7,837,424	1,072	7,837,424	150,085
	Transfers				9,439,490	(0 430 400)	1,001,424	130,003
		I revenues and tra	anefore		218,463,507	(9,439,490)	210,901,817	10,543,413
	· ·		a1131013			(7,561,690)	81,109,146	
	_	n net position			50,243,978		1,129,840,633	(2,532,967)
	Net position - be Net position - en	-			\$ 603 121 577	\$ 607,828,202	\$1,210,949,779	\$ 62 567 300
The notes to the financial statements or	•	· ·			\$ 603,121,577	\$ 607,828,202	Ψ1,210,343,119	\$ 62,567,390
The notes to the financial statements are	e an integral part	or triis staternent.						

CITY OF FORT WAYNE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2017

		General	Hiç	ghways and Streets	LIT-ED (CEDIT)		Parks		Fire	Re	development	(Community Legacy	C	Non-major Governmental Funds	Totals
<u>Assets</u>																
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,153,125	\$	6,117,617	\$ 9,287,204	\$	13,105,957	\$	7,437,784	\$	31,134,452	\$	2,539,390	\$	21,077,075	\$ 102,852,604
Investments		_		_	_		_		_		2,500,000		28,803,244		_	31,303,244
Receivables (net of allowance of uncollectibles)																
Taxes		8,706,153		_	3,801,855		681,804		1,827,194		29,117		_		159,327	15,205,450
Assessments		_		_	_		_		_		_		_		280,485	280,485
Intergovernmental		340,494		1,759,956	116,926		_		_		_		_		5,855,271	8,072,647
Loans		_		_	_		_		_		_		_		7,073,859	7,073,859
Miscellaneous		1,412,946		429,598	_		162,315		101,324		1,089,173		_		5,106,133	8,301,489
Installments		_		_	_		_		_		_		17,800,000		_	17,800,000
Interfund receivable - pooled cash		_		_	_		_		_		_		_		3,992,849	3,992,849
Due from other funds		4,338,250		7,127	310,984		555		_		_		_		203,237	4,860,153
Due from Capital Improvements Board		_		_	_		_		_		5,525,000		_		_	5,525,000
Assets held for economic development		_		_	_		_		_		13,660,637		_		4,259,257	17,919,894
Restricted assets:																
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		_		_	2,082,484		_		_		_		_		_	2,082,484
Investments - restricted						_							11,817,000			 11,817,000
Total assets	\$	26,950,968	\$	8,314,298	\$ 15,599,453	\$	13,950,631	\$	9,366,302	\$	53,938,379	\$	60,959,634	\$	48,007,493	\$ 237,087,158
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund b	alan	<u>ces</u>						_								
Liabilities:																
Accounts payable	\$	730,319	\$	368,452	\$ 512,996	\$	528,379	\$	258,630	\$	352,376	\$	31,250	\$	1,593,309	\$ 4,375,711
Wages and withholdings payable		1,342,266		248,359	3,675		187,056		748,438		15,363		_		229,497	2,774,654
Contracts payable		182,291		_	_		_		_		184,886		_		599,542	966,719
Retainage payable		2,782		274,356	268,919		_		_		197,805		27,899		286,166	1,057,927
Interfund payable - pooled cash		_		_	_		_		_		_		_		3,992,849	3,992,849
Due to other funds		1,622		_	_		_		_		873,608		_		314,983	1,190,213
Unearned revenue					 		73,899				5,525,000		4,385,391		21,213	10,005,503
Total Liabilities		2,259,280		891,167	785,590		789,334		1,007,068		7,149,038		4,444,540		7,037,559	24,363,576
Deferred inflows of resources		8,732,862			3,801,855		681,804		1,827,194		29,117				3,997,496	19,070,328
Fund balances:																
Restricted fund balance		_		_	_		_		_		_		_		14,544,049	14,544,049
Committed fund balance		454,887		761,152	2,189,479		10,367,467		_		5,567,389		455,061		2,837,722	22,633,157
Assigned fund balance		719,946		6,661,979	8,822,529		2,112,026		6,532,040		41,192,835		56,060,033		22,238,044	144,339,432
Unassigned fund balance		14,783,993		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>						<u> </u>		(2,647,377)	12,136,616
Total fund balances		15,958,826		7,423,131	11,012,008		12,479,493		6,532,040		46,760,224		56,515,094		36,972,438	193,653,254
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	26,950,968	\$	8,314,298	\$ 15,599,453	\$	13,950,631	\$	9,366,302	\$	53,938,379	\$	60,959,634	\$	48,007,493	\$ 237,087,158

CITY OF FORT WAYNE, INDIANA
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
December 31, 2017

Total fund balances for governmental funds

\$ 193,653,254

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities (excluding internal service fund capital assets of \$333,793 net of \$899,690 accumulated depreciation) are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:

566,822,868
16,539,013
114,434,541
53,804,361
28,239,884

Inventory of assets purchased from governmental funds.

1,316,943

821,695,126

Some assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore, are deferred in the funds.

879.923

Net pension asset is not a current financial resource and therefore, is not reported in the funds

834,304

Internal service funds are used by the City to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other City departments or agencies, generally on a cost reimbursement basis. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. Internal service fund net position is:

(1,606,746)

City tax collections related to 2017 will be collected beyond the 60 day period used to record revenue in the fund statements. Revenue and a corresponding receivable for this amount are included in the government-wide statements.

15,205,451

State shared revenue appropriated during the State of Indiana's fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 will be collected by the City in calendar year 2018. Revenue and a corresponding receivable for the amount appropriated but not received by December 31, 2017 are included in the government-wide statements.

3,615,157

Some of the City's revenues will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore, are deferred in the funds.

249,720

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position. Also, during the year the City issued new debt. The discount or premium received was reported in the governmental funds when the debt was issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized, over the remaining life of the new debt, as an adjustment to interest expense in the statement of activities. Balances at December 31, 2017 are:

Bonds payable	(73,641,756)
Bond interest payable	(192,797)
Leases payable	(75,308,894)
Lease interest payable	(1,035,349)
Loans payable	(5,460,000)
Loan interest payable	(100,992)
Compensated absences payable	(9,493,866)
Other postemployment benefits liability	(36,817,444)
Net pension liability	(239,692,050)
Total long-term liabilities	(441,743,148)

Certain amounts related to the net pension liability are deferred and amortized over time. They are not reported in the funds, but are included in the government-wide statements.

9,021,593

Total **net position** of governmental activities

\$ 603,121,577

CITY OF FORT WAYNE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

		General	F	lighways and Streets	LIT-ED (CEDIT)		Parks	Fire		Redevelopment		Community Legacy		Non-major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:																
Taxes	\$	75,162,641	\$	9,737,686	\$ 25,929,296	\$	16,615,425	\$ 42,861,167	\$	13,632,760	\$	_	\$	10,252,182	\$	194,191,157
Special assessments		_		_	_		_	_		_		_		208,203		208,203
Licenses and permits		2,248,725		_	_		59,356	_		_		_		1,204,727		3,512,808
Intergovernmental		2,348,329		13,533,346	1,120		_	_		43,719		_		10,123,137		26,049,651
Charges for services		2,435,240		229,537	13,290		4,957,635	1,112		1,095,942		_		2,487,856		11,220,612
Fines and forfeits		311,015		_	_		_	11,850		_		_		1,787,607		2,110,472
Other		1,062,696		600,114	205,534		3,049,955	258,160	_	7,086,158		7,268,260		3,907,117		23,437,994
Total revenues		83,568,646		24,100,683	26,149,240		24,682,371	43,132,289		21,858,579		7,268,260		29,970,829		260,730,897
Expenditures:																
Current:																
General government		13,221,220		_	_		_	_		_		2,508,354		2,435,826		18,165,400
Public safety		55,837,834		_	_		_	40,299,379		_		_		19,504,518		115,641,731
Highways and streets		6,796,706		27,906,654	_		_	_		_		_		2,936,067		37,639,427
Health and welfare		2,858,418		_	_		_	_		_		_		117,091		2,975,509
Economic opportunity		681,271		_	_		_	_		_		_		_		681,271
Economic development		4,248,651		_	_		_	_		_		_		484,467		4,733,118
Culture and recreation		_		_	_		23,915,190	_		_		_		_		23,915,190
Urban redevelopment and housing		_		_	_		_	_		18,989,816		_		4,043,250		23,033,066
Debt service:																
Principal		_		_	1,775,000		_	_		3,600,000		_		6,795,000		12,170,000
Interest and other charges		_		_	1,278,269		_	_		2,355,809		_		1,844,399		5,478,477
Capital outlay					 13,078,179			 	_					19,122,066		32,200,245
Total expenditures		83,644,100		27,906,654	16,131,448		23,915,190	40,299,379		24,945,625		2,508,354		57,282,684		276,633,434
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(75,454)		(3,805,971)	10,017,792		767,181	2,832,910		(3,087,046)		4,759,906		(27,311,855)		(15,902,537)
Other financing sources (uses):																
Transfers in		8,529,399		966,040	3,795,000		2,750,217	_		11,740,644		_		19,975,218		47,756,518
Transfers out		(2,807,614)		_	(12,629,161)		(2,722,506)	_		(6,059,296)		(2,852,252)		(11,246,199)		(38,317,028)
Bonds issued		_		_	_		5,150,000	_		_		_		_		5,150,000
Capital leases issued										4,050,000		<u> </u>		10,100,000		14,150,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,721,785		966,040	(8,834,161)		5,177,711	_		9,731,348		(2,852,252)		18,829,019		28,739,490
Net change in fund balances		5,646,331		(2,839,931)	1,183,631		5,944,892	2,832,910		6,644,302		1,907,654		(8,482,836)		12,836,953
Fund balances - beginning	_	10,312,495		10,263,062	 9,828,377	_	6,534,601	 3,699,130	_	40,115,922		54,607,440		45,455,274		180,816,301
Fund balances - ending	\$	15,958,826	\$	7,423,131	\$ 11,012,008	\$	12,479,493	\$ 6,532,040	\$	46,760,224	\$	56,515,094	\$	36,972,438	\$	193,653,254

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

Net change in **fund balances** - total governmental funds

\$ 12,836,953

1 225 025

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets, which meet capitalization requirements, is capitalized. The cost of the depreciable assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The cost of those assets, which meet capitalization requirements, is capitalized. (The internal service fund capital assets are not included in this section, but rather the net revenue (expense) of the internal revenue service funds as a separate line item.) (Note 3)

Capital assets not being depreciated:

Land	1,323,633
Roads accounted for using the modified approach	34,849,915
Construction in progress	4,336,343
Total change in capital assets not being depreciated	40,512,093
Capital assets being depreciated:	
Buildings, net of \$3,973,392 depreciation expense	361,681
Improvements other than buildings, net of \$2,479,625 depreciation expense	(695,353)
Machinery and equipment, net of \$6,645,434 depreciation expense	2,536,233

Total change in capital assets being depreciated 2,202,561

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but increases the long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Repayment of principal for long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, but reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which repayments exceed issuance proceeds.

Total changes in capital assets

(539,175)

42,714,654

Governmental funds report the effect of discounts and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

2,070

Some expenses were deferred as assets in the statement of net position and therefore were not reported in the statement of activities, but were reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

108,980

Net pension liability, including the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan, the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan, the Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan, and PERF, is considered a long-term liability of the general government, but is not a current expenditure.

(171,851)

Net pension asset, including the 1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension and Disability Fund, is considered an asset of the general government, but is not current revenue.

5,777,617

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions do not affect current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

(8,949,590)

Other postemployment benefits liability is considered a long-term obligation of the general government, but is not a current expenditure.

(4,393,892)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.

4,065,187

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

(27,960)

Internal service funds are used by the City to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other City departments or agencies, generally on a cost reimbursement basis. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

(1,179,015)

Changes in **net position** of governmental activities

50,243,978

		Dusiness-ty	pe Activities - Enter	Other Non-		Governmental
	Water	Wastewater	Stormwater	major Enterprise		Activities - Internal Service
	Utility	Utility	Utility	Funds	Totals	Funds
<u>Assets</u>						
Current assets:	¢ 0.400.492	¢ 11 627 200	¢ 2,007,107	¢ 1.490.245	¢ 24.622.414	¢ 2247.020
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 9,409,483	\$ 11,637,389	\$ 2,097,197	\$ 1,489,345	\$ 24,633,414	\$ 2,247,928
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for						
uncollectibles)	5,963,071	8,680,921	1,469,857	23,974	16,137,823	_
Miscellaneous receivable	_	_	_	18,858	18,858	693,905
Interest receivable	4,283	190,136			194,419	_
Due from other funds	477,715	3,247	401,176	1,213,742	2,095,880	143,547
Inventories	1,427,535	65,262	1 000	4 262	1,492,797 195,708	50,957
Prepaid expenses	92,325	97,132	1,889	4,362		957
Total current assets	17,374,412	20,674,087	3,970,119	2,750,281	44,768,899	3,137,294
Noncurrent assets:	7 076 610	05 005 706	24 440 226	40.626	104 001 107	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Restricted investments	7,876,619 7,600,404	95,925,706 87,564,131	21,140,236	48,636	124,991,197 95,164,535	_
Assessments receivable	7,000,404	602,459	_	_	602,459	_
Regulatory assets	2,389,980	1,746,323	376,549	_	4,512,852	_
Capital assets:						
Land, improvements to land and construction in progress	9,472,228	78,875,258	9,501,011	1,355,804	99,204,301	27,277
Other capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	284,002,199	504,110,502	117,546,761	2,829,614	908,489,076	306,516
Total noncurrent assets	311,341,430	768,824,379	148,564,557	4,234,054	1,232,964,420	333,793
Total assets	328,715,842	789,498,466	152,534,676	6,984,335	1,277,733,319	3,471,087
Deferred outflows of resources (Note 17)	1,737,012	5,228,280	970,028		7,935,320	
Liabilities	1,737,012	5,226,260	970,026		7,935,320	
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	1,009,456	8,433,643	466,922	246,270	10,156,291	2,197,038
Wages and withholdings payable	297,896	279,921	73,313	8,967	660,097	20,553
Contracts payable	_	_	_	667,133	667,133	606,274
Due to other funds	1,993,001	3,035,608	869,944	3,898	5,902,451	6,916
Interfund payable	_	_	_	_	_	_
Compensated absences payable - current portion	629,252	610,517	174,458	13,477	1,427,704	47,966
Accrued group insurance benefits payable		_	_	_	-,, -	2,012,213
Capital lease payable - current portion	58,603	130,478	42,547	7	231,635	
Customer deposits payable	1,734,370	, <u> </u>	· —	_	1,734,370	_
Loans payable - current portion	3,759,000	9,940,770	_	_	13,699,770	_
Bonds payable - current portion	4,030,000	14,215,000	1,550,000	120,000	19,915,000	_
Accrued interest payable	366,209	5,198,923	278,667	13,327	5,857,126	_
Other current liabilities	443,110	671,832	25,000		1,139,942	186,873
Total current liabilities	14,320,897	42,516,692	3,480,851	1,073,079	61,391,519	5,077,833
Noncurrent liabilities:	226 702	270 122	26 902	484	642,283	
Compensated absences payable Capital leases payable	326,783 345,179	278,123 768,528	36,893 250,605	404	1,364,352	_
Loans payable	29,911,000	266,971,013	200,000	_	296,882,013	_
Bonds payable, net	98,406,390	172,354,747	25,985,042	400,000	297,146,179	_
Net pension liability	6,115,960	8,949,391	3,298,362		18,363,713	
Total noncurrent liabilities	135,105,312	449,321,802	29,570,902	400,524	614,398,540	_
Total liabilities	149,426,209	491,838,494	33,051,753	1,473,603	675,790,059	5,077,833
Deferred inflows of resources (Note 18)	683,522	998,588	368,268		2,050,378	
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	157,398,251	175,143,681	117,234,545	3,665,418	453,441,895	333,793
Restricted for:						
Debt service	12,942,049	60,254,840	2,846,383	35,771	76,079,043	_
Capital projects	10 002 922	1,121,737	2 755	1 200 542	1,121,737 77 185 527	(1 040 520)
Unrestricted	10,002,823	65,369,406	3,755	1,809,543	77,185,527	(1,940,539)
Total net position	\$ 180,343,123	\$ 301,889,664	\$ 120,084,683	\$ 5,510,732	\$ 607,828,202	\$ (1,606,746)

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds												
		Water Utility	Wastewater Utility			Stormwater Utility	Other Non- major Enterprise Funds		Totals		,	overnmental Activities - ernal Service Funds	
Operating revenues:												_	
Charges for goods and services	\$ 4	48,115,057	\$	71,457,052	\$	10,821,153	\$	11,747,772	\$	142,141,034	\$	6,712,569	
City contributions		_		_		_		_		_		33,933,086	
Employee contributions		_		_		_		_		_		2,308,415	
Insurance recoveries					_				_			41,128	
Total operating revenues		48,115,057		71,457,052	_	10,821,153	_	11,747,772	_	142,141,034		42,995,198	
Operating expenses:													
Personnel services		10,268,712		9,028,357		1,980,449		371,484		21,649,002		858,522	
Contractual services		1,468,147		4,288,511		244,868		8,847,071		14,848,597		5,862,477	
Utilities		1,690,861		1,856,846		_		1,664		3,549,371		30,277	
Chemicals		2,596,758		721,152		_	_			3,317,910	_		
Administrative services		4,632,074		6,773,185		2,546,941		41,983		13,994,183		_	
Other supplies and services		4,350,365		3,736,139		551,003		531,926		9,169,433		2,060,172	
Insurance claims and premiums		_		_		_		2,183		2,183		35,416,477	
Depreciation		10,958,310		15,415,026		2,449,677		273,665		29,096,678		72,991	
Total operating expenses		35,965,227	_	41,819,216	_	7,772,938		10,069,976	_	95,627,357		44,300,916	
Operating income (loss)		12,149,830	_	29,637,836		3,048,215	_	1,677,796	_	46,513,677		(1,305,718)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):													
Interest and investment revenue		149,367		1,689,292		26,403		11,666		1,876,728		82,337	
Miscellaneous revenue		_		_		_		_		_		44,366	
Interest expense		(4,267,553)		(8,382,228)		(137,269)		(38,402)		(12,825,452)		_	
Amortization of debt issuance costs		(276,505)		(224,393)		(30,387)		_		(531,285)		_	
Gain (Loss) on disposal of assets		(290,446)		(202,431)		1,072		_		(491,805)		_	
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		(4,685,137)		(7,119,760)		(140,181)		(26,736)		(11,971,814)		126,703	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		7,464,693		22,518,076		2,908,034		1,651,060		34,541,863		(1,179,015)	
Capital contributions		2,219,678		3,212,078		331,039		_		5,762,795		_	
Transfers in		_		_		11,334,706		33,228		11,367,934		_	
Transfers out		(2,603,043)	_	(16,004,872)	_	(1,233,469)	_	(966,040)	_	(20,807,424)			
Change in net position		7,081,328		9,725,282		13,340,310		718,248		30,865,168		(1,179,015)	
Total net position - beginning	1	73,261,795		292,164,382		106,744,373		4,792,484		576,963,034		(427,731)	
Total net position - ending	\$ 18	30,343,123	\$	301,889,664	\$	120,084,683	\$	5,510,732	\$	607,828,202	\$	(1,606,746)	

CITY OF FORT WAYNE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds										Governmental	
	Water Utility		Wastewater Utility		Stormwater Utility		Other Non-major Enterprise Funds	Totals		Activities - Internal Service Funds		
Cash flows from operating activities:												
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 46,393,393	\$	70,671,214	\$	10,257,497	\$	11,763,787	\$	139,085,891	\$	42,982,575	
Payments to suppliers	(15,891,115)		(13,156,858)		(3,564,533))	(9,518,975)		(42,131,481)		(42,145,065)	
Payments to employees	(10,289,618)		(9,031,023)		(1,985,175))	(368,785)		(21,674,601)		(857,171)	
Other receipts (payments)	797,108		1,422,153		546,794		(2)		2,766,053		_	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	21,009,768		49,905,486		5,254,583		1,876,025		78,045,862		(19,661)	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						_						
Transfer from other funds	_		_		_		33,228		33,228		_	
Transfer to other funds	(2,603,043)		(4,670,166)		(1,233,469))	(966,040)		(9,472,718)		_	
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities	(2,603,043)		(4,670,166)		(1,233,469)		(932,812)		(9,439,490)			
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:												
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(7,579,026)		(65,943,387)		(2,706,874))	(590,068)		(76,819,355)		(35,051)	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	31,010		62,465		930		_		94,405		_	
Proceeds from capital debt	432,627		38,140,132		28,046,545		51		66,619,355		_	
Bond discount and premium addition	_		_		412,451		_		412,451		_	
Principal paid on capital debt	(7,566,846)		(20,197,421)		(7,493,393))	(115,000)		(35,372,660)		_	
Capital lease payments	_		_		_		(624,128)		(624,128)		_	
Interest paid on capital debt	(4,652,777)		(15,115,298)		(315,197))	(49,475)		(20,132,747)		_	
Debt issuance costs	_		(196,500)		(398,184))	_		(594,684)		_	
Purchase of debt refunding securities	_		(32,105,000)		_		_		(32,105,000)		_	
Contribution in aid of construction	431,534		_		70,000		_		501,534		_	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(18,903,478)		(95,355,009)		17,616,278	_	(1,378,620)		(98,020,829)		(35,051)	
Cash flows from investing activities:						_						
Purchase of investments	(15,142,199)		(141,696,556)		_		_		(156,838,755)		_	
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	15,041,795		68,132,425		_		_		83,174,220		44,366	
Investment income received	147,406		1,509,578		26,403		11,666		1,695,053		82,337	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	47,002		(72,054,553)		26,403		11,666		(71,969,482)		126,703	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(449,751)		(122,174,242)		21,663,795		(423,741)		(101,383,939)		71,991	
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	17,735,853		229,737,337		1,573,638	_	1,961,722	_	251,008,550		2,175,937	
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$ 17,286,102	\$	107,563,095	\$	23,237,433	\$	1,537,981	\$	149,624,611	\$	2,247,928	
											(Continued)	

CITY OF FORT WAYNE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 (Continued)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								Governmental		
		Water Utility		Wastewater Utility		Stormwater Utility		ther Non-major nterprise Funds	Totals	Acti	vities - Internal ervice Funds
(Continued)											
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by oper	ating ac	tivities:									
Operating income (loss)	\$	12,149,830	\$	29,637,836	\$	3,048,215	\$	1,677,796	\$ 46,513,677	\$	(1,305,718)
Adjustments:											
Depreciation expense		10,958,310		15,415,026		2,449,677		273,665	29,096,678		72,991
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		10,596		1,601		9,130		_	21,327		_
(Increase) decrease in assets:											
Accounts receivable		(1,721,664)		(785,838)		(563,656)		_	(3,071,158)		_
Miscellaneous receivable		_		_		_		(40,675)	(40,675)		(5,856)
Due from other funds		_		_		_		56,690	56,690		(6,767)
Inventories		_		_		_		_	_		(17,500)
Prepaid expenses		_		_		_		(527)	(527)		76,977
Other assets		786,512		1,420,552		537,664		(2)	2,744,726		_
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:											
Accounts payable and other liabilities		(1,173,816)		4,216,309		(226,447)		(114,564)	2,701,482		1,153,519
Due to other funds		_		_		_		_	_		3,446
Wages and withholdings payable		_		_		_		236	236		3,145
Contracts payable		_		_		_		20,943	20,943		(155,706)
Accrued group insurance benefits		_		_		_		_	_		163,602
Compensated absences payable		_		_		_		2,463	2,463		(1,794)
Total adjustments		8,859,938		20,267,650		2,206,368		198,229	31,532,185		1,286,057
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	21,009,768	\$	49,905,486	\$	5,254,583	\$	1,876,025	\$ 78,045,862	\$	(19,661)
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:											
Capital assets included in accounts payable	\$	375,492	\$	6,407,289	\$	420,020	\$	_	\$ 7,202,801	\$	_
Contributions of capital assets		1,788,144		2,797,519		261,039		_	4,846,702		_
Interfund capital asset contribution		_		(11,334,706)		11,334,706		_	_		_
Capitalized interest added to capital assets		218,784		5,592,534		328,951		_	6,140,269		_

CITY OF FORT WAYNE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -FIDUCIARY FUNDS December 31, 2017

	 Pension Trust Funds	Agency Funds	
<u>Assets</u>	 		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,644,631	\$	_
Receivables:			
Taxes	22,247		_
Total assets	\$ 1,666,878	\$	_
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Accounts payable	\$ 33,481	\$	_
Net position restricted for pension	\$ 1,633,397		

CITY OF FORT WAYNE STATEMENT OF CHANGES NET POSITION -FIDUCIARY FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Pension Trust Funds
Additions	_
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 534,391
Non-employer entity	14,066,328
Other	5,007
Investment income:	
Interest	13,613
Total additions	14,619,339
<u>Deductions</u>	_
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	14,751,403
Administrative expenses	51,167
Total deductions	14,802,570
Net decrease in net position	(183,231)
Net position restricted for pension	
Net position - beginning	 1,816,628
Net position - ending	\$ 1,633,397

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS
December 31, 2017

	HANDS	HANDS Summit		UEA CIB		PTC	DID	CDC	Totals
<u>Assets</u>									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ (980,002)	\$ 55,133	\$ 869,702	\$ 4,498,977	\$ —	\$ 3,393,575	\$ 403,746	\$ 4,834,458	\$ 13,075,589
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):									
Accounts	_	_	4,838	505,245	_	_	29,920	_	540,003
Intergovernmental	997,435	_	_	1,598,635	_	1,082,584	_	_	3,678,654
Loans	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,007,587	4,007,587
Miscellaneous	_	_	_	107,626	_	75,591	_	60,808	244,025
Inventories	_	_	_	_	_	298,020	_	_	298,020
Prepaid expense	_	_	11,105	16,499	_	96,307	11,598	_	135,509
Assets held for economic development	5,901,351	13,090	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,914,441
Net investment in direct financing lease (Note 20)	_	_	_	_	70,248,605	_	_	_	70,248,605
Restricted assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	_	236,939	_	10,212,490	862,678	1,218,008	_	453,957	12,984,072
Accounts receivable	_	_	_	5,428,500	_	13,565	_	_	5,442,065
Capital assets:									
Land and construction in progress	_	_	38,000	975,000	_	232,117	_	_	1,245,117
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	_	_	562,427	34,739,499	_	15,854,035	14,858	_	51,170,819
Total assets	5,918,784	305,162	1,486,072	58,082,471	71,111,283	22,263,802	460,122	9,356,810	168,984,506
Deferred outflows of resources (Note 17)				5,881,770	2,711,536	5,209,450			13,802,756
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Accounts payable	25,730	250,029	60,982	238,775	_	124,527	46,415	38,730	785,188
Contracts payable	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Retainage payable	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Accrued interest payable	_	_	_	_	1,194,001	_	_	_	1,194,001
Customer deposits	5,839	_	_	63,711	_	_	_	_	69,550
Retainage payable	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Due to primary government (Note 20)	_	_	_	5,525,000	_	_	_	_	5,525,000
Other current liabilities	_	_	_	_	_	651,659	21,795	_	673,454 (Continued)

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS
December 31, 2017
(Continued)

Į.	HANDS	Summit	UEA	CIB RA F		FIC	PTC DID		Totals
(Continued)									
Noncurrent liabilities:									
Due within one year:									
Capital lease payable	_	_	_	1,442,500	_	_	_	_	1,442,500
Lease rental revenue bonds payable (Note 4)	_	_	_	_	4,555,000	_	_	_	4,555,000
Due in more than one year:									
Capital lease payable	_	_	_	16,105,000	_	_	_	_	16,105,000
Lease rental revenue bonds payable (net of premiums an discounts) (Note 4)	_	_	_	_	70,367,457	_	_	_	70,367,457
Other postemployment benefits liability	_	_	_	_	_	3,799,915	_	_	3,799,915
Net pension liability (Note 24)	_	_	_	1,059,617	_	10,317,589	_	_	11,377,206
Other noncurrent liabilities	_	_	_	_	_	258,183	_	_	258,183
Total liabilities	31,569	250,029	60,982	24,434,603	76,116,458	15,151,873	68,210	38,730	116,152,454
Deferred inflows of resources (Note 18)	_			68,968		3,998,450			4,067,418
Net position									
Net investment in capital assets	_	_	600,427	18,166,999	_	16,086,152	14,858	_	34,868,436
Temporarily restricted	_	_	_	17,240,134	_	_	_	7,714,369	24,954,503
Unrestricted	5,887,215	55,133	824,663	4,053,537	(2,293,639)	(7,763,223)	377,054	1,603,711	2,744,451
Total net position \$	5,887,215	\$ 55,133	\$ 1,425,090	\$ 39,460,670	\$ (2,293,639)	\$ 8,322,929	\$ 391,912	\$ 9,318,080	\$ 62,567,390

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

Program Revenues Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Operating Capital Grants Functions/ Charges for Services Grants and and Programs Expenses Contributions Contributions **HANDS** Summit UEA CIB RA PTC DID CDC Totals Component units: **HANDS** 205,847 \$ 1,541,966 \$ 1,336,119 \$ 1,336,119 Summit 30.000 (30,000)(30,000)UEA 469,436 545,946 76,510 76,510 CIB 14.339.012 6,938,596 1.841.209 (5,559,207)(5,559,207)RA 2,676,980 2,920,005 243,025 243,025 PTC 16,996,543 1,876,946 4,659,681 1,156,221 (9,303,695)(9,303,695)DID 655,331 29,772 29,772 685,103 CDC 521,967 653,063 131,096 131,096 \$ 35,895,116 \$12,934,556 6,886,750 2,997,430 1,336,119 (30,000)76,510 (5,559,207)243,025 (9,303,695)29,772 131,096 (13,076,380)Total General revenues: Local assessments and taxes 6,284,910 6,284,910 3,991,527 3,991,527 Indiana room tax income Unrestricted investment earnings 35 1,375 97,027 5,948 2,666 482 9,358 116,891 Other 5,085 143,431 1,569 150,085 Total general revenues 35 6,460 4,088,554 5,948 6,431,007 482 10,927 10,543,413 Change in net position 1,336,119 (29,965)82,970 (1,470,653)248,973 (2,872,688)30,254 142,023 (2,532,967)Net position - beginning of year 4,551,096 85,098 1,342,120 40,931,323 (2,542,612)361,658 9,176,057 11,195,617 65,100,357 Net position - end of year \$ 5,887,215 \$ 55,133 \$1,425,090 \$ 39,460,670 \$ (2,293,639) \$ 8,322,929 \$ 391,912 \$ 9,318,080 \$ 62,567,390

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



City of Fort Wayne, INDIANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Fort Wayne (primary government) was established under the laws of the State of Indiana. The primary government is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and nine-member council and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, health, welfare and social services, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, general administrative services, water, wastewater, storm water, yard waste and urban redevelopment and housing. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the primary government and its significant component units. The financial statements of the City of Fort Wayne (City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standards-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

The component units discussed below are included in the primary government's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are so integrated with the City that they are in substance part of the government's operations and/or the component unit's total debt outstanding, if any, including leases, is expected to be repaid almost entirely with the resources of the primary government; data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are involved in activities of an operational nature independent from the government; their transactions are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

Blended Component Units

The Fort Wayne Municipal Building Corporation is a significant blended component unit of the primary government. The City created it in 1997 for the sole purpose of financing two fire stations, an animal care building and improvements to the City's Board of Works complex. In 2000, the City entered into a second agreement with the Municipal Building Corporation for the purpose of financing a fire station along with purchasing equipment to finish the new station. In 2002, the City entered into a third agreement with the Municipal Building Corporation for the purpose of financing a street and highway transportation building. In 2005, the City entered into a fourth agreement with the Municipal Building Corporation for the purpose of financing two fire stations (numbers 18 and 19) to serve the 2006 annexed areas. In 2006, the City entered into a fifth agreement with the Municipal Building Corporation for the purpose of financing the Public Safety Academy. In 2009, the City entered into a sixth agreement with the Municipal Building Corporation for the purpose of the acquisition, renovation, and equipping of the Renaissance Square Building to be used as a City Hall. The primary government appoints a voting majority of the Municipal Building Corporation's board and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the primary government and the Municipal Building Corporation. Although it is legally separate from the primary government, the Fort Wayne Municipal Building Corporation is reported as if it were a part of the primary government because it provides

services entirely or almost entirely to the primary government. The Fort Wayne Municipal Building Corporation is reported as the Building Project fund (non-major capital projects fund).

The Consolidated Communications Partnership (CCP) is a significant blended component unit of the primary government. The City of Fort Wayne and Allen County jointly created the CCP on February 19, 2010 to provide centralized communication service to the City of Fort Wayne and Allen County. A joint Operation Board was established pursuant to Indiana Code 36-1-7-3 (5) (b) to oversee and administer the CCP. The Operation Board is comprised of the Chief of Police for the City of Fort Wayne, Chief of Fire for the City of Fort Wayne, the Allen County Sheriff and a County Commissioner. The City Controller has the duty and responsibility to receive, disburse and account for all monies of the CCP, in accordance with procedures adopted by the City for the receipts and payments of vouchers or claims. The primary government and Allen County equally appoint the CCP board. The component unit's total debt outstanding, if any, including leases, is expected to be repaid almost entirely with the resources of the primary government. Although it is legally separate from the primary government, the CCP is reported as if it is a part of the primary government and is reported as the Consolidated Communications Partnership fund (non-major special revenue fund).

The Fort Wayne Infrastructure Corporation is a significant blended component unit of the primary government. The City created it in 2014 for the sole purpose of financing transportation infrastructure improvements. The primary government appoints a voting majority of the Fort Wayne Infrastructure Corporation's board and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the primary government and the Fort Wayne Infrastructure Corporation. Although it is legally separate from the primary government, the Fort Wayne Infrastructure Corporation is reported as if it were a part of the primary government because it provides services entirely or almost entirely to the primary government. The Fort Wayne Infrastructure Corporation is reported as the Infrastructure Improvements fund (non-major capital projects fund).

Discretely Presented Component Units

The component units column in the financial statements includes the financial data of the City's other component units.

The *Neighborhood Care, Inc.,* doing business as *HANDS* (HANDS) is a significant discretely presented component unit of the primary government. The primary government appoints the elevenmember board. The primary government is able to impose its will and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the primary government and HANDS. HANDS is fiscally dependent on the primary government. HANDS was created by the City to administer the federally funded housing rehabilitation programs.

The Summit Development Corporation (Summit), formerly the Kekionga Development Corporation of Fort Wayne is a significant discretely presented component unit of the primary government. The primary government appoints all the members of the board. The primary government is able to impose its will and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the primary government and Summit. Summit is fiscally dependent on the primary government. Summit was created by the City to finance and/or provide economic development services.

The Fort Wayne Urban Enterprise Association, Inc. (UEA) is a significant discretely presented component unit of the primary government. Fort Wayne Urban Enterprise Association, Inc. (UEA) is governed by an eleven-member board of which five are appointed by the Mayor, four are appointed by the City Council, and two are appointed by the Governor. The primary government appoints a voting majority of the UEA's board. The primary government is able to impose its will and a financial

benefit/burden relationship exists between the primary government and UEA. UEA is fiscally dependent on the primary government. The UEA initiates, coordinates, and promotes community development activities. The UEA acts as a liaison between residents, businesses, local governments, and the State for any and all development activity that may affect the enterprise zone.

The Allen County Fort Wayne Capital Improvements Board of Managers (CIB), formerly the Fort Wayne - Allen County Convention and Tourism Authority, is a significant discretely presented component unit of the primary government. The Allen County Fort Wayne Capital Improvements Board of Managers (CIB) is governed by a seven-member board. The County appoints three members, three are appointed by the City, and the appointed members elect the seventh. CIB's budget is subject to approval by the City and County Councils. Any resolutions for the sale of revenue bonds are subject to review by the Mayor. Any sales of general obligation bonds are subject to approval by the City Council. A financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the primary government and the CIB. CIB operates the Grand Wayne Center (convention center) and promotes tourism.

The Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority (RA) is a significant discretely presented component unit of the primary government. Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority is governed by a three-member board. The members of the board are appointed by the Mayor and must be residents of the City. The Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority was established by the Fort Wayne Redevelopment Commission (a department of the City) in September 2000 and created by the City of Fort Wayne Common Council in February 2002. The Authority was organized under Indiana Code 36-7-14.5 as a separate body corporate and politic and as an instrumentality of the City, for the purpose of financing economic development improvements to be leased to the Commission. The RA's budget is subject to approval by the Commission. A financial burden/benefit relationship exists between the primary government and the RA.

The Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation (PTC) is a significant discretely presented component unit of the primary government. The Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation does business as Citilink and operates a public transit system in a service area that includes the cities of Fort Wayne, New Haven and certain unincorporated areas of Allen County. The PTC is governed by a seven member board of which three are appointed by the Mayor and four are appointed by the City of Fort Wayne - Allen County Council (Council). The Citilink board adopts the budget and tax levy, and approves the issuance of debt. In addition, the Council may review and modify the budget and tax levy, although its approval is not required for the issuance of debt. A financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the primary government and the PTC.

The Downtown Fort Wayne Economic Improvement District (DID) is a significant discretely presented component unit of the primary government. The DID is governed by a thirteen member Board of Directors. One Director is appointed by the Common Council of the City of Fort Wayne. The Mayor of the City of Fort Wayne and the Commissioners of Allen County, each nominate one director, both of which are subject to approval of the Common Council. The remaining ten Directors are elected and must either be property owners within the District or must have demonstrated a commitment to downtown improvement and revitalization within the District. The DID is an Economic Improvement District established under State of Indiana statute that allows owners of non-residential real property to assess themselves to provide services to improve the business climate of the district. The DID's budget is subject to approval by the City Council. A financial burden/benefit relationship exists between the primary government and the DID.

The Community Development Corporation of Fort Wayne (CDC) is a significant discretely presented component unit of the primary government. The CDC is a City of Fort Wayne sponsored 501(c)(6)

not for profit business development organization. The primary objective of CDC is to promote the growth and development of small commercial industrial for profit businesses in Indiana through creative loan programs. The CDC is also doing business under the name Community Development Corporation of Northeast Indiana. The CDC is governed by an eighteen member Board of Directors. The Mayor of the City of Fort Wayne and the Commissioners of Allen County each nominate one director. The primary government is able to impose its will and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the primary government and the CDC. The CDC is fiscally dependent on the primary government.

Financial statements of the individual component units may be obtained from the Controller, City of Fort Wayne or their respective offices as follows:

Controller, City of Fort Wayne Room 470 Citizens Square 200 E. Berry Street Fort Wayne, IN 46802

Fort Wayne Municipal Building Corporation Room 470 Citizens Square 200 E. Berry Street Fort Wayne, IN 46802

Consolidated Communications Partnership Room 600 Rousseau Centre 1 East Main Street Fort Wayne, IN 46802

Fort Wayne Infrastructure Corporation Room 470 Citizens Square 200 E. Berry Street Fort Wayne, IN 46802

Neighborhood Care, Inc. (HANDS) Room 320 Citizens Square 200 E. Berry Street Fort Wayne, IN 46802

Summit Development Corporation Room 320 Citizens Square 200 E. Berry Street Fort Wayne, IN 46802 Fort Wayne Urban Enterprise Association, Inc. 1830 Wayne Trace Fort Wayne, IN 46803

Allen County Fort Wayne Capital Improvements Board of Managers c/o Grand Wayne Center 120 West Jefferson Boulevard Fort Wayne, IN 46802

Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority Redevelopment Commission Room 320 Citizens Square 200 E. Berry Street Fort Wayne, IN 46802

Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation 801 Leesburg Road Fort Wayne, IN 46808

Downtown Fort Wayne Economic Improvement District 904 S. Calhoun Street Fort Wayne, IN 46802

Community Development Corporation of Fort Wayne Room 320 Citizens Square 200 E. Berry Street Fort Wayne, IN 46802

Related Organizations

The primary government's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the primary government's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments. These organizations are called related organizations. The Fort Wayne Housing Authority, Headwaters Park Alliance Inc. and the Hospital Authority of Fort Wayne are related organizations of the City of Fort Wayne.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items, not properly included among program revenues, are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds, however, report only assets and liabilities. Since, they do not report equity (or changes in equity), they have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the primary government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and permits, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General fund is the primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Highways and Streets fund (special revenue) accounts for the financial resources and expenses for construction, operation and maintenance of local and arterial roads and street system. The Motor Vehicle Highway, Local Roads and Streets, Municipal Wheel Tax, Municipal Surtax and LIT Special Distribution funds have been combined to form the Highways and Streets fund. The major revenue sources for these funds include Wheel Tax/Surtax, Fuel Tax and reimbursements from other sources for services such as leaf collection.

The LIT-ED (CEDIT) fund (capital projects) accounts for the financial resources and expenses or projects related to the Local Income Tax - Economic Development (LIT-ED). The Local Income Tax - Economic Development (LIT-ED), Economic Development Incentive, Economic Development Infrastructure, Community Development-Marketing, Community Development-Strategic Objective and the 2009 LIT-ED Bond funds have been combined to form the LIT-ED (CEDIT) fund.

The Parks fund (special revenue) accounts for the financial resources and expenses for the construction, operation and maintenance of the City's park system. The Park and Recreation General, Park Land and Water Conservation, Park Cumulative Building, Park Trust, Park Nonreverting Capital, Park Nonreverting Operating, and the 2017 Park Bond funds have been combined to form the Parks fund. The major revenue sources for these funds include Property Tax, Auto Excise Tax, Commercial Vehicle Excise Tax, County Option Income Tax as well as fees from services and/or programs.

The Fire fund (special revenue) accounts for the financial resources and operations of the Fire District. The Fire Department, Fire Education and Ancillary Services funds have been combined to form the Fire Fund. The major revenue sources for these funds include Property Tax, Auto Excise Tax, Commercial Vehicle Excise Tax as well as any other miscellaneous revenues for services.

The Redevelopment fund (capital projects) accounts for the financial resources and expenses or projects related to redevelopment. The Redevelopment General, Skyline Parking Garage, Superior/Harrison Parking Lots, 1991 Tax Incremental Financing, 1992 Tax Incremental Financing - Getz Road, Civic Center Urban Renewal 1998, Tax Incremental Financing - Fort Wayne International Airport, 2002 Infrastructure Bond, Grand Wayne Property and Miscellaneous Expenses, Grand Wayne Obligation Lease, Grand Wayne Bond Principal & Interest, Redevelopment Bond, Harrison Square Taxable Lease, Harrison Square Tax Exempt Lease, E Main Street Renewal Tax Incremental Financing Project, Hatfield Road Tax Incremental Financing Project, Coventry Lane Tax Incremental Financing Project, Lima Wells Fernhill Tax Incremental Financing Project, West Highway 30 Tax Incremental Financing Project, E Illinois Tax Incremental Financing Project, Lima Ley Tax Incremental Financing Project, Summit Park Tax Incremental Financing Project, Jefferson Point Tax Incremental Financing Project, Chapel Ridge Tax Incremental Financing Project, Brownfield Redevelopment, Renaissance Pointe Tax Incremental Financing Project, Southtown Mall Project, Adams Township Tax Incremental Financing Project, Civic Center Urban Renewal Parking Garage Project, 2005 Southtown Tax-Exempt Bond, Centennial Industrial Park Tax Incremental Financing Project, Ridgewoood Tax Incremental Financing Project, Harrison Square Stadium Maintenance, Harrison Square Parking Garage,

Redevelopment District Capital and Riverfront Development funds have been combined to form the Redevelopment fund.

The Community Legacy Fund (special revenue) accounts for the financial resources and expenses or projects that are in the public's interest and related to transformational investment in the community. The major revenue sources for this fund are the installment payments from the sale of the Electric Utility (see Note 14) and investment earnings.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Utility fund accounts for the operation of the government's water distribution system.

The Wastewater Utility fund accounts for the operation of the government's wastewater treatment plant, pumping stations and collection systems.

The Stormwater Utility fund accounts for the operation of the government's management of stormwater runoff.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The internal service funds (proprietary) account for health insurance, general and auto liability insurance and worker's compensation insurance in a combined self-insurance fund and for garage services provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The pension trust funds (fiduciary) account for the activities of the 1925 Police Officers' Pension and 1937 Firefighters' Pension and Sanitary Officers' Pension funds which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments.

Agency funds (fiduciary) account for the activities and assets held by the government as an agent for the Fort Wayne Neighborhood Housing Partnership (FWNP).

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in-lieu-of taxes and other charges between the government's water, wastewater, storm water function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the primary government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statute (Indiana Code 5-13-9) authorizes the government to invest in securities, including but not limited to, federal government securities, repurchase agreements and certain money market mutual funds. Certain other statutory restrictions apply to all investments made by local governmental units.

Nonparticipating certificates of deposit, demand deposits and similar nonparticipating negotiable instruments that are not reported as cash and cash equivalents are reported as investments at cost.

Debt securities are reported at fair value. Debt securities are defined as securities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Treasury or fully insured or guaranteed by the United States or any United States government agency.

Open-end mutual funds are reported at fair value.

Money market investments that mature within one year or less at the date of their acquisition are reported at amortized cost. Other money market investments are reported at fair value.

Investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is reported as revenue in the operating statement.

2. Interfund Transactions and Balances

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year to cover deficit cash balances are referred to as "Interfund receivables/payables - pooled cash". Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year to cover loans made to other funds, with the expectation of repayment, are referred to as "Interfund receivables". All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "Due from/to other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "Internal balances."

3. Property Taxes

Property taxes levied are collected by the Treasurer of Allen County and are remitted to the City Controller in June and in December. State statutes (Indiana Code 6-1.1-17-16) require the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance to establish property tax rates and levies by February 15. These rates were based upon the preceding year's March 1 (lien date) assessed valuations adjusted for various tax credits. Taxable property is assessed at 100 percent of the true tax value (determined in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance). Taxes may be paid in two equal installments that become delinquent if not

paid by May 10 and November 10. All property taxes collected by the County Treasurer and available for distribution were distributed to the primary government prior to December 31 of the year collected. Delinquent property taxes outstanding at year-end for governmental funds, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts, are recorded as a receivable.

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the City.

5. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method except for the Water Utility, which uses the average cost method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

6. Restricted Assets/Net Position

All restricted assets/net position, as presented in the accompanying financial statements, are restricted due to enabling legislation.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated assets, donated works of art, historical treasures, and similar assets and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Governmental Activities:			
Land	All Capitalized	N/A	N/A
Infrastructure	\$ 5,000	N/A	N/A
Buildings	5,000	Straight-line	40
Improvements other than buildings	5,000	Straight-line	20-25
Machinery and equipment	5,000	Straight-line	5-25
Business-type Activities:			
Solid Waste Management and Parkin	g Garages		
Land	All Capitalized	N/A	N/A
Buildings and improvements	5,000	Straight-line	20-40
Equipment and other	5,000	Straight-line	5-25
Utilities and Yard Waste Facility			
Land	All Capitalized	N/A	N/A
Distribution and collection	2,500	Straight-line	67
Buildings and improvements	2,500	Straight-line	20-44
Equipment and other	2,500	Straight-line	6-67

Infrastructure is reported using the modified approach. Accordingly, depreciation is not reported for this subsystem and all expenditures, except for additions and improvements made for the subsystem, are expensed. Management of the City has determined the condition level at which infrastructure assets are to be maintained. The City makes annual estimates of the amounts that must be expended to preserve and maintain these assets at the predetermined condition levels. The City also performs periodic condition assessments to verify that these condition levels are being maintained. The City of Fort Wayne has included all retroactive infrastructure acquired prior to the implementation of GASB 34.

For depreciated assets, the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. In 2017 net interest capitalized was \$218,784 for Water Utility, \$5,592,534 for Wastewater Utility and \$328,951 for Stormwater Utility.

8. Assets Held for Economic Development

Assets held for economic development are valued at lower of cost or market. These assets are held by the City with the intent to sell or donate them in the future for economic development purposes.

9. Compensated Absences

City employees are entitled to accumulate earned but unused vacation pay benefits depending on their length of employment or whether or not they belong to a union. Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the proprietary funds and reported as a fund liability. Vacation pay is accrued for employees of governmental funds in the government-wide statements. The major governmental and proprietary funds are primarily used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

Police Officers and Firefighters

Vacation Leave:

Vacation leave policies for police officers and firefighters are set forth in the appropriate union agreements with the City. Vacation leave for police officers ranges from seven days per year after six months of service to thirty-four days per year after twenty years of service. The range of vacation leave for firefighters is as follows: Forty hour personnel - twelve days after one year of service to thirty-two days after twenty years of service; Combat personnel - six days after one year of service to sixteen days after twenty years of service.

Sick Leave:

Police officers do not have an earned sick leave plan but receive pay while they are sick based on regulations set by their department. Firefighters injured or sick shall have leave paid by the City for a period of not more than one year. Firefighters who have physical restrictions that allow them to work in an alternate duty status but prevent them from working in the Operations Division are utilized on their normal work schedule to assist the administration.

Employees Other Than Police Officers and Firefighters

Generally, the employees of the City of Fort Wayne receive the following:

Vacation Leave:

Length of Service	Vacation Leave
6 Months to 5 Years	2 Weeks
6 Years to 14 Years	3 Weeks
15 Years to 19 Years	4 Weeks
Over 19 Years (hired before 1/1/96)	5 Weeks
Over 19 Years (hired after 1/1/96)	4 Weeks

For union and non-union employees, unused vacation shall automatically be carried over into the next year; however, amounts of more than two year's carryover shall be lost if not used by December 31st.

Sick Leave:

All full-time City employees will receive 40 hours of sick time per calendar year to be used or forfeited by the end of the same calendar year. Regular part-time employees will receive 20 hours of sick time per calendar year. Sick time will be pro-rated for all employees hired May 1st or after of each year.

Employees with a balance of sick time as of December 31, 2013 will have this balance placed into a separate, frozen sick time account. All employees with a frozen sick time account will receive compensation for this unused sick leave upon separation from employment at \$1.00 for each hour up to 520 hours.

Employees with a frozen sick time account will be eligible for either 50 percent of the employee's hourly rate as of December 31, 2013 for each accumulated hour over 520, or an employee with 20 years of City service and who retires, may receive credit at the rate of 100 percent of the employee's hourly rate at December 31, 2013 for each sick hour over 520 to be used for the purchase of group health insurance. The maximum payment per employee cannot exceed \$25,000.

10. Unbilled Revenue

The enterprise and the internal service funds accrue revenue for sales and services performed, but not yet billed, as of the financial statement date.

11. Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenue is available, but not earned at year-end (applies to government-wide and fund statements).

12. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and, therefore, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time.

13. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and, therefore, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

14. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as regulatory assets and amortized over the term of the related debt in the business-type activities of the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary fund statements per the exception for regulatory utilities in *GASB Statement No. 65*. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

15. Pensions

For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to or deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported for all the plans by their respective trustees. The Indiana Public Retirement System is the trustee for Indiana Public Employees' Retirement Fund and 1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension and Disability Fund. The 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan, 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan and Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan are administered by separate local

pension boards as authorized by state statute or as mandated by Allen County Circuit Court. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

16. Fund Balance

Fund balance in the governmental fund statements have been classified per *GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. City's governmental fund balances are reported under classifications of nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances. A brief description of each category is as follows:

Nonspendable - represents amounts that are not in spendable form, such as inventories, assets held for economic development and non-current loans receivable.

Restricted - represents amounts restricted to specific purposes because of constraints placed on their use that are either externally imposed such as by grantors or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose pursuant to constraints imposed by the government's highest level of decision making authority. The City of Fort Wayne's highest level of decision making authority is the City Council. Fund balance commitments are established, modified, or rescinded by City Council action through passage of an ordinance.

Assigned - represents amounts that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed, but are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes. Intent is expressed by legislation or by action of the Board of Public Works or the City Controller to which legislation has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned - represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. Only the general fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance; whereas, other governmental funds may need to report a negative unassigned fund balance if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is generally depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

For functionalized classification of fund balance, please refer to Note 19.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

A. Primary Government

1. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Indiana Code 5-13-8-1 allows a political subdivision of the State of Indiana to deposit public funds in a financial institution only if the financial institution is a depository eligible to receive state funds; and has a principal office or branch that qualifies to receive public funds of the political subdivision. The bank balances were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the

Public Deposit Insurance Fund, which covers all public funds held in approved depositories. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk.

2. Investments

Authorization for investment activity is stated in Indiana Code 5-13. As of December 31, 2017, the City had the following investments:

		Investment Maturity						
Investment Type	 Fair Value	Le	ss Than 1 Year	Greater ⁻	Than 1 Year			
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 97,664,535	\$	97,664,535	\$	_			
Mutual Funds	 40,620,244		40,620,244					
Total	\$ 138,284,779	\$	138,284,779	\$	_			

Investment Policies

Indiana Code 5-13-9 authorizes the City to invest in securities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Treasury or fully guaranteed by the United States of America and issued by the United States Treasury, a federal agency, a federal instrumentality, or a federal government sponsored enterprise. Indiana Code also authorizes the unit to invest in securities fully guaranteed and issued by a federal agency, a federal instrumentality or a federal government sponsored enterprise. These investments are required by statute to have a stated final maturity of not more than five years.

Indiana Code also provides for investment in money market mutual funds that are in the form of securities or interest in an open-end, no-load, management-type investment company or investment trust registered under the provision of the federal Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Investments in money market mutual funds may not exceed 50 percent of the funds held by the City and available for investment. The portfolio of an investment company or investment trust used must be limited to direct obligations of the United States of America, obligations issued by a federal agency, a federal instrumentality, or a federal government sponsored enterprise; or repurchase agreements fully collateralized by direct obligations of the United States of America or obligations issued by a federal agency, a federal instrumentality, or a federal government sponsored enterprise. The form of securities of, or interest in, an investment company or investment trust must be rated as AAA, or its equivalent by Standard and Poor's Corporation or its successor or Aaa, or its equivalent, by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or its successor. The form of securities in an investment company or investment trust should have a stated final maturity of one day.

The City may enter into repurchase agreements with depositories designated by the State Board of Finance as depositories for state deposits involving the unit's purchase and guaranteed resale of any interest-bearing obligations issued or fully insured or guaranteed by the United States of America, a United States of America government agency, an instrumentality of the United States of America, or a federal government sponsored enterprise. The repurchase agreement is considered to have a stated final maturity of one day. This agreement must be fully collateralized by interest-bearing obligations as determined by their current market value.

The Community Legacy Fund, which invests in a variety of securities and mutual funds, is not subject to the requirements of Indiana Statutes governing authorized investments.

Investment Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal investment policy for custodial credit risk for investments that are uninsured and 1) uncollateralized, 2) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or 3) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the government's name.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City must follow state statue and limit the stated final maturities of the investments to no more than five years. The City does not have a formal investment policy for interest rate risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City does not have a formal investment policy in regards to credit risk for investments. The distribution of securities with credit ratings is summarized below.

		of Fort Wayne nvestments
Investment Type	Morningstar Rating	Fair Value
Certificates of Deposit	NR	\$ 97,664,535
Mutual Funds	Below Average	24,182,950
	Average	7,378,009
	Above Average	2,078,105
	High	6,981,180
Total		\$ 138,284,779

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single user. The City does not have a policy in regards to concentration of credit risk. United States of America government and United States of America governmental agency securities are exempt from this policy requirement.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk relates to adverse effects on the fair value of an investment from changes in exchange rates. The City does not have a formal policy in regards to foreign currency risk. The City's exposure to foreign currency risk derives from their investment at December 31, 2017 in foreign mutual funds with a fair value of \$12,667,277.

3. Disclosure About Fair Value of Financial Investments

The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to

valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3). The three levels of fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the City has the ability to access.

Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuations methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques need to maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Investment value is determined by reference to quoted market prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions.

The following table summarizes the valuation of investments by the fair value hierarchy levels as of December 31, 2017:

Investment Type	 Fair Value	Level 1		Level 1 Level 2		Level 3
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 97,664,535	\$	_	\$	97,664,535	\$ _
Mutual Funds	40,620,244		40,620,244		_	_
Total	\$ 138,284,779	\$	40,620,244	\$	97,664,535	\$ _

B. Discretely Presented Component Units

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Indiana Code 5-13-8-1 allows a political subdivision of the State of Indiana to deposit public funds in a financial institution only if the financial institution is a depository eligible to receive state funds, and has a principal office or branch that qualifies to receive public funds of the political subdivision. At December 31, 2017, the City's discretely presented component units' deposits with financial institutions of \$26,059,661 were entirely insured by federal depository insurance, with the exception of Urban Enterprise Association's deposits of \$591,909 and Community Development Corporation's deposits of \$2,973,022.

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 was as follows:

Primary government:

Governmental activities:	Balance, 01/01/2017	Additions	Reductions	Balance, 12/31/2017
Capital assets not being depreciated:		-		
Land	\$ 40,555,901	\$ 4,978,705	\$ 3,652,870	\$ 41,881,736
Roads accounted for using the modified approach	531,972,953	34,849,915	_	566,822,868
Construction in progress	12,202,670	13,207,611	8,871,268	16,539,013
Total capital assets not being depreciated	584,731,524	53,036,231	12,524,138	625,243,617
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	161,330,774	4,335,073	_	165,665,847
Improvements other than buildings	92,264,488	1,784,272	_	94,048,760
Machinery and equipment	82,955,469	9,985,578	2,374,840	90,566,207
Total capital assets being depreciated	336,550,731	16,104,923	2,374,840	350,280,814
Less accumulated depreciation for:			·	
Buildings	46,946,192	4,023,769	_	50,969,961
Improvements other than buildings	37,764,774	2,479,625	_	40,244,399
Machinery and equipment	57,219,084	6,668,048	1,605,980	62,281,152
Total accumulated depreciation	141,930,050	13,171,442	1,605,980	153,495,512
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	194,620,681	2,933,481	768,860	196,785,302
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 779,352,205	\$ 55,969,712	\$ 13,292,998	\$ 822,028,919

The above governmental activities capital assets include internal service funds capital assets as follows:

	Balance, 01/01/2017			Additions		Reductions		Balance, 12/31/2017	
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	27,277	\$	_	\$	_	\$	27,277	
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings		573,359		_		_		573,359	
Machinery and equipment		597,796		35,051		_		632,847	
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,171,155		35,051				1,206,206	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings		261,637		50,377		_		312,014	
Machinery and equipment		565,062		22,614		_		587,676	
Total accumulated depreciation		826,699		72,991				899,690	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	•	344,456		(37,940)		_		306,516	
Total internal service capital assets, net	\$	371,733	\$	(37,940)	\$		\$	333,793	

Balance, 01/01/2017			Additions	1	Reductions	Balance, 12/31/2017		
\$	15,182,723	\$	1,665,468	\$	_	\$	16,848,191	
	62,443,564		83,283,059		63,370,513		82,356,110	
	77,626,287		84,948,527		63,370,513		99,204,301	
	728,880,039		44,397,963		1,049,214		772,228,788	
	268,881,729		7,954,683		14,356		276,822,056	
	293,163,884		10,620,619		2,051,765		301,732,738	
1,	290,925,652		62,973,265		3,115,335	1	350,783,582	
		_		_		_		
	188,271,082		10,236,942		856,161		197,651,863	
	93,696,072		5,739,692		14,356		99,421,408	
	133,824,995		13,120,044		1,723,804	145,221,235		
	415,792,149	_	29,096,678		2,594,321		442,294,506	
_	875,133,503	_	33,876,587		521,014		908,489,076	
		\$		\$	63,891,527	\$1.	007,693,377	
			Additions	F	Reductions	1	Balance, 2/31/2017	
\$	1,245,117	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,245,117	
	53,502				53,502			
	1,298,619	_	_		53,502		1,245,117	
	, ,		•		_		64,065,822	
							25,270,536	
	87,672,298		1,676,209		12,149		89,336,358	
	21 010 045		1 400 007				00 040 650	
					12 140		23,343,652 14,821,887	
		_		_		_	38,165,539	
_		_		_	12,149	_	51,170,819	
\$	53,915,809	\$, , ,	\$	53,502	\$	52,415,936	
	0 \$ 1,; \$ \$ 9	\$ 15,182,723 62,443,564 77,626,287 728,880,039 268,881,729 293,163,884 1,290,925,652 188,271,082 93,696,072 133,824,995 415,792,149 875,133,503 \$ 952,759,790 Balance, 01/01/2017 \$ 1,245,117 53,502 1,298,619 63,548,781 24,123,517 87,672,298 21,919,845 13,135,263 35,055,108 52,617,190	\$ 15,182,723 \$ 62,443,564 77,626,287 728,880,039 268,881,729 293,163,884 1,290,925,652 188,271,082 93,696,072 133,824,995 415,792,149 875,133,503 \$ 952,759,790 \$ Balance, 01/01/2017 \$ 1,245,117 \$ 53,502 1,298,619 63,548,781 24,123,517 87,672,298 21,919,845 13,135,263 35,055,108 52,617,190	\$ 15,182,723 \$ 1,665,468 62,443,564 83,283,059 77,626,287 84,948,527 728,880,039 44,397,963 268,881,729 7,954,683 293,163,884 10,620,619 1,290,925,652 62,973,265 188,271,082 10,236,942 93,696,072 5,739,692 133,824,995 13,120,044 415,792,149 29,096,678 875,133,503 33,876,587 \$ 952,759,790 \$ 118,825,114	01/01/2017 Additions \$ 15,182,723 \$ 1,665,468 62,443,564 83,283,059 77,626,287 84,948,527 728,880,039 44,397,963 268,881,729 7,954,683 293,163,884 10,620,619 1,290,925,652 62,973,265 188,271,082 10,236,942 93,696,072 5,739,692 133,824,995 13,120,044 415,792,149 29,096,678 875,133,503 33,876,587 \$ 952,759,790 \$ 118,825,114 \$ 1,245,117 \$ \$ \$ \$ 53,502 \$ \$ 1,298,619 \$ \$ 63,548,781 517,041 24,123,517 1,159,168 87,672,298 1,676,209 21,919,845 1,423,807 13,135,263 1,698,773 35,055,108 3,122,580 52,617,190 (1,446,371)	01/01/2017 Additions Reductions \$ 15,182,723 \$ 1,665,468 \$ — 62,443,564 83,283,059 63,370,513 77,626,287 84,948,527 63,370,513 728,880,039 44,397,963 1,049,214 268,881,729 7,954,683 14,356 293,163,884 10,620,619 2,051,765 1,290,925,652 62,973,265 3,115,335 188,271,082 10,236,942 856,161 93,696,072 5,739,692 14,356 133,824,995 13,120,044 1,723,804 415,792,149 29,096,678 2,594,321 875,133,503 33,876,587 521,014 \$ 952,759,790 \$ 118,825,114 \$ 63,891,527 Balance, 01/01/2017 Additions Reductions \$ 1,245,117 — \$ — 53,502 — 53,502 1,298,619 — 53,502 63,548,781 517,041 — 24,123,517 1,159,168 12,149 87,672,298 <t< td=""><td>01/01/2017 Additions Reductions \$ 15,182,723 \$ 1,665,468 \$ — \$ 62,443,564 83,283,059 63,370,513 77,626,287 84,948,527 63,370,513 728,880,039 44,397,963 1,049,214 268,881,729 7,954,683 14,356 293,163,884 10,620,619 2,051,765 1,290,925,652 62,973,265 3,115,335 1, 188,271,082 10,236,942 856,161 93,696,072 5,739,692 14,356 133,824,995 13,120,044 1,723,804 415,792,149 29,096,678 2,594,321 875,133,503 33,876,587 521,014 \$ 952,759,790 \$ 118,825,114 \$ 63,891,527 \$1, \$ 1,245,117 \$ — \$ — \$ \$ 53,502 \$ 53,502 \$ 53,502 \$ 1,298,619 \$ 53,502 \$ 1,298,619 \$ 53,502 \$ 1,298,619 \$ 1,423,807 \$ 1,423,517 1,159,168 12,149 \$ 1,423,517 1,159,168 12,149 \$ 1,423,807 \$ 1,423,807 \$ 1,423,807 \$ 1,423,807 \$ 1,423,807</td></t<>	01/01/2017 Additions Reductions \$ 15,182,723 \$ 1,665,468 \$ — \$ 62,443,564 83,283,059 63,370,513 77,626,287 84,948,527 63,370,513 728,880,039 44,397,963 1,049,214 268,881,729 7,954,683 14,356 293,163,884 10,620,619 2,051,765 1,290,925,652 62,973,265 3,115,335 1, 188,271,082 10,236,942 856,161 93,696,072 5,739,692 14,356 133,824,995 13,120,044 1,723,804 415,792,149 29,096,678 2,594,321 875,133,503 33,876,587 521,014 \$ 952,759,790 \$ 118,825,114 \$ 63,891,527 \$1, \$ 1,245,117 \$ — \$ — \$ \$ 53,502 \$ 53,502 \$ 53,502 \$ 1,298,619 \$ 53,502 \$ 1,298,619 \$ 53,502 \$ 1,298,619 \$ 1,423,807 \$ 1,423,517 1,159,168 12,149 \$ 1,423,517 1,159,168 12,149 \$ 1,423,807 \$ 1,423,807 \$ 1,423,807 \$ 1,423,807 \$ 1,423,807	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 1,039,679
Public safety	4,801,757
Highways and streets	2,426,319
Health and welfare	106,672
Economic development	1,410,977
Culture and recreation	2,375,018
Urban redevelopment and housing	938,029
Subtotal	13,098,451
Internal Service Funds*	72,991
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 13,171,442
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 10,958,310
Wastewater	15,415,026
Stormwater	2,449,677
Parking garages	254,391
Solid waste	14,882
Other	4,392
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 29,096,678

^{*}Capital assets held by the primary government's internal service funds are charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets.

Note 4. Long-term Debt

A. Changes in Long-term Debt

During the year ended December 31, 2017 the following changes occurred in liabilities reported on the Statement of Net Position:

Primary government:

Governmental Activities:	Balance, 1/1/2017	Additions	Reductions	Balance, 12/31/2017	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 1,025,000	\$ 5,150,000	\$ 845,000	\$ 5,330,000	\$ 540,000
Special obligation bonds	52,465,000	_	5,940,000	46,525,000	6,105,000
Compensated absences	9,428,983	3,960,384	3,847,535	9,541,832	8,507,232
First mortgage bonds	24,635,000	_	2,590,000	22,045,000	2,700,000
Capital leases	70,104,719	14,150,000	8,945,825	75,308,894	9,430,232
Notes and loans payable	5,900,000	_	440,000	5,460,000	440,000
Other postemployment benefits liability (Note 10)	32,423,552	10,677,565	6,283,673	36,817,444	_
Net pension liability (Note 24)	244,463,512		4,771,462	239,692,050	
Totals	\$440,445,766	\$ 33,937,949	\$ 33,663,495	\$440,720,220	\$ 27,722,464

Business-type Activities:	Balance, 1/1/2017	Additions	Reductions	Balance, 12/31/2017	Due Within One Year
Revenue bonds	\$308,820,000	\$ 60,545,000	\$ 57,265,000	\$312,100,000	\$ 19,915,000
Compensated absences	2,095,602	1,989,659	2,015,274	2,069,987	1,427,704
Capital leases	624,128	1,710,000	738,141	1,595,987	231,635
Notes and loans payable	316,316,078	3,776,904	9,511,199	310,581,783	13,699,770
Net pension liability (Note 24)	20,490,169		2,126,456	18,363,713	
Totals	\$648,345,977	\$ 68,021,563	\$ 71,656,070	\$644,711,470	\$ 35,274,109

Discretely presented component units:

	Balance, 1/1/2017	Additions	Reductions	Balance, 12/31/2017	Due Within One Year
Lease rental revenue bonds payable	\$ 74,440,000	\$ —	\$ 4,150,000	\$ 70,290,000	\$ 4,555,000
Capital leases	18,932,500	_	1,385,000	17,547,500	1,442,500
Other postemployment benefits liability (Note 10)	3,746,967	563,284	510,336	3,799,915	_
Net pension liability (Note 24)	15,821,020		4,443,814	11,377,206	
Totals	\$112,940,487	\$ 563,284	\$ 10,489,150	\$103,014,621	\$ 5,997,500

The major governmental funds - General, Highways and Streets, Parks and Fire, and the major proprietary funds - Water Utility, Wastewater Utility, Stormwater Utility are primarily used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

The major governmental funds - General, Highways and Streets, Parks and Fire, the major proprietary funds - Water Utility, Wastewater Utility, Stormwater Utility, and the pension trust funds are primarily used to liquidate the liability for net pension liability.

The major governmental funds - General, Highways and Streets, Parks and Fire are primarily used to liquidate the liability for other postemployment benefits.

B. Description of Bond Issues:

Primary government:

Governmental Activities:

General Obligation Bonds:		Balance, 12/31/2017		Due Within One Year		Premium Discount)	Due In More Than One Year	
\$3,100,000 2009 Park District Refunding Bonds due in installments of \$340,000 to \$355,000 plus interest through July 1, 2019; interest at 4.000 percent.	\$	695,000	\$	340,000	\$	14,752	\$	369,752
\$5,150,000 2017 Park District Bonds due in installments of \$100,000 to \$400,000 plus interest through December 1, 2026; interest at 2.330 percent.		4.635.000		200.000				4.435.000
r, 2020, interest at 2.330 percent.		4,035,000		200,000				4,435,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	5,330,000	\$	540,000	\$	14,752	\$	4,804,752

Special Obligation Bonds:	Balance, 12/31/2017	Due Within One Year	Premium (Discount)	Due In More Than One Year		
\$3,310,000 Redevelopment District Revenue Bonds, Series 2005 A-1 due in installments of \$135,000 to \$155,000 plus interest through June 1, 2021; interest at 4.375 percent to 4.375 percent.	\$ 1,025,000	\$ 275,000	\$ 12,998	\$ 762,998		
\$6,690,000 Redevelopment District Revenue Bonds, Series 2005 A-2 due in installments of \$280,000 to \$330,000 plus interest through June 1, 2021; interest at 5.240 percent.	2,130,000	570,000	_	1,560,000		
\$30,000,000 2009 Economic Development Income Tax Revenue Bonds due in installments of \$475,000 to \$1,015,000 plus interest through June 1, 2034; interest at 4.000 percent to 5.125 percent.		960,000	(348,964)	21,846,036		
\$30,000,000, 2014 Economic Development Income Tax Lease Rental Bonds due in installments of \$2,130,000 to \$2,350,000 plus interest through June 15, 20212; interest at 2.430 percent.		4,300,000	_	15,915,000		
Total Special Obligation Bonds	\$ 46,525,000	\$ 6,105,000	\$ (335,966)	\$ 40,084,034		
First Mortgage Bonds:	Balance, 12/31/2017	Due Within One Year	Premium (Discount)	Due In More Than One Year		
\$4,215,000 2005 First Mortgage Bonds due ir installments of \$165,000 to \$185,000 plus interest through December 1, 2020; interest at 4.500 percent to 4.500 percent.	t	\$ 335,000	\$ —	\$ 725,000		
\$20,825,000, Amended 2006 First Mortgage Bonds due in installments of \$1,645,000 to \$1,895,000 plus interest through December 15, 2022; interest at 4.800 percent to 5.010 percent.	t	1,645,000	_	7,280,000		
\$7,655,000, 2009 First Mortgage Bonds-Series 2009 due in installments of \$155,000 to \$815,000 plus interest through December 15, 2022; interest at 4.000 percent to 4.125 percent.	t	720,000	62,970	2,562,970		
\$8,840,000, 2009 First Mortgage Bonds-Series 2009E due in installments of \$690,000 to \$2,465,000 plus interest through December 15, 2029; interest at 5.600 percent to 6.370 percent.	3		_	8,840,000		
Total First Mortgage Bonds	\$ 22,045,000	\$ 2,700,000	\$ 62,970	\$ 19,407,970		
Business-type Activities:				Due In More		
Revenue Bonds:	Balance, 12/31/2017	Due Within One Year	Premium (Discount)	Than One Year		
\$1,700,000 2001 Parking Garage Revenue Bonds due in installments of \$120,000 to \$140,000 plus interest through January 15, 2021; interest at 5.510 percent to 5.590 percent.	·	\$ 120,000	\$ —	\$ 400,000		

Revenue Bonds:	Balance, 12/31/2017	Due Within One Year	Premium (Discount)	Due In More Than One Year
\$16,700,000 2005 Water Works Revenue Bond due in installments of \$2,250,000 to \$2,345,000 plus interest through December 12, 2019; interest at 4.000 percent to 4.130 percent.	4,595,000	2,250,000	2,948	2,347,948
\$38,100,000 2011 Sewage Works Revenue Bonds of 2011, due in installments of \$2,725,000 to \$3,490,000 plus interest through August 1, 2026; interest at 2.800 percent.	27,605,000	2,725,000	_	24,880,000
\$15,530,000 2012 Sewage Works Revenue Bonds of 2012, due in installments of \$1,035,000 to \$1,295,000 plus interest through August 1, 2027; interest at 2.000 percent to 3.000 percent.	11,495,000	1,035,000	334,580	10,794,580
\$19,675,000 2012 Sewage Works Refunding Revenue Bonds of 2012, due in installments of \$2,020,000 to \$2,140,000 plus interest through August 1, 2022; interest at 1.450 percent.	10,385,000	2,020,000	17,291	8,382,291
\$40,000,000 2012 Water Works Revenue Bonds of 2012, due in installments of \$1,180,000 to \$2,975,000 plus variable interest through December 1, 2032.	35,005,000	1,180,000	353,874	34,178,874
\$7,335,000 2013 Sewage Works Refunding Revenue Bonds of 2013, due in installments of \$1,390,000 to \$1,390,000 plus interest through August 1, 2018; interest at 1.000 percent.	1,390,000	1,390,000	_	_
\$32,955,000 2013 Sewage Works Revenue Bonds of 2013 Series A, due in installments of \$2,135,000 to \$4,060,000 plus interest through August 1, 2024; interest at 1.950 percent.	25,080,000	2,135,000	397,371	23,342,371
\$42,260,000 2013 Sewage Works Revenue Bonds of 2013 Series B, due in installments of \$4,165,000 to \$5,295,000 plus interest through August 1, 2033; interest at 3.500 percent to 3.630 percent.	42,260,000	_	_	42,260,000
\$63,000,000 2014 Water Works Revenue Bonds of 2014, due in installments of \$600,000 to \$5,730,000 plus interest through December 1, 2034; interest at 2.000 percent to 4.000 percent.	61,340,000	600,000	1,139,568	61,879,568
\$35,440,000 2016 Sewage Works Refunding Revenue Bonds of 2016, due in installments of \$1,480,000 to \$4,040,000 plus interest through August 1, 2027; interest at 2.000 percent to 4.000 percent.	31,880,000	3,295,000	2,325,505	30,910,505
\$27,320,000 2017 Stormwater Management District Revenue & Refunding Bonds due in installments of \$775,000 to \$1,065,000 plus interest through February 1, 2033; interest at 2.000 to 3.000 percent.	27,145,000	1,550,000	390,042	25,985,042
$$16,700,000\ 2017\ A\ Sewage\ Works\ Refunding\ Revenue\ Bonds\ due\ in\ installments\ of\ $805,000\ to\ $1,500,000\ plus\ interest\ through\ August\ 1,2030;\ interest\ at\ 2.530\ percent.$	16,700,000	805,000	_	15,895,000
\$16,700,000 2017 B Sewage Works Refunding Revenue Bonds due in installments of \$810,000 to \$1,500,000 plus interest through August 1, 2030; interest at 2.530 percent.	16,700,000	810,000		15,890,000
Total Revenue Bonds	\$312,100,000	\$19,915,000	\$ 4,961,179	\$297,146,179

Discretely presented component units:

Lease Rental Revenue Bonds:	Balance, 12/31/2017	Due Within One Year	Premium (Discount)	Due In More Than One Year		
\$18,235,000 2007B Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority Lease Rental Revenue Bonds due in installments of \$840,000 to \$1,450,000 plus interest through February 1, 2020; interest at 5.625 percent to 5.800 percent.	\$ 5,990,000	\$ 2,405,000	\$ (15,369)	\$ 3,569,631		
\$25,135,000 2012 Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority Lease Rental Revenue Refunding Bonds due in installments of \$1,415,000 to \$1,980,000 plus interest through February 1, 2028; interest at 3.000 percent to 5.000 percent.	18,255,000	1,415,000	1,429,112	18,269,112		
\$24,970,000 2014 Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority Lease Rental Revenue Refunding Bonds due in installments of \$250,000 to \$1,380,000 plus interest through February 1, 2034; interest at 3.000 percent to 5.000 percent.	24,470,000	_	3,148,672	27,618,672		
\$18,365,000 2014A Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority Lease Rental Revenue Bonds due in installments of \$200,000 to \$900,000 plus interest through February 1, 2034; interest at 5.625 percent to 3.250 percent.	17,525,000	595,000	47,058	16,977,058		
\$4,050,000 2016 Fort Wayne Redevelopment Authority Lease Rental Revenue Bonds due in installments of \$125,000 to \$280,000 plus interest through February 1, 2030; interest at 5.625 percent to 2.500 percent.	4,050,000	140,000	22,984	3,932,984		
Total Lease Rental Revenue Bonds	\$ 70,290,000	\$ 4,555,000	\$ 4,632,457	\$ 70,367,457		

The general obligation bond is backed by the full faith and credit of the City of Fort Wayne.

The special obligation bonds and first mortgage bonds are not backed by the full faith and credit of the City of Fort Wayne. The 2005, 2009 Series A and B First Mortgage Bonds, and the 2014 Economic Development Income Tax Revenue Bonds, special obligation bonds, are secured by a pledge of the City's Local Income Tax - Economic Development revenues. The special obligation bond section also includes the 2005 Series A-1 and A-2 redevelopment district revenue bonds that are an obligation of the redevelopment district whose boundaries and taxing district are within the City. The 2005, 2006, 2009 Series A, and 2009 Series B First Mortgage Bonds are secured by the pledge of the mortgaged property.

The general obligation, special obligation, and first mortgage bonds are payable from governmental funds. The revenue bonds are payable from proprietary (enterprise) funds.

The lease rental revenue bonds are payable from the Redevelopment Authority, a discretely presented component unit of the City.

C. Debt Service Requirement to Maturity - Bonds

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on the bonds are as follows:

Primary government:

Year Ended	General Obligation						Special Obligation						
December 31	Principal	Interest		Totals	Principal		Interest			Totals			
2018	\$ 540,000	\$	134,631	\$	674,631	\$	6,105,000	\$	1,724,706	\$	7,829,706		
2019	560,000		116,371		676,371		6,305,000		1,538,236		7,843,236		
2020	215,000		97,336		312,336		6,500,000		1,344,671		7,844,671		
2021	210,000		92,327		302,327		6,215,000		1,142,234		7,357,234		
2022	730,000		84,404		814,404		3,475,000		969,387		4,444,387		
2023-2027	3,075,000		163,218		3,238,218		6,555,000		3,830,151		10,385,151		
2028-2032	_		_		_		8,400,000		1,988,741		10,388,741		
2033-2034							2,970,000		153,493		3,123,493		
Total	\$ 5,330,000	\$	688,287	\$	6,018,287	\$	46,525,000	\$	12,691,619	\$	59,216,619		

Business-type Activities:

Year Ended			Fir	st Mortgage			Revenue	evenue		
December 31	Princ	ipal		Interest	Totals	Principal	Interest		Totals	
2018	\$ 2,70	0,000	\$	1,155,461	\$ 3,855,461	\$ 19,915,000	\$ 8,668,684	\$	28,583,684	
2019	2,83	0,000		1,032,401	3,862,401	21,055,000	8,547,618		29,602,618	
2020	2,96	0,000		902,366	3,862,366	20,080,000	8,050,026		28,130,026	
2021	2,71	0,000		769,988	3,479,988	20,540,000	7,586,736		28,126,736	
2022	2,69	5,000		643,206	3,338,206	23,640,000	7,114,958		30,754,958	
2023-2027	4,65	5,000		2,001,242	6,656,242	108,560,000	26,146,214	1	134,706,214	
2028-2032	3,49	5,000		379,653	3,874,653	80,740,000	11,423,335		92,163,335	
2033-2034						17,570,000	773,519		18,343,519	
Total	\$ 22,04	5,000	\$	6,884,317	\$ 28,929,317	\$ 312,100,000	\$ 78,311,090	\$3	390,411,090	

Discretely presented component units:

Year Ended	Lease Rental Revenue							
December 31		Principal		Interest		Totals		
2018	\$	4,555,000	\$	2,806,769	\$	7,361,769		
2019		5,140,000		2,586,717		7,726,717		
2020		4,735,000		2,351,635		7,086,635		
2021		5,040,000		2,169,000		7,209,000		
2022		5,395,000		1,965,675		7,360,675		
2023-2027		28,010,000		6,288,591		34,298,591		
2028-2032		15,005,000		1,654,867		16,659,867		
2033-2034		2,410,000		93,112		2,503,112		
Total	\$	70,290,000	\$	19,916,366	\$	90,206,366		

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The City is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

The Water Utility, Wastewater Utility and Stormwater Utility bonds carry a pledge of all the revenues of the utilities and, upon default, the holders of the bonds are entitled to all the rights, remedies, and privileges required to compel the collection of sufficient revenues to provide for all payments of principal and interest.

D. Capital Leases Payable

The City has entered into the following capital leases:

Primary government:

Governmental Activities:

Year	Description	Carrying Value
2007	Parking Garage	\$ 18,235,000
2012	Radios	5,570,506
2013	Equipment	6,100,000
2014	Baseball Stadium	24,970,000
2014	Equipment	7,000,000
2014	Fire Truck	950,000
2015	Equipment	2,500,000
2015	Parking Garage	18,365,000
2016	Equipment	9,750,000
2017	Equipment	10,100,000
2017	Residential Tower	4,050,000
	Total	\$ 107,590,506

Business-type Activities

Year	Description	Carrying Value			
2017	City Utilities Equipment	\$ 1,710,000			

Discretely presented component units:

In 2003, the Redevelopment Commission (the City) entered into a \$25,135,000 capital lease agreement (as amended in 2012) with the Redevelopment Authority (RA) for the expansion of the Grand Wayne Center (the Project). Subsequently, Allen County Fort Wayne Capital Improvements Board of Managers (CIB) entered into a sublease agreement with the City stipulating that ultimately the Project's assets will revert to the CIB, therefore, these assets and the corresponding capital lease obligation have been recorded on the CIB's Statement of Net Position.

The following is a schedule of minimum future lease payments and present values of the net minimum lease payments under these capital leases as of December 31, 2017:

	Primary Government					Discretely	
Year Ended December 31		overnmental Activities		siness-type Activities	Presented Component Units		
2018	\$	11,876,138	\$	263,987	\$	2,191,000	
2019		11,052,198		263,986		2,190,500	
2020		8,127,322		263,988		2,188,000	
2021		8,109,569		263,986		2,186,000	
2022		8,261,568		263,988		2,119,000	
2023-2027		27,422,430		395,981		10,255,000	
2028-2032		14,712,500		_		1,026,500	
2033-2034		2,507,000					
Total minimum lease payments		92,068,725		1,715,916		22,156,000	
Less amount representing interest		16,759,831		119,929		4,608,500	
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$	75,308,894	\$	1,595,987	\$	17,547,500	

E. Loans Payable

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loans as of December 31, 2017, are as follows:

Primary government:

Governmental Activities	Balance, 2/31/2017
The City borrowed \$6,250,000 in 2008. Payments are due in installments of \$350,000 to \$400,000 plus interest between 4.620 to 5.380 percent through August 1, 2027. This loan is payable from the Community Development Block Grant Fund (non-major special revenue fund).	\$ 3,800,000
The City borrowed \$1,750,000 in 2013. Payments are due in installments of \$90,000 to \$125,000 plus interest between 1.330 to 3.650 percent through August 1, 2033. This loan is payable from the Community Development Block Grant Fund (non-major special revenue fund).	1,660,000
Total	\$ 5,460,000
Business-type Activities	Balance, 2/31/2017

Business-type Activities

During 2009, 2011, 2012, 2014 and 2016 the City entered into finance assistance agreements with the State of Indiana's Wastewater Revolving Loan program that allows for a maximum of \$5,000,000, \$33,576,000, \$10,415,000, \$17,000,000 and 108,000,000 in 2009, 2011, 2012, 2014 and 2016 respectively, for improvements at the Wastewater treatment facility. At December 31, 2017, \$5,000,000, \$33,576,000, \$10,415,000, \$16,483,664 and \$2,722,324 had been drawn down against the 2009, 2011, 2012, 2014 and 2016 agreements, respectively, resulting in unissued loan principal of \$105,794,012. The City does not intend to draw any more funds against either the 2009, 2011 and 2012 agreement. Payments are due in installments of \$243,824 to \$248,547 plus interest at .160 percent through 2030 for the 2009 agreement. Payments are due in installments of \$1,545,000 to \$2,073,000 plus interest at 2.300 percent through 2031 for the 2011 agreement. Payments are due in installments of \$478,000 to \$612,000 plus interest at 1.780 percent through 2032 for the 2012 agreement. Payments are due in installments of \$772,000 to \$1,094,000 plus interest at 2.350 percent through 2033 for the 2014 Series A agreement. Payments are due in installments of \$3,050,000 to \$1,094,000 plus interest at 2.350 percent through 2039 for the 2016 Series A agreement. The following debt service requirements to maturity reflect the anticipated loan payments after the loans have been drawn completely.

\$ 53,486,311

Business-type Activities

During 2006, 2009, 2011, 2014 and 2016, the City participated in a shared loan arrangement through State of Indiana's State Revolving Fund Pooled Loan program. This program allows Indiana municipalities to collectively borrow funds under the AAA rating of the State of Indiana's credit worthiness as well as receive other financial benefits. Under this program, the City received \$31,900,000 in 2006 to invest in improvements to the Water Utility's infrastructure. Payments are due in installments of \$2,455,000 to \$2,755,000 plus interest at 3.950 percent through 2021. In 2009, the City received \$29,091,005 to invest in improvements in the Wastewater Utility's infrastructure. Payments are due in installments of \$1,278,051 to \$2,084,297 plus interest at 4.160 percent through 2030. In 2011, the City received \$26,906,000 to invest in improvements in the Water Utility's infrastructure. Payments are due in installments of \$1,304,000to \$2,073,000 plus interest at 2.967 percent through 2031. In 2014, the City received \$65,887,000 to invest in improvements in the Wastewater Utility's infrastructure. Payments are due in installments of \$695,000 to \$6,160,000 plus interest at 3.074 percent through 2034 for the 2014 Series B arrangement and in installments of \$210,000 to \$350,000 plus interest at 3.074 percent through 2034 for the 2014 Series C arrangement. In 2016, the City received \$138,583,000 to invest in improvements in the Wastewater Utility's infrastructure. Payments are due in installments of \$653,895 to \$7,325,433 plus interest at 3.060 percent through 2046.

257,095,472 \$ 310,581,783

Balance,

12/31/2017

Total

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loans as of December 31, 2017, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						Business-type Activities			
Year Ended							(Anticipated)	(Anticipated)		
December 31		Principal		Interest		Totals	Principal	Interest	Totals	
2018	\$	440,000	\$	243,354	\$	683,354	\$ 13,699,770	\$ 11,416,787	\$ 25,116,557	
2019		440,000		225,987		665,987	15,092,080	11,036,408	26,128,488	
2020		440,000		207,250		647,250	15,943,988	10,613,391	26,557,379	
2021		440,000		188,108		628,108	17,609,161	10,164,287	27,773,448	
2022		490,000		168,318		658,318	15,259,317	9,664,098	24,923,415	
2023-2027		2,480,000		490,290		2,970,290	97,061,072	41,334,487	138,395,559	
2028-2032		605,000		86,895		691,895	109,262,867	26,850,646	136,113,513	
2033-2037		125,000		4,563		129,563	64,754,735	14,145,580	78,900,315	
2038-2042		_		_		_	39,678,252	7,098,673	46,776,925	
2043-2046		_		_		_	28,014,553	1,962,847	29,977,400	
Unissued						_	(105,794,012)		(105,794,012)	
Total	\$	5,460,000	\$	1,614,765	\$	7,074,765	\$310,581,783	\$144,287,204	\$454,868,987	

F. Debt Refunding

On June 29, 2017 the City of Fort Wayne Municipal Stormwater Utility issued \$6,390,000 in refunding revenue bonds with and average interest rate ranging from 2.0 percent to 3.0 percent to refund \$6,885,000 of outstanding 2006 bond with an average interest rate of 4.0 percent. The net proceeds of \$5,880,900 (after payment of \$30,222 in issuance costs and \$70,661 in bond discount) and local contributions of \$1,141,800 were used to cash defease the 2006 Bonds. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on 2006 series bonds. As a result, these bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the Statement of Net Position. The refunding resulted in the accounting loss of \$56,886, which has been recognized on the Statement of Net Position as Deferral of Loss on Refunding. This amount will be amortized using the straight line method and charged to interest expense over the next 5 years. The City of Fort Wayne Municipal Stormwater Utility in effect lowered its aggregate debt service payment by \$227,910 over the next 5 years and realized

an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$266,836.

On December 22, 2017 the City of Fort Wayne Municipal Sewage Works issued \$33,400,000 in refunding revenue bonds with and average interest rate of 2.53 percent to refund \$32,105,000 of outstanding 2010 series bonds with an average interest rate ranging from 4.25 percent to 4.5 percent. The net proceeds of \$33,528,273 (after payment of \$199,424 in issuance costs) and local contributions of \$1,126,575 were used to cash defease the 2010 bonds and purchase U.S. government securities for the 2010 Bonds. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on 2010 series bonds. As a result, these bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the Statement of Net Position. The refunding resulted in the accounting loss of \$2,193,260, which has been recognized on the Statement of Net Position as Deferral of Loss on Refunding. This amount will be amortized using the straight line method and charged to interest expense over the next 5 years. The City of Fort Wayne Municipal Sewage Works in effect lowered its aggregate debt service payment by \$2,553,947 over the next 5 years and realized an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$1,849,198.

Note 5. Operating Leases

The City leased office space for various City Departments. These leases were considered, for accounting purposes, to be operating leases.

The City has a lease with J.D. Ventures, II, LLC for \$43,500 annually, commencing May 1, 2017 and terminating April 30, 2022. The lease is for the entire office warehouse building at 3220 Ciera Court. The building is being used for storage of city vehicles and related activities.

The City of Fort Wayne entered into a leasing agreement with Ivy Tech Community College on November 1, 2012 to lease to Ivy Tech Community College the entire Public Safety Academy for \$1 per year. This lease ends on December 31, 2022. The City of Fort Wayne entered into a leasing agreement with Ivy Tech Community College on November 1, 2012 to sublease 43,489 square feet of the Public Safety Academy at an annual amount of \$434,890 with a five year automatic renewal option. These leased facilities will be used by the Fort Wayne Police and Fire Department academies for the operation of their training facilities.

Note 6. Deficit Fund Balances

The following funds have deficit fund balances at December 31, 2017:

Non-Major Debt Service fund - Deficit fund balance:	
Public Safety Academy	\$ 801,408
Non-Major Special Revenue funds - Deficit fund balance:	
Reimbursable State Grant	1,736,541
Federal Revolving	35,178
Parking	74,250
Internal Service funds - Deficit fund balance:	
Self Insurance	 1,933,227
Total Deficit fund balances	\$ 4,580,604

The deficit fund balances listed above will be eliminated in 2018 by a decrease in expenditures and an increase in revenues.

Note 7. Interfund Balances and Activity

A. Due To/From Other Funds

The composition of due to/from other funds as of December 31, 2017, is as follows:

	Due From										
Due To	General	Highways and Streets	LIT-ED (CEDIT)	Parks	Non-major Govern- mental	Water	Waste water	Stormwater	Non-major Enterprise	Internal Service	Total
Governmental:											
General	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,622	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,622
Redevelopment	_	_	_	_	_	473,608	_	400,000	_	_	873,608
Non-major Governmental	_	_	114,348	_	200,635	_	_	_	_	_	314,983
Proprietary:											
Water	1,331,553	_	195,670	555	808	_	_	_	398,105	66,310	1,993,001
Wastewater	2,376,268	_	707	_	1,312	_	_	_	597,157	60,164	3,035,608
Stormwater	630,215	7,127	255	_	475	_	_	_	214,831	17,041	869,944
Non-major Enterprise	214	_	4	_	7	_	_	_	3,641	32	3,898
Internal Service	_	_	_	_	_	2,485	3,247	1,176	8	_	6,916
Totals	\$ 4,338,250	\$ 7,127	\$ 310,984	\$ 555	\$ 203,237	\$ 477,715	\$ 3,247	\$ 401,176	\$ 1,213,742	\$ 143,547	\$ 7,099,580

Due to/from other funds resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and (3) payments between funds are made.

B. Interfund Receivables/Payables - Pooled Cash

The following are reported in the fund financial statements:

Receivable Funds		Payable Funds					
Governmental:		Governmental:					
Non-major Governmental	\$ 3,992,849	Non-major Governmental	\$	3,992,849			

The interfund receivable/payable - pooled cash reflects when one fund with positive cash covers another fund with negative cash within the same fund type.

C. Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2017 in the fund financial statements were as follows:

Transfer To

General	Highways and Streets	LIT-ED (CEDIT)	Parks	Redevelop- ment	Non-major Governmental	Stormwater Non-major Enterprise		Total
\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,807,614	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,807,614
_	_	3,795,000	_	2,498,490	6,335,671	_	_	12,629,161
_	_	_	2,722,506	_	_	_	_	2,722,506
_	_	_	_	6,026,068	_	_	33,228	6,059,296
_	_	_	_	2,852,252	_	_	_	2,852,252
22,721	_	_	27,711	363,834	10,831,933	_	_	11,246,199
2,603,043	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,603,043
4,670,166	_	_	_	_	_	11,334,706	_	16,004,872
1,233,469	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,233,469
	966,040							966,040
\$ 8,529,399	\$ 966,040	\$ 3,795,000	\$ 2,750,217	\$ 11,740,644	\$ 19,975,218	\$ 11,334,706	\$ 33,228	\$ 59,124,452
	\$ — ———————————————————————————————————	\$ — \$ — — — — — 22,721 — 2,603,043 — 4,670,166 — 1,233,469 — — 966,040	General Streets LIT-ED (CEDIT) \$ — \$ — — 3,795,000 — — — — — — — — — 22,721 — — 2,603,043 — — 4,670,166 — — 1,233,469 — — — 966,040 —	General Streets LIT-ED (CEDIT) Parks \$ — \$ — — — — 3,795,000 — — — — 2,722,506 — — — — — — — — 22,721 — — 27,711 2,603,043 — — — 4,670,166 — — — 1,233,469 — — — — 966,040 — — —	General Streets LIT-ED (CEDIT) Parks Redevelopment \$ — \$ — \$ — — — \$ — \$ — — — — 3,795,000 — 2,498,490 — — — 6,026,068 — — 6,026,068 — — 2,852,252 22,721 — — 27,711 363,834 —	General Streets LIT-ED (CEDIT) Parks Redevelopment Non-major Governmental \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ 2,807,614 — — 3,795,000 — 2,498,490 6,335,671 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — 6,026,068 — — — — — 2,852,252 — 22,721 — — 27,711 363,834 10,831,933 2,603,043 — — — — — 4,670,166 — — — — — — — 966,040 — — — — —	General Streets LIT-ED (CEDIT) Parks Redevelopment Non-major Governmental Stormwater \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ 2,807,614 \$ — — 3,795,000 — 2,498,490 6,335,671 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	General Interest Streets LIT-ED (CEDIT) Parks Redevelopment Non-major Governmental Non-major Enterprise \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ 2,807,614 \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ —

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt payments become due, (3) use unrestricted revenues from the General fund and LIT-ED (CEDIT) fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with statutes or budgetary authorizations and (4) transfer of Stormwater Utility assets from the Wastewater Utility.

Note 8. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job related illnesses or injuries to employees; medical benefits to employees, retirees, and dependents; and natural disasters. The City assumes some of these risks as described below and carries commercial insurance from independent third parties for excess risk. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

Self Insurance

Beginning in April 2012, the activity for General and Auto Liability, Worker's Compensation, and the Group Health Insurance is accounted for in the Self Insurance fund, an internal service fund.

General and Auto Liability

The City is assuming the risk in this area up to the Indiana governmental tort liability limit of \$700,000 per occurrence and \$5,000,000 per aggregate. Funding levels are determined by a formula based on actuarially recommended minimums by type of risk. Interfund premiums are billed on a cost allocation basis most appropriate to type of risk involved, and are treated as interfund services provided and used. Claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

Worker's Compensation Insurance

Indiana worker's compensation laws require the City to compensate an employee with partial temporary disabilities at a rate of 66.67 percent of the difference between the employee's average weekly wages before and after the accident. An excess policy covers individual claims in excess of \$400,000 per employee per injury. The risk of loss related to Police Officers and Firefighters is assumed separately from this fund, as defined under the Indiana Police and Fire Pension Fund laws.

Premiums are paid into the Self Insurance fund by all insured funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves, and administrative costs of the program. Actuarially recommended interfund premiums are based primarily upon the insured funds' number of employees and the risks involved in their jobs, and are reported as interfund services provided and used. Claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

At December 31, 2017, the total of the liabilities for the Worker's Compensation was \$186,873. This liability is the City's best estimate based on available information. An analysis of claims activities is presented below:

	eginning Balance	Cł	aims and nanges in stimates	Claim ayments	Ending Balance		
2017	\$ 221,684	\$	711,860	\$ 746,671	\$	186,873	
2016	237,627		1,337,511	1,353,454		221,684	

Group Health Insurance

An excess policy covers individual claims in excess of \$325,000 per year. In addition, the insurance company assumes the risk when total monthly claims exceed an amount based upon an aggregate monthly factor that averaged \$3,231,495 in 2017.

Premiums are paid into the Self Insurance fund by all insured funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves, and administrative costs of the program. Interfund premiums are based primarily upon the insured funds' number of employees, and are reported as interfund services provided and used. Claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

At December 31, 2017, the total of the liabilities for the Group Health Insurance was \$2,012,213. This liability is the City's best estimate based on available information. An analysis of claims activities is presented below:

	Beginning Balance	Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Ending Balance		
2017	\$ 1,848,611	\$ 31,568,667	\$ 31,405,065	\$ 2,012,213		
2016	1,630,505	31,527,078	31,308,972	1,848,611		

Note 9. Segment information

	2001 Parking Garage Ad	dition
Types of Goods or Services Provided:	Used to account for revenues ar in connection with the joint City parking facility addition.	nd expenses and County
Condensed Statement of Net Position		
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	238
Miscellaneous receivable		275
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		48,585
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		969,454
Total assets	_	1,018,552
Liabilities:	_	
Current liabilities		133,327
Revenue bonds payable, net		400,000
Total liabilities	_	533,327
Net position:	_	<u> </u>
Net investment in capital assets		449,454
Restricted for: Debt service		35,771
Total net position	\$	485,225
Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and	Changes in Net Position	
Operating income	\$	206,005
Contractual services	•	(39,405)
Depreciation expense		(42,150)
Operating income		124,450
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		,
Interest revenue		7
Interest expense		(29,225)
Change in net position		95,232
Total net position - beginning		389,993
Total net position - ending	\$	485,225
·	-	<u> </u>
Condensed Statement of Cash Flows		
Net cash provided (used) by:		
Operating activities	\$	147,183
Capital and related financing activities		(147,140)
Investing activities		7
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		50
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1		48,773
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$	48,823

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Single-Employer Defined Benefit Plan

1. City of Fort Wayne Healthcare Plan

Plan Description

The Fort Wayne Retiree Healthcare Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City of Fort Wayne in an internal service fund. The plan provides health care benefits and life insurance to eligible retirees and their spouses. Indiana Code 5-10-8 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the City.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members for the Fort Wayne Retiree Healthcare Plan are established by the City Council. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City contributed \$6,283,673 to the plan.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The latest actuarial study was done as of December 31, 2017. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation to the plan.

Annual required contribution	\$ 11,305,653
Interest on net OPEB obligation	1,134,824
Adjustment to ARC	 (1,762,912)
Annual OPEB cost	10,677,565
Contributions made	6,283,673
Increase in net OPEB obligation	4,393,892
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	32,423,552
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 36,817,444

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of the annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost		Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
12/31/2017	\$	10,677,565	59%	\$ 36,817,444
12/31/2016		11,078,520	48%	32,423,552
12/31/2015		10,305,985	44%	26,684,053

Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of December 31, 2017, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$122,749,210 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0 resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$122,749,210. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$99,160,674 and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 124 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about a probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2017, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 10 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5 percent after eleven years. All inflation is covered under the health care cost trend rate and assumes a 2.5 percent rate. A 3.5 percent rate of return on investments is assumed. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2017, was 20 years.

The mortality assumption was updated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The prior assumption used the RP-2014 Total Data Set Mortality tables back to 2006 using Scale MP-2014 projected on a generational basis using Scale MP-2015. The current assumption uses the RP-2014 Total Data Set Mortality tables back to 2006 then projects forward on a generational basis using Scale MP-2017.

2. Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation Healthcare Plan

Plan Description

The Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation (PTC) healthcare plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan providing medical, dental and life insurance benefits to retirees. Employees who retire prior to age 65 and also meet the 85 Rule are eligible to be covered under the same health insurance plan that is available for active employees until attainment of age 65. The spouse and family of the retiree are eligible for the same health insurance coverage provided the retiree if the spouse has no other health insurance coverage from the spouse's employer. The Plan is administered by PTC and does not issue a stand-alone report.

Life Insurance – PTC provides a life insurance benefit of \$10,000 to all retirees as defined by the union agreement.

Health Insurance – Under PTC's union agreement, full-time employees qualifying for full retirement benefits (age plus service equaling 85) who retire have the option of continuing their group insurance coverage until age 65, at the rate of \$1.00 to \$100 per year. Full-time employees qualifying for retirement who retire on or after January 1, 2010, have the option of continuing their group insurance coverage until age 65, at the rate of \$350 per year. Effective January 1, 2014 and 2013, the rate increased to \$957 and \$600 per year and PTC pays the remaining balance of the health care coverage.

Medicare Supplemental Benefits – Under PTC's union agreement, retirees and spouses eligible for Medicare are provided an annual Medicare Supplemental Benefit payment.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members are established by PTC's management. The Plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. PTC funds on a cash basis as benefits are paid. For the year ended December 31, 2017, PTC contributed \$510,336 to the postemployment retirement plan. No assets have been segregated and restricted to provide postretirement benefits within the definition of Plan assets under GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

PTC's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the PTC's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan and changes in the PTC's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 551,177
Interest on net OPEB obligation	168,614
Adjustment to ARC	 (156,507)
Annual OPEB cost	563,284
Contributions made	 510,336
Increase in net OPEB obligation	52,948
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	 3,746,967
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 3,799,915

The PTC's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of the annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost		Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation			
12/31/2017	\$	563,284	91%	\$	3,799,915		
12/31/2016		552,378	48%		3,746,967		
12/31/2015		577,550	44%		3,552,423		

Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of December 31, 2017, the most recent valuation date, the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) was \$6,372,468. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations and are subject to continual revision.

Benefit obligations shown in this report are computed using the projected unit credit method. Benefits are attributed to service based on the plan's benefit eligibility provisions. The beginning of the attribution period is the date of hire and the end is the full eligibility date. The unfunded actuarial accrual liability is amortized over a 30-year closed period level dollar amounts. Cumulative gains and losses are amortized over the same 30-year period as other UAAL. Other assumptions are as follows:

- · Discount rate assumption of 4.5 percent
- Salary scale assumption of 4 percent
- Annual medical costs are assumed to increase 8 percent in 2017. Future annual increases
 are assumed to grade uniformly to a 5 percent level trend rate over a ten year period. Dental
 claims and administrative expenses are assumed to increase at 5 percent per year
- Actual spouse coverage was used in the valuation. Currently, about 50 percent of actives
 cover a spouse and spouses of current retirees receive the same benefits as actives until
 reaching Medicare eligibility age, regardless of whether the retiree has reached Medicare
 age
- 75 percent of future eligible retirees and dependents are assumed to elect medical coverage upon retirement
- The valuation results provided reflect a best estimate of the potential impact of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA). Consideration has been made for provisions of the law that are effective as of the valuation date as well as those provisions that will take effect in the future. In particular, the anticipated future excise tax has been valued and added to the liability reflected in the valuation report. The estimated present value of all future excise tax payments is \$0
- Mortality rates: RP-2104 Total Dataset Mortality Table, adjusted to 2006, with generational mortality improvement projected after year 2006 using Scale MP-2017
- Withdrawal rates: Varied from .021925 at age 20 to .000 at age 60 and over
- Disability rates: Varied from .0012 at age 20 to .0278 at age 60 and over
- Retirement rates: Varied from .010 at age 55 to 1.00 at age 65 for reduced/subsidized early retirement and from .35 at age 55 to 1.00 at age 65 for fully subsidized retirement

Note 11. Conduit Debt

From time to time, the City of Fort Wayne has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City of Fort Wayne, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2017, there were 8 series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal amount payable for 7 series issued after July 1, 1985 was \$45,978,000. The aggregate principal amount payable for the one series issued prior to July 1, 1985, could not be determined; however, the original issue amount was \$8,452,000.

Note 12. Restricted Assets

The City has restricted assets for the following Governmental fund account:

Debt Service Reserve

An amount of money that is required to maintain the reserve account in the full amount of a sum equal to the least of (i) the maximum semiannual debt reserve on the bonds, or (ii) 125 percent of the average annual debt service on the bonds, or (iii) 10 percent of the proceeds of the bond.

The City has restricted assets for the following Proprietary (Enterprise) fund accounts:

Sinking Fund

Monthly deposits into sinking fund account for the Wastewater Utility's net revenues is required to be in an amount equal to at least 1/6 of the next semi-annual interest payment and 1/12 of the next annual principal payment. Other related debt service requirements are held in the debt service account.

Monthly deposits into sinking fund accounts of both the Water and Stormwater Utilities' net revenues are required to be in an amount equal to at least 1/6 of the next semi-annual interest payments and 1/12 of the next annual principal payments. Upon meeting certain minimum balance requirements, transfers may be made to unrestricted cash accounts. Surety bonds purchased by the Utilities cover the Waterworks and Stormwater Reserve Accounts requirements.

Debt Service Reserve

In addition to the sinking fund accounts, revenue bonds require debt service "reserve accounts" which require funding at: the lesser of 10 percent of bond proceeds, the maximum annual principal and interest required thereon, or 125 percent of the average annual principal and interest requirements thereon. The 2016 Sewage Works Refunder bond requires that the debt service reserve for that particular bond be 10 percent of par value. The Utilities calculate its debt service reserve accounts on a consolidated basis and may fund the debt service reserve by holding cash or through the purchase of surety bond insurance. Among other requirements, the surety bond insurer must maintain a AAA or Aaa rating with Standards and Poor's or Moody's respectively.

Prior to 2009, all Utility revenue bonds' debt service reserves were funded through surety bond insurance. As a result of the financial crisis that occurred in late 2008 - early 2009 and up to and including 2017, the surety bond insurers failed to maintain their AAA/Aaa rating. While still insured, this failure to maintain AAA/Aaa ratings required the Utilities to cash fund the debt service reserve accounts for the affected revenue bonds. As of December 31, 2017, all surety bond insurance for Waterworks, Sewage Works and Stormwater Revenue Bonds have been replaced with cash funded debt service reserves as required by bond ordinance.

Construction

Unspent bond issue proceeds to be used in the construction of designated capital assets are included in this account.

Customer Deposits

Customer deposits are refundable amounts received from Water Utility customers to insure against nonpayment of billings or water main damages.

Connection Fees

Certain area connection fees are designated for repayment of certain development costs as well as for reinvestment in specific areas. The unspent connection fees are reported in this restricted category.

Septic Elimination Program

In 2009, the Fort Wayne Board of Public Works authorized the creation of a City Utilities Revolving Fund as an alternative funding source for septic tank elimination in Allen County. This fund provides the funding necessary to construct wastewater mains allowing homeowners to discontinue use of failing septic tanks and connect to public infrastructure. The program also provides financial incentives to encourage septic tank elimination. Any unexpended funds are restricted for future septic tank elimination projects.

Restricted assets at year-end consisted of the following:

		G	overnmental Fund		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds										
Asset Type/Account		LIT-ED (CEDIT)	Community Legacy	_	Total		Water Utility		Vastewater Utility	s	tormwater Utility		ther Non- major nterprise Funds		Totals
Cash and cash equivalents															
Sinking fund	\$	_	\$ —	\$	\$ —	\$	1,015,294	\$	14,792,788	\$	924,500	\$	_	\$	16,732,582
Debt service reserve		2,082,484	_		2,082,484		4,692,561		18,222,143		2,200,550		48,585		25,163,839
Construction		_	_		_		434,394		61,789,038		18,015,186		51		80,238,669
Customer deposits		_	_		_		1,734,370		_		_		_		1,734,370
Connection fees	_				_		_		140,882		_		_		140,882
Septic elimination program			_		_	· _			980,855	· —		_		980,855	
Total		2,082,484		_	2,082,484		7,876,619		95,925,706		21,140,236		48,636		124,991,197
Investments				_											
Debt service reserve		_	11,817,000		11,817,000		7,600,404		27,188,831		_		_		34,789,235
Construction	_			_		_		_	60,375,300			_		_	60,375,300
Total			11,817,000		11,817,000		7,600,404		87,564,131						95,164,535
Total Restricted Assets	\$	2,082,484	\$ 11,817,000	5	\$ 13,899,484	\$	15,477,023	\$	183,489,837	\$	21,140,236	\$	48,636	\$	220,155,732

Note 13. Lease and Subsequent Installment Sale of Electric Utility Assets

The Electric Utility had leased its entire utility system, including power plant, substations, and transmissions and distribution system, to a private electric utility serving the surrounding area. The lease term commenced March 1, 1975, and expired on February 28, 2010.

On October 28, 2010, the City entered into an agreement to transfer the remaining Electric Utility assets to the private electric utility (Transferee) which had previously leased the assets for 35 years under a lease agreement that expired on February 28, 2010. On August 10, 2011, the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission approved the transfer agreement. Under the terms of the transfer agreement, the City transferred ownership of the remaining leased Electric Utility assets, relinquished the right to buy back any betterments under the expired lease and will never again supply electricity within the City of Fort Wayne. The Transferee, in exchange for the remaining Electric Utility assets and the right to be the exclusive supplier of electricity, paid an initial payment of \$5,786,270. The City paid \$555,000 to the Transferee for products and services provided to the City under the previous lease. The Transferee also agreed to pay to the City annual payments as per the following table:

Period		Period Totals		Amount Received		Future Payments
3/1/10 to 2/28/13	\$	5,220,000	\$	5,220,000	\$	
3/1/13 to 2/28/16		6,600,000		6,600,000		_
3/1/16 to 2/28/21		12,000,000		4,600,000		7,400,000
3/1/21 to 2/28/25		10,400,000		_		10,400,000
Totals	\$	34,220,000	\$	16,420,000	\$	17,800,000
	3/1/10 to 2/28/13 3/1/13 to 2/28/16 3/1/16 to 2/28/21 3/1/21 to 2/28/25	3/1/10 to 2/28/13 \$ 3/1/13 to 2/28/16 3/1/16 to 2/28/21 3/1/21 to 2/28/25	3/1/10 to 2/28/13 \$ 5,220,000 3/1/13 to 2/28/16 6,600,000 3/1/16 to 2/28/21 12,000,000 3/1/21 to 2/28/25 10,400,000	3/1/10 to 2/28/13 \$ 5,220,000 \$ 3/1/13 to 2/28/16 6,600,000 3/1/16 to 2/28/21 12,000,000 3/1/21 to 2/28/25 10,400,000	Period Period Totals Received 3/1/10 to 2/28/13 \$ 5,220,000 \$ 5,220,000 3/1/13 to 2/28/16 6,600,000 6,600,000 3/1/16 to 2/28/21 12,000,000 4,600,000 3/1/21 to 2/28/25 10,400,000 —	Period Period Totals Received 3/1/10 to 2/28/13 \$ 5,220,000 \$ 5,220,000 \$ 3/1/13 to 2/28/16 6,600,000 6,600,000 6,600,000 3/1/16 to 2/28/21 12,000,000 4,600,000 4,600,000 3/1/21 to 2/28/25 10,400,000 — —

For accounting purposes, the asset transfer is being treated as an installment sale. As of December 31, 2017, total future payments are \$17,800,000, which is reported as Installments receivable.

On January 1, 2012 Electric Utility balances, with the exception of the net capital assets not previously leased, were transferred to the City's Community Legacy Fund. The amount of the transfer was \$61,368,700.

Note 14. City of Fort Wayne Community Legacy Fund

City Council established the Community Trust Fund in 1975 to account for a portion of the proceeds received from a private utility leasing the assets of the Electric Utility. The lease of the Electric Utility expired on February 28, 2010. The trust received its final \$270,000 annual deposit in May, 2009 and is no longer entitled to future lease revenues or sales proceeds under the 1975 authorizing ordinance.

Under the provisions of the 1975 authorizing ordinance, the corpus of the trust was free from invasion as long as the lease was in force. However, as long as certain provisions were met, including approval by the citizens of Fort Wayne, the City Council had the ability to amend this ordinance and permit invasion of the trust corpus.

In November 2012, the City Council amended the original 1975 authorizing ordinance since there was an approved settlement agreement between the private electric utility and the City of Fort Wayne Electric Utility (see Note 13). The amended ordinance requires that the settlement funds be placed into the Community Legacy Fund (renamed from the Fort Wayne Community Trust) to be used for transformational investment and to leverage additional resources.

Note 15. Tax Abatements

Tax abatements are a valuable incentive to attract new businesses into the Fort Wayne area. Its major impact, however, is to stimulate reinvestment by existing businesses by phasing in the amount of taxes they have to pay on new investments in real and personal property. The types of businesses targeted are those in manufacturing, warehousing, distribution, commercial and/or service industries. Indiana Code 6-1.1-12 allows communities within the state to offer real and/or personal property tax abatements to be phased in over a period of up to ten years. Abatement percentages are on a declining percentage per year. As of December 31, 2017, the City of Fort Wayne offers abatements on two types of investments - (1) real estate and (2) personal property improvements, and has an economic development staff that administers the tax abatement program within its corporate boundaries.

Abatements are granted for property located in an Economic Revitalization Area, defined as an area within the corporate limits of the city that has become "undesirable for, or impossible of, normal development and occupancy because of lack of development, cessation of growth, deterioration of

improvements, or character of occupancy, age, obsolescence, substandard buildings, or other factors which have impaired values or prevented a normal development of property".

Applicants must complete and submit an approved application form and all of the required attachments, as well as a State of Indiana Statement of Benefits form. If both real and personal property improvements are involved, a Statement of Benefits form must be completed for each. The Community Development Division staff will review the application and prepare it for the Fort Wayne Common Council's consideration and approval.

The amount of abatement is determined by the economic development staff based on a scoring point system which provides the guideline of over how many years the taxes will be phased in. The calculations are based on the amount of investment being made and not the actual assessed value which is determined by the County Auditor/Assessor's Office. Once the phase-in schedule is approved by the Fort Wayne Common Council, it is applied to the increased assessed value and property taxes adjusted accordingly. No other commitments are made by the City as part of these agreements.

Real Property Tax Abatements

For tax abatements related to real property, the purchase of land does not qualify for a deduction; only a structure or building. Abatement is only for the increase in the assessed value of the property through the construction of new structures, additions to existing structures, and/or the remodel or repair of a structure that results in an increase in assessed value. Projects located in economic development target areas are eligible for a ten year deduction (tax phase-in) from real property improvements. No other commitments are made by the City as part of these agreements.

Projects involving the redevelopment or rehabilitation of a speculative building of at least 50,000 square feet may receive a ten-year deduction (tax phase-in) from real property improvements. Projects not located in economic development target areas may be eligible for a three, five, seven, or ten-year deduction (tax phase-in) from real property improvements based on the local review system.

Personal Property Tax Abatements

Personal property tax abatements are for equipment and machinery used for the production, manufacturing, fabrication, assembly, or processing of other personal property. In addition, equipment used for research and development, information technology systems, and on-site logistical equipment are eligible for abatement. Used equipment can qualify for abatement if not previously used and taxed in Indiana. Projects located in economic development target areas are eligible for a three, five, seven, or ten-year deduction (tax phase-in) from personal property improvements based on the local review system.

Projects not located in economic development target areas may be eligible for a three, five, seven, or ten-year deduction (tax phase-in) from personal property improvements based on the local review system.

Projects where wages paid on all jobs created are 10 percent or above the average wage in Fort Wayne by occupation and are eligible for a seven or ten year deduction based on the local review system may be granted an alternate deduction schedule.

Commitments Made by Abatement Recipients

In order to obtain an abatement, applicants must indicate that they will retain jobs and/or create new jobs at a specified total salary. Based on the duration of their phase-in, the applicant is expected to maintain 75 percent of what was indicated in their application or be found to be non-compliant.

Provisions for Recapturing Abated Taxes

Although the City does not have any formal policy concerning the recapturing of abated taxes should the recipient not fulfill their agreed requirements, once the City becomes aware of such a situation, the abatement could be terminated based on Fort Wayne Common Council determination.

If the taxpayer and /or applicant ceases operations at the designated site for which a deduction has been granted and the Fort Wayne Common Council finds that the taxpayer and/or applicant obtained the deduction by providing false information concerning the continuing operation at the facility, the taxpayer and/or applicant shall pay back the deduction as determined by the county.

Information relevant to the disclosure of those programs for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 is:

Tax Abatement Program	Abat	Amount of Taxes Abated during the Fiscal Year						
Real Property Abatements	\$	1,551,639						
Personal Property Abatements		995,803						

Note 16. Unearned Revenue

The City reports the following unearned revenue balances in the governmental funds as of December 31, 2017:

	ergovern- nental	l	nstallment Interest	Miscellaneous Other								Due from Capital Improvements Board		Total
Parks	\$ 	\$		\$	73,899	\$ 	\$	73,899						
Redevelopment	_		_		_	5,525,000		5,525,000						
Community Legacy	_		4,385,391		_	_		4,385,391						
Other Non-major Governmental	21,213		_		_	_		21,213						
Total	\$ 21,213	\$	4,385,391	\$	73,899	\$ 5,525,000	\$	10,005,503						

Note 17. Deferred Outflows of Resources

The City reports the following balances of deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position as of December 31, 2017:

	G	overnmental Activities	siness-type Activities	Total			Component Units		
Debt refunding loss	\$	_	\$ 2,731,673	\$	2,731,673	\$	2,711,536		
Outflows of resources related to pledge payable to primary government		_			_		5,525,000		
Outflows of resources related to pensions (See Note 24)		32,792,892	5,203,647		37,996,539		5,566,220		
Total	\$	32,792,892	\$ 7,935,320	\$	40,728,212	\$	13,802,756		

Note 18. Deferred Inflows of Resources

The City reports the following balances of deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position as of December 31, 2017:

	G	overnmental Activities	siness-type Activities	 Total	C	omponent Units
Inflows of resources related to pensions (See Note 24)	\$	23,771,299	\$ 2,050,378	\$ 25,821,677	\$	4,067,418

The City reports the following deferred inflows of resources balances in the governmental funds as of December 31, 2017:

	 Taxes	As	sessments	In	itergovern- mental		Total
General	\$ 8,706,154	\$	_	\$	26,708	\$	8,732,862
LIT-ED (CEDIT)	3,801,855		_		_		3,801,855
Parks	681,804		_		_		681,804
Fire	1,827,194		_		_		1,827,194
Redevelopment	29,117		_		_		29,117
Other Non-major Governmental	 159,327		249,720		3,588,449	_	3,997,496
Total	\$ 15,205,451	\$	249,720	\$	3,615,157	\$	19,070,328

Note 19. Fund balance classification

City's governmental fund balances as of December 31, 2017 are classified as below:

	General	Highways and Streets	LIT-ED (CEDIT)	Parks	Fire	Redevelop- ment	Community Legacy	Non-major Governmental Funds	Totals
Restricted fund balance									
General government	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 53,931	\$ 53,931
Public safety	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	269,865	269,865
Highways and streets	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	63,609	63,609
Health and welfare	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,328,432	1,328,432
Economic development	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	427,498	427,498
Urban redevelopment and housing								12,400,714	12,400,714
Total restricted fund balance								14,544,049	14,544,049
Committed fund balance									
General government:									
Street and road infrastructure	75,253	_	207,851	_	_	_	_	294,713	577,817
Telephone system upgrade	34,845	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	34,845
General Motors IEDC Grant	_	_	574,018	_	_	_	_	_	574,018
Other	344,789	_	_	_	_	_	_	894,929	1,239,718
Highways and streets:									
Street and road infrastructure	_	692,707	803,016	_	_	_	7,120	1,648,080	3,150,923
Trail development	_	_	210,409	_	_	_	206,538	_	416,947
Economic development:									
Gateways	_	_	_	_	_	_	44,344	_	44,344
Strategic, marketing and incentive funds	_	_	274,239	_	_	_	_	_	274,239
Skyline Parking Garage	_	_	_	_	_	495,054	_	_	495,054
Other	_	_	119,946	_	_	_	197,059	_	317,005
Culture and recreation:									
Parks property maintenance and operation	_	_	_	10,367,467	_	_	_	_	10,367,467
Urban redevelopment and housing:									
Harrison square stadium maintenance	_	_	_	_	_	37,743	_	_	37,743
Tax increment financing districts	_	_	_	_	_	5,034,592	_	_	5,034,592
Other	_	68,445	_	_	_	_	_	_	68,445
Total committed fund balance	454,887	761,152	2,189,479	10,367,467		5,567,389	455,061	2,837,722	22,633,157
Assigned fund balance									
General government:									
Betterments	197,723	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	197,723
Vehicle and equipment replacements	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,089,228	3,089,228
Technology upgrades	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	320,710	320,710
Neighborhood improvements	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,024,491	2,024,491
Debt reserves	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,482,155	1,482,155
Other	266,183	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,661,189	2,927,372
Public safety:									•
Law enforcement training	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,205,904	2,205,904
Code enforcement	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	8,376,331	8,376,331
City-County communications operations	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,551,064	1,551,064
Other	139,653	_	_	_	6,532,040	_		51,123	6,722,816
Callel	133,033	_	_	_	0,302,040	_	_	31,123	(Continued)

	General	Highways and Streets	LIT-ED (CEDIT)	Parks	Fire	Redevelop- ment	Community Legacy	Non-major Governmental Funds	Totals
(Continued)									
Highways and streets:									
Street and road infrastructure	6,400	893,516	_	_	_	_	_	455,514	1,355,430
Debt reserves	_	_	2,082,484	_	_	_	_	_	2,082,484
Trail development	_	_	5,884	_	_	_	_	_	5,884
Operations	80,944	5,768,463	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,849,407
Health and welfare	8,043	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	8,043
Economic development:									
Gateways	_	_	8,274	_	_	_	10,771	_	19,045
Community legacy transformation projects	_	_	_	_	_	_	56,049,262	_	56,049,262
Strategic, marketing and incentive funds	_	_	6,497,768	_	_	_	_	_	6,497,768
Other	21,000	_	223,659	_	_	_	_	20,335	264,994
Culture and recreation:									
McMillen community center	_	_	_	32,147	_	_	_	_	32,147
Parks property maintenance and operation	_	_	_	2,079,879	_	_	_	_	2,079,879
Urban redevelopment and housing:									
Tax increment financing districts	_	_	_	_	_	26,061,096	_	_	26,061,096
Harrison square stadium maintenance	_	_	_	_	_	1,829,641	_	_	1,829,641
Redevelopment parking garages operations	_	_	4,460	_	_	1,347,963	_	_	1,352,423
Debt service	_	_	_	_	_	5,485,539	_	_	5,485,539
Other	_	_	_	_	_	6,468,596	_	_	6,468,596
Total assigned fund balance	719,946	6,661,979	8,822,529	2,112,026	6,532,040	41,192,835	56,060,033	22,238,044	144,339,432
Unassigned fund balance	14,783,993		_					(2,647,377)	12,136,616
Total fund balances \$								\$ 36,972,438	

Note 20. Redevelopment Authority

Grand Wayne Center Expansion Project

The Redevelopment Authority (RA) was established by the Fort Wayne Redevelopment Commission (RC) (a department of the City of Fort Wayne) and by Ordinance of the Common Council. The Mayor appoints the board members of the RA. The financial transactions of the Redevelopment Commission are accounted for in a major fund titled Redevelopment Fund on the financial statements. The Redevelopment Authority (a discretely presented component unit of the City of Fort Wayne) was established to account for the financing and expansion of the Grand Wayne Center (GWC). The GWC is a convention center owned and managed by the Allen County Fort Wayne Capital Improvements Board of Managers (CIB) (a discretely presented component unit of the City of Fort Wayne). The City of Fort Wayne does not directly benefit from the expansion, but the expansion is an integral part of the revitalization of the City of Fort Wayne's downtown.

The CIB titled the GWC to the Redevelopment Authority so the lease rental revenue bonds sold by the RA would have a secured interest. For legal reasons, the Redevelopment Commission leases the GWC from the RA. The Redevelopment Commission subleases the GWC to the CIB. The CIB makes lease payments to the Redevelopment Commission. The Redevelopment Commission makes lease payments to the Redevelopment Authority. The Redevelopment Authority uses these

payments to retire the lease rental revenue bonds they issued to finance the renovation and expansion.

The CIB will report on their financial statements a Capital lease payable, which is the net present value of the lease payable at December 31, 2017. The Redevelopment Authority will report on their financial statements Lease rental revenue bonds payable, which is the net amount of the lease rental revenue bonds and bond premium due at December 31, 2017.

The CIB exclusively will manage and maintain the GWC. When the lease rental bonds are retired in 2028 or sooner, the RA will transfer title of the GWC to the CIB.

Harrison Square Project

The RA was also chosen to be the financing entity for financing the multi-use stadium, public park and parking garage components of the Harrison Square Project (HS). The RC transferred title to the HS real estate to the RA. The RA issued taxable and tax exempt lease rental revenue bonds secured by a lease of HS to the RC. The RC will make lease payments to the RA from the Jefferson Point Tax Incremental Financing Project and LIT-ED (CEDIT) funds, and the Downtown Fort Wayne Community Revitalization Enhancement District (CRED). The RA will use these payments to retire the lease rental revenue bonds. The RC has entered into a Stadium License Agreement and Stadium Management Agreement with Hardball Capital (a private entity) to operate and manage the multi-use stadium. Light & Breuning operates and manages the parking garage. Revenues from these sources will be used to pay on-going expenses and capital improvements. When the lease rental revenue bonds are retired, the RA will transfer title of the HS real estate to the RC.

Skyline Parking Garage Project

The RA was the financing entity chosen to finance the construction of the Skyline Parking Garage Project (SPG). The garage will support an urban mixed use building totaling 170,000 square feet and consisting of retail and office space, and 124 high rise residential apartments. It will also support the payment for capitalized interest and all 2014A bond issuance expenses. The RC has transferred title for the SPG real estate to the RA. The RA has issued tax exempt lease revenue rental bonds secured by a lease of SPG to the RC. The RC will make lease payments directly to the Bond Trustee on behalf of the RA to cover expenses and debt service. Funding for the lease payments will be from tax increment revenues collected in the Civic Center Urban Renewal Area, along with other revenues made available to the RC. Additionally, the CIB has pledged \$6.5 million over ten years to the debt service. When the lease rental revenue bonds are retired in 2034 or sooner, the RA will transfer title of the SPG to the RC.

Skyline Tower Project

The RA is financing \$4 million of \$40 million needed for the construction of the Skyline Tower Project, which is the urban mixed use building referred to under Skyline Parking Garage, above. The RC will make lease payments directly to the Bond Trustee on behalf of the RA to cover expenses and debt service. Funding for the lease payments will be from tax increment revenues collected in the Civic Center Urban Renewal Area.

Note 21. Commitments and Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Consent Decree

The Utilities' combined storm and sanitary sewer system does not comply with federal Clean Water regulations. After several years of negotiations with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM), the EPA lodged a Consent Decree with the federal court on December 28, 2007. The Consent Decree became effective April 1, 2008. Under the terms and conditions of the Consent Decree, the Utilities committed to reduce the number of combined sewer overflow (CSO) days in a typical year to one day on the St. Joseph River and four days on the St. Mary's and Maumee Rivers. The infrastructure cost to reduce the number of CSO events is approximately \$240 million, concluding in 2025. The Utilities also agreed to eliminate three known sanitary sewer overflows at an estimated combined cost of \$31 million by specific dates noted in the Consent Decree. Additionally, the Utilities committed to maintain the entire sewer system to performance standards prescribed in the Utilities' Long-Term Control Plan incorporated by reference into the Consent Decree. The Consent Decree further provides for stipulated penalties for failure to achieve specified construction milestones, reporting deadlines or maintenance objectives. The Utilities are in full compliance with the Consent Decree's terms and conditions.

Aqua Agreement

As part of the Asset Acquisition Agreement (AAA) executed December 4, 2014, the City shall pay \$2.75 per thousand gallons of sewage conveyed to Aqua Indiana, Inc. a minimum of \$1,505,625 per year for each of the first 5 years after the effective date. The effective date is the latest of the following dates: 1) the effective date of approval by the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission, 2) The effective date of the approval by IDEM in a manner and upon discharge parameters that are consistent with the Preliminary National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Standards, or 3) the date of the Purchased Assets Closing, as defined in the AAA. The rate and minimum shall be adjusted by a Consumer Price Index (CPI) escalator and will cover an additional 5 years. For years 11 through 15, the rate will escalate by a CPI escalator and the annual minimum shall be \$120,000 per year.

Other

The Utilities have entered into many contracts for various construction projects. Remaining contract payments as of December 31, 2017 for each utility are as follows:

Water Utility	\$ 293,683
Wastewater Utility	180,757,519
Stormwater Utility	441,977
	\$ 181,493,179

No Civil City Commitments and Contingencies as of the date this report is issued.

Major Utility Projects

Major contracts awarded subsequent to December 31, 2017:

Board of Works Award Date	Vendor	Major Contract Project Description	Amount
1/9/2018	API Construction	Flaugh Road Sanitary Sewer Improvements	\$ 549,240
1/9/2018	Insituform Technologies USA	2017 Cured In Place Pipe - Package I	2,637,832
2/6/2018	Cleary Construction Inc	Morton Street Lift Station Force Main	6,128,388
2/13/2018	Ottenweller Contracting, LLC	Morton Street Lift Station Improvements	6,511,000
2/13/2018	Underground Contractors Inc	Golfview & Flaugh Road Force Mains	774,616
2/13/2018	Kraft Power Corporation	800 kW Biogas Combined Heat & Power System Maintenance	1,366,269
4/10/2018	Underground Contractors, Inc	Beacon Glenwood Area Water Main Replacement	1,072,286
4/17/2018	Dunigan Brothers, Inc	Huffman-Putnam Sewer Separation Phase 1	4,897,056
		Total	\$ 23,936,687

Note 22. Subsequent Events

On March 27, 2018, the Common Council of Fort Wayne approved the City of Fort Wayne, Indiana (Civil City) to finance the purchase of various vehicles and equipment. Per the ordinance, all vehicles and equipment shall not exceed the gross cost, excluding financing costs, of \$9,900,000.

On March 27, 2018, the Common Council of Fort Wayne approved the City of Fort Wayne, Indiana (City Utilities) to finance the purchase of various vehicles and equipment. Per the ordinance, all vehicles and equipment shall not exceed the gross cost, excluding financing costs, of \$1,041,000.

On April 24, 2018, the Common Council of Fort Wayne approved the sales purchase agreement for unleaded gas for 2019. The agreement is between the City of Fort Wayne, Indiana and Lassus Brothers, Inc. The total cost of unleaded gas through this agreement is not to exceed \$1,750,000.

On April 24, 2018, the Common Council of Fort Wayne approved the sales purchase agreement for diesel fuel for 2019. The agreement is between the City of Fort Wayne, Indiana and AIG Plus, Inc. The total cost of unleaded gas through this agreement is not to exceed \$899,000.

On April 24, 2018, the Common Council of Fort Wayne approved the sales purchase agreement for spot diesel fuel for 2019. The agreement is between the City of Fort Wayne, Indiana and Lassus Brothers, Inc. The total cost of spot diesel fuel through this agreement is not to exceed \$150,000.

Note 23. Net Investment in Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2017, Net Investment in capital assets is calculated as follows:

	G 	overnmental Activities		Business-type Activities	Total
Net capital assets	\$	822,028,919	\$	1,007,693,377	\$ 1,829,722,296
Less:					
Total capital leases payable		(75,308,894)		(1,595,987)	(76,904,881)
Total notes and loans payable		(5,460,000)		(310,581,783)	(316,041,783)
Total general obligation bonds payable, net		(5,344,752)		_	(5,344,752)
Total special obligation bonds payable, net		(46,189,034)		_	(46,189,034)
Total first mortgage bonds payable, net		(22,107,970)		_	(22,107,970)
Total revenue bonds payable, net		_		(317,061,179)	(317,061,179)
Add:					
Debt not related to capital assets		5,460,000		_	5,460,000
Unspent bond/loan proceeds		7,210,525	_	74,987,467	 82,197,992
Net Investment in capital assets	\$	680,288,794	\$	453,441,895	\$ 1,133,730,689

Note 24. Pension Plans

A. Single-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans

1. 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan

Plan Administration

The City contributes to the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan is administered by the local pension board as authorized by state statute (Indiana Code 36-8-7). The pension board consists of eight members, which include the Mayor, the Fire Chief, the Pension Secretary, four trustees elected from active members, and one trustee elected from retired members. The plan was established and may be amended by the plan administrator, as provided by state statute. The plan administrator does not issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information of the plan.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are provided either through a life annuity or a joint and survivor annuity with 60 percent continuation to the surviving beneficiary. The benefit provisions of the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan for non-converted members are set forth in Indiana Code 36-8-7. The benefit provisions for converted members are set forth in Indiana Code 36-8-8. Unless specifically denoted, provisions for converted and non-converted members are the same. All full-time, fully-paid firefighters who were hired before May 1, 1977 or rehired between April 30, 1977 and February 1, 1979 are eligible participants. The pension plan is closed to new entrants.

Eligibility for annuity benefits is as follows. Non-converted members of any age with twenty or more years of creditable service and converted plan members who are age fifty-two with twenty or more years of creditable service are eligible for normal benefits. Normal retirement benefits are calculated at 50 percent of the base salary of a First Class Firefighter, plus an additional 1 percent for each completed six months of service over twenty years up to a maximum of 74 percent with 32 years of service.

Non-converted plan members of any age with twenty or more years of creditable service and converted plan members age fifty with twenty years or more of creditable service are eligible to receive early retirement benefits. Early retirement benefits are unreduced for unconverted plan members. Early retirement benefits are reduced by 7 percent per year for converted plan members between ages fifty and fifty-two. Late retirement benefits are calculated in the same manner as normal retirement benefits.

Disability retirement benefits are equal to a sum determined by a disability medical panel, but not exceeding 55 percent of the monthly salary (with longevity pay) of a First Class Firefighter. If a member has more than twenty years of service, the disability benefit, if greater, will be equal to the pension the member would have received if the member had retired on the date of disability. For converted plan members, the disability benefit is equal to the benefit the member would have received if the member had retired. If a converted member does not have twenty years of service or is not at least age fifty-two on the date of disability, the benefit is computed as if the member does have twenty years of service and is age fifty-two at the date of disability. In cases of catastrophic physical personal injuries that result in a degree of impairment of at least 67 percent and permanently prevents the member from performing any gainful work, the member will receive an enhanced disability benefit equal to 100 percent of base salary. Additionally, the benefit is increased by any increase in the base salary after commencement.

Pre-retirement death benefits vary for converted and non-converted plan members and depending upon whether or not the death is considered in the line of duty or not in the line of duty. Such benefits range from 20-50 percent of a First Class Firefighter's salary, with longevity, or from 55-100 percent of the monthly benefit the member was receiving, or was entitled to receive, on the date of death. Pre-retirement death benefits are payable to the surviving spouse, children and dependent parents of plan members provided they meet eligibility guidelines. A one-time funeral death benefit is paid to the heirs or estate upon a member's death from any cause and is equal to at least \$12,000. An additional benefit of \$150,000 is paid from the Pension Relief Fund to a surviving spouse, children, or parent(s) if death occurs in the line of duty.

Non-converted members are entitled to the normal retirement benefit described above if termination occurs after earning twenty years of service. If termination occurs before completing twenty years of service, no benefits are payable. Converted members are entitled to the accrued retirement benefit determined as of the termination date and payable commencing on the normal retirement date. If termination occurs before completing twenty years of service, the member shall be entitled to the member's contributions plus accumulated interest.

Benefits for non-converted retired members are increased annually based on increases in the First Class Firefighter's salary as approved by the employer. Converted retired member benefits are increased annually based on increases in the CPI-U index. The increase is subject to a 3 percent maximum and 0 percent minimum.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

The Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) is an optional form of benefit, which allows members who are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit to continue to work and earn a salary while accumulating a DROP benefit. A member who elects to enter the DROP shall execute an irrevocable election to retire on the DROP retirement date. The member shall select a DROP retirement date not less than 12 months and not more than 36 months after the member's DROP entry date. While in the DROP, the member shall continue to make applicable fund contributions. When a member enters the DROP, a "DROP frozen benefit" will be calculated. Members of the DROP are eligible to receive a lump sum equal to the amount of the DROP frozen benefit multiplied by the number of months in the DROP. A member may elect to receive this amount in three annual installments instead of a single lump sum. In addition, the member will receive a monthly retirement benefit equal to the DROP frozen benefit. Forms of payment include a single life annuity or a joint annuity with 60 percent survivor benefits. A member, upon retirement, may elect to forgo DROP benefits and instead receive monthly retirement benefits calculated as if the member never elected to participate in the DROP. There is no balance of amounts held by the pension plan pursuant to the DROP.

Plan membership

Plan membership at December 31, 2017, consisted of 225 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits.

Contributions

Plan members are required by state statute (Indiana Code 36-8-7-8) to contribute an amount equal to 6.0 percent of the salary of a First Class Firefighter until they have completed thirty-two years of service. There are no active employees. Therefore, there is no covered employee payroll or plan member contributions.

Actuarial valuations are performed annually for the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan. Benefits to members of the Plan are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis by certain revenues and appropriations from the State of Indiana to the Pension Relief Fund. The Pension Relief Fund has been created within the Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS) and is administered by INPRS and is used as a temporary holding account for collecting State revenues and appropriations before funds are distributed to employers. Amounts required to pay benefits are distributed from the fund to the City. The City has recognized these on-behalf payments of \$6,412,460 during 2017 as contributions and benefit payments in the Fire Pension Fund.

Investments

The pension plan's investment policy is consistent with the overall policy of the City as described in Note 2. - Deposits and Investments. The plan held no investments during the reporting period.

Net Pension Liability

Standard actuarial techniques were used to roll forward the total pension liability computed as of December 31, 2016 to the December 31, 2017 measurement date. The components of the net pension liability of the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan at December 31, 2017, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 85,660,747
Plan fiduciary net position	(154,454)
Net position liability	\$ 85,506,293
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	0.18%

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were selected and approved by the INPRS Board of Trustees and are consistent with the results of an experience study completed in April 2015, which reflects the experience period beginning July 1, 2010 and ending June 30, 2014.

The actuarial assumptions for the December 31, 2017 valuation were generally unchanged from the prior year, except that the interest rate decreased from 3.23 percent for the December 31, 2016 valuation to 2.75 percent for the December 31, 2017 valuation. This rate is equal to the Barclay's 20 year Municipal Bond Index as of December 31, 2017.

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	2.50%
Cost-of-living increases	
Non-converted	2.50%
Converted	2.50%

Mortality rates for healthy members were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with MP-2014 improvement removed and projected on a generational basis using the future mortality improvement inherent in the Social Security Administration's 2014 Trustee Report. Mortality rates for disabled members were based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality tables with MP-2014 improvement removed, and with future mortality improvement projected generationally using future mortality improvement inherent in the Social Security Administration's 2014 Trustee Report.

The actuarial cost method used for computing the total pension liability is the Entry Age Normal - Level Percent of Payroll method. The normal cost is calculated separately for each active member and is equal to the level percentage of payroll needed as an annual contribution from entry age to retirement age to fund projected benefits. The actuarial accrued liability on any valuation date is the accumulated value of such normal costs from entry age to the valuation date.

Discount Rate

The discount rate is set equal to the Barclay's 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.75 percent as of December 31, 2017. The discount rate decreased from the 3.23 percent used for the December 31, 2016 calculation of the net pension liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate considered the fact that the on-behalf contributions made by the State of Indiana are made as benefit payments become due for payment.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability(Asset)

	To			an Fiduciary let Position		
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$	86,445,725	\$	236,131	\$	86,209,594
Changes for the year:						
Interest cost		2,668,769		_		2,668,769
Differences between expected and actual experience		(803,350)		_		(803,350)
Assumption changes		3,725,207		_		3,725,207
Projected benefit payments		(6,375,604)		_		(6,375,604)
Non-employer contributing entity contributions		_		6,412,460		(6,412,460)
Net investment income		_		3,759		(3,759)
Benefit payments, including refunds and employee contributions		_		(6,471,501)		6,471,501
Administrative expense		_		(26,395)		26,395
Net changes		(784,978)		(81,677)		(703,301)
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	85,660,747	\$	154,454	\$	85,506,293

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.75 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.75 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (3.75 percent) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease (1.75%)	Current Rate (2.75%)		1	1% Increase (3.75%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$	94,262,953	\$	85,506,293	\$	78,049,861	

<u>Pension Income and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

Interest cost	\$ 2,668,769
Administrative expenses	26,395
Liability experience (gains)/losses	(803,350)
Assumption changes (gains)/losses	3,725,207
Investment (gains)/losses	 (3,759)
Total pension expense	\$ 5,613,262

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$5,613,262.

At December 31, 2017, there were no deferred outflows or inflows of resources to report. All deferred outflows and inflows of resources arising prior to fiscal year 2017 have been fully amortized as of December 31, 2017.

2. 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan

Plan Administration

The City contributes to the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan is administered by the local pension board as authorized by state statute (Indiana Code 36-8-6). The pension board consists of nine members. Three are members by virtue of office: the Mayor, the City Controller, and the Police Chief. Five members are elected representatives of the active membership of the police department, and one additional member, a retired officer, is elected. The plan was established and may be amended by the plan administrator, as provided by state statute. The plan administrator does not issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information of the plan.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are provided either through a life annuity or a joint and survivor annuity with 60 percent continuation to the surviving beneficiary. The benefit provisions of the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan for non-converted members are set forth in Indiana Code 36-8-6. The benefit provisions for converted members are set forth in Indiana Code 36-8-8. Unless specifically denoted, provisions for converted and non-converted members are the same. All full-time, fully-paid police officers who were hired before May 1, 1977 or rehired between April 30, 1977 and February 1, 1979 are eligible participants. The pension plan is closed to new entrants.

Eligibility for annuity benefits is as follows. Non-converted members of any age with twenty or more years of creditable service and converted plan members who are age fifty-two with twenty or more years of creditable service are eligible for normal benefits. Normal retirement benefits are calculated at 50 percent of the base salary of a First Class Patrolman, plus an additional 1 percent for each completed six months of service over twenty years up to a maximum of 74 percent with 32 years of service.

Non-converted plan members of any age with twenty or more years of creditable service and converted plan members age fifty with twenty years or more of creditable service are eligible to receive early retirement benefits. Early retirement benefits are unreduced for unconverted plan members. Early retirement benefits are reduced by 7 percent per year for converted plan members between ages fifty and fifty-two. Late retirement benefits are calculated in the same manner as normal retirement benefits.

Disability retirement benefits are equal to a sum determined by a disability medical panel, but not exceeding 55 percent of the monthly salary (with longevity pay) of a First Class Patrolman. If a member has more than twenty years of service, the disability benefit, if greater, will be equal to the pension the member would have received if the member had retired on the date of disability. For converted plan members, the disability benefit is equal to the benefit the member would have received if the member had retired. If a converted member does not have twenty years of service or is not at least age fifty-two on the date of disability, the benefit is computed as if the member does have twenty years of service and is age fifty-two at the date of disability.

Pre-retirement death benefits vary for converted and non-converted plan members and depending upon whether or not the death is considered in the line of duty or not in the line of duty. Such benefits range from 20-50 percent of a First Class Patrolman salary, with longevity, or from 55-100 percent

of the monthly benefit the member was receiving, or was entitled to receive, on the date of death. Pre-retirement death benefits are payable to the surviving spouse, children and dependent parents of plan members provided they meet eligibility guidelines. A one-time funeral death benefit is paid to the heirs or estate upon a member's death from any cause and is equal to at least \$12,000. An additional benefit of \$150,000 is paid from the Pension Relief Fund to a surviving spouse, children, or parent(s) if death occurs in the line of duty.

Non-converted members are entitled to the normal retirement benefit described above if termination occurs after earning twenty years of service. If termination occurs before completing twenty years of service, no benefits are payable. Converted members are entitled to the accrued retirement benefit determined as of the termination date and payable commencing on the normal retirement date. If termination occurs before completing twenty years of service, the member shall be entitled to the member's contributions plus accumulated interest.

Benefits for non-converted retired members are increased annually based on increases in the first class salary as approved by the employer. Converted retired member benefits are increased annually based on increases in the CPI-U index. The increase is subject to a 3 percent maximum and 0 percent minimum.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

The Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) is an optional form of benefit, which allows members who are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit to continue to work and earn a salary while accumulating a DROP benefit. A member who elects to enter the DROP shall execute an irrevocable election to retire on the DROP retirement date. The member shall select a DROP retirement date not less than 12 months and not more than 36 months after the member's DROP entry date. While in the DROP, the member shall continue to make applicable fund contributions. When a member enters the DROP, a "DROP frozen benefit" will be calculated. Members of the DROP are eligible to receive a lump sum equal to the amount of the DROP frozen benefit multiplied by the number of months in the DROP. A member may elect to receive this amount in three annual installments instead of a single lump sum. In addition, the member will receive a monthly retirement benefit equal to the DROP frozen benefit. Forms of payment include a single life annuity or a joint annuity with 60 percent survivor benefits. A member, upon retirement, may elect to forgo DROP benefits and instead receive monthly retirement benefits calculated as if the member never elected to participate in the DROP. There is no balance of amounts held by the pension plan pursuant to the DROP.

Plan membership

Plan membership at December 31, 2017, consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	274
Active employees - vested	4
Total	278

Contributions

Plan members are required by state statute (Indiana Code 36-8-6-4) to contribute an amount equal to 6.0 percent of the salary of a First Class Patrolman until they have completed thirty-two years of service.

Active employees have exceeded thirty-two years of service. Therefore, there is no covered employee payroll or plan member contributions.

Actuarial valuations are performed annually for the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan. Benefits to members of the plan are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis by certain revenues and appropriations of the State of Indiana to the Pension Relief Fund. The Pension Relief Fund has been created within the INPRS and is administered by INPRS and is used as a temporary holding account for collecting State revenues and appropriations before funds are distributed to employers. Amounts required to pay benefits are distributed from the fund to the City. The City has recognized these on-behalf payments of \$7,653,868 in 2017 as contributions and benefit payments in the Police Pension Fund.

Investments

The pension plan's investment policy is consistent with the overall policy of the City as described in Note 2. - Deposits and Investments. The plan held no investments during the reporting period.

Net Pension Liability

Standard actuarial techniques were used to roll forward the total pension liability computed as of December 31, 2016 to the December 31, 2017 measurement date. The components of the net pension liability of the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan at December 31, 2017, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 116,161,009
Plan fiduciary net position	(1,326,044)
Net pension liability	\$ 114,834,965
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	1.14%

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were selected and approved by the INPRS Board of Trustees and are consistent with the results of an experience study completed in April, 2015, which reflects the experience period beginning July 1, 2010 and ending June 30, 2014.

The actuarial assumptions for the December 31, 2017 valuation were generally unchanged from the prior year, except that the interest rate decreased from 3.23 percent for the December 31, 2016 valuation to 2.75 percent for the December 31, 2017 valuation. This rate is equal to the Barclay's 20 year Municipal Bond Index as of December 31, 2017.

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	2.50%
Cost-of-living increases	
Non-converted	2.50%
Converted	2.50%

Mortality rates for healthy members were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with MP-2014 improvement removed and projected on a generational basis using future mortality improvement inherent in the Social Security Administration's 2014 Trustee Report. Mortality rates for disabled members were based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality tables with MP-2014 improvement removed, and with future mortality improvement projected generationally using future mortality improvement inherent in the Social Security Administration's 2014 Trustee Report.

The actuarial cost method used for computing the total pension liability is the Entry Age Normal Level Percent of Payroll method. The normal cost is calculated separately for each active member and is equal to the level percentage of payroll needed as an annual contribution from entry age to retirement age to fund projected benefits. The actuarial accrued liability on any valuation date is the accumulated value of such normal costs from entry age to the valuation date.

Discount Rate

The discount rate is set equal to the Barclay's 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.75 percent as of December 31, 2017. The discount rate decreased from the 3.23 percent used for the December 31, 2016 calculation of the net pension liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate considered the fact that the on-behalf contributions made by the State of Indiana are made as benefit payments become due for payment.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability(Asset)

	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension ability(Asset)
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$	113,127,521	\$	1,456,893	\$ 111,670,628
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		79,928		_	79,928
Interest cost		3,580,288		_	3,580,288
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,680,250		_	1,680,250
Assumption changes		5,421,874		_	5,421,874
Projected benefit payments		(7,728,852)		_	(7,728,852)
Contributions - other		_		5,007	(5,007)
Non-employer contributing entity contributions		_		7,653,868	(7,653,868)
Net investment income		_		9,608	(9,608)
Benefit payments, including refunds and employee contributions		_		(7,777,843)	7,777,843
Administrative expense		_		(21,489)	21,489
Net changes		3,033,488		(130,849)	3,164,337
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	116,161,009	\$	1,326,044	\$ 114,834,965

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.75 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.75 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (3.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (1.75%)	Current Rate (2.75%)	1% Increase (3.75%)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 127,680,268	\$ 114,834,965	\$ 104,009,319

<u>Pension Income and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

Service cost	\$ 79,928
Interest cost	3,580,288
Administrative expenses	21,489
Liability experience (gains)/losses	1,680,250
Assumption changes (gains)/losses	5,421,874
Other Contributions	(5,007)
Investment (gains)/losses	 (9,608)
Total pension expense	\$ 10,769,214

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$10,769,214.

At December 31, 2017, there were no deferred outflows or inflows of resources to report. All deferred outflows and inflows of resources arising prior to fiscal year 2017 have been fully amortized as of December 31, 2017.

3. Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan

Plan Administration

The City contributes to the Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan includes all sanitary officers hired before April 1, 1982 and is closed to new entrants. It is administered by the local pension board which consists of three members who are elected by plan members to three year terms. The City contributes to the plan as provided by a mandate of the Allen County Circuit Court, Cause No. CC-73-519. Plan members are employees of Allen County. The plan administrator does not issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information of the plan.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are provided either through a life annuity or a joint and survivor annuity with 60 percent continuation to the surviving spouse. The benefit provisions of the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan, as authorized by Indiana Code 36-8-6, establish benefit terms for this plan. Normal retirement

benefits are calculated at 50 percent of the base salary of a First Class Patrolman, plus an additional 1 percent for each additional completed six months of service over twenty years up to a maximum of 74 percent with 32 years of service. Disability retirement benefits are equal to a sum determined by a disability medical panel, but not exceeding 55 percent of the monthly salary (with longevity pay) of a First Class Patrolman. The plan also provides a one-time \$12,000 payment in the event of the death of the retiree. The plan provides a cost of living adjustment (COLA) to the benefit each year. There are no active participants remaining.

Plan Membership

Plan membership at December 31, 2017, consisted of 19 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits.

Contributions

The City is required by statute to contribute an amount equal to the funding deficit of the difference between receipts of the fund and the required disbursements of the fund (pay-as-you-go basis). There are no active members to make plan contributions. The contribution requirements of plan members for the Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan are established by and may be amended by court mandate.

Actuarial valuations are performed annually for the Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan. The assumptions used in the valuation are approved by the plan sponsor. Benefits to members of the plan are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis by certain revenues and appropriations of the City. The amount contributed by the City to the plan in fiscal year 2017 was \$534,391.

<u>Investments</u>

The pension plan's investment policy is consistent with the overall policy of the City as described in Note 2. - Deposits and Investments. The plan held no investments during the reporting period.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan at December 31, 2017, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 8,536,564
Plan fiduciary net position	(152,899)
Net pension liability	\$ 8,383,665
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	1.79%

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions for the December 31, 2017 valuation were generally unchanged from the prior year, except for the change from RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality, adjusted to 2006, with Two Dimensional Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2016, to the RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality (sex-distinct), adjusted to 2006, with mortality improvement projected on a generational basis using Scale MP-2017.

The cost method used was the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method and the asset valuation method used was the Fair Market Value. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Cost-of-living increases	4.00%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality (sex-distinct), adjusted to 2006, with mortality improvement projected on a generational basis using Scale MP-2017, which reflects a reasonable estimate of future mortality experience for plans that lack sufficient size to build a credible customized assumption.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.00 percent. The plan is effectively funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. It has been assumed that the 3.00 percent reflects the expected return on the general assets of the employer.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability(Asset)

	То	tal Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability(Asset)	
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$	8,887,996	\$	\$ 123,604		8,764,392
Changes for the year:						
Interest cost		258,481		_		258,481
Differences between expected and actual experience		7,430		_		7,430
Assumption changes		(115,284)		_		(115,284)
Projected benefit payments		(502,059)		_		(502,059)
Contributions - employer		_		534,391		(534,391)
Net investment income		_		246		(246)
Benefit payments, including refunds and employee contributions		_		(502,059)		502,059
Administrative expense		_		(3,283)		3,283
Net changes		(351,432)		29,295		(380,727)
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	8,536,564	\$	152,899	\$	8,383,665

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 3.00 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.00 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (4.00 percent) than the current rate:

	% Decrease (2.00%)	Current Rate (3.00%)		1% Increase (4.00%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 9,443,114	\$	8,383,665	\$	7,502,667

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions

Interest cost	\$	258,481
Expected return on assets		(4,185)
Administrative expenses		3,283
Liability experience (gains)/losses		7,430
Assumption changes (gains)/losses		(115,284)
Investment (gains)/losses		(246)
Total pension expense	\$	149,479

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$149,479.

At December 31, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	7,430	\$	_
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		3,939		_
Changes of assumptions				115,284
Total	\$	11,369	\$	115,284

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		_			
Year	Ended	L)ecem	ıher.	:31	٠

2018	\$ (105,749)
2019	2,105
2020	1,847
2021	1,416
2022	788
Thereafter	_

4. Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan

Plan Description

Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation (PTC) contributes to the Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan (Plan), which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a third-party. The Plan covers substantially all full-time employees and is administered by a Retirement Committee consisting of four trustees. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone report. The Plan was established by the Board of Directors and the Amalgamated Transit Union and the Plan trustees reserve the right to amend, suspend or terminate the Plan at any time.

Retirement Benefits

All full-time employees who complete 90 days of continuous employment and earn 1,000 hours of service in a plan year are eligible to participate in the Plan on January 1 of the year in which the 1,000 hours were earned. Under the provisions of the Plan, pension benefits from employer's contributions are fully vested after five years of service. An employee may retire at age 65 or after attaining age 55, provided the sum of the employee's age and years of continuous service total 85 (the "85 Rule").

The retiree receives annual pension benefits equal to \$225 times the number of years of continuous service prior to May 1, 1970, plus 3.2 percent of earnings after May 1, 1970, and prior to July 1, 2003; plus 3.0 percent of earnings after July 1, 2003, and prior to July 1, 2006; plus 2.7 percent of earnings after July 1, 2006, and prior to June 1, 2009, plus 2.0 percent of earnings after June 1, 2009, subject to a cost of living adjustment.

An employee who has reached at least age 55 and has at least five years of credited service is eligible for early retirement with a reduced pension. An employee retiring early receives a percentage of the normal annual pension benefit. The percentage of the pension benefit at retirement remains the same for the employee's lifetime. The pension benefit is reduced by 0.25 percent for each month that the employee is less than age 65 at the date of retirement.

The terms of the Plan provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustments are based on the Consumer Price Index for urban and clerical workers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, United States Department of Labor, and are limited to a maximum increase of 5 percent per year.

Disability and Survivor Benefits

The Plan also provides disability and survivor benefits. An employee who has at least ten years of continuous service and becomes totally and permanently disabled from service with the employer is eligible for a disability pension benefit. The disability benefit is calculated the same as that for a normal retirement without reduction for early retirement. Any disability benefit is reduced by the sum of (1) any amounts paid under and pursuant to the Workmen's Compensation or Occupational Disease laws of the State of Indiana; (2) any amounts paid under and pursuant to any sickness, accident or disability benefit policy or policies where such insurance benefits are provided under a plan of group insurance made available to employees by the employer; and (3) any amounts paid as sick leave compensation. If an employee who is receiving or is eligible to receive a disability

pension benefit dies before attaining age 65, a monthly survivor benefit equal to 50 percent of the disability pension benefit may be paid to a surviving spouse to whom the employee had been married for at least one year.

Upon the death in service of an employee with five or more years of credited service as of January 1, 1970, a survivor benefit may be paid to the surviving spouse to whom the employee had been married for one or more years. This payment is equal to 50 percent of the benefit which would have been payable to a beneficiary if the employee had lived to the benefit commencement date.

Plan membership

Plan membership at December 31, 2017, consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	82
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	36
Active employees	110
Total	228

Contributions

The contribution requirements for PTC and its employees are set forth in the collective bargaining agreement. The established rates are based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Under the provisions of PTC's agreement with bargaining unit employees and personnel policies, all employees must contribute .65 percent of their gross covered earnings to the Plan. PTC contributes 10.6 percent of employee's gross covered earnings to the pension plan. For the year ended December 31, 2017, employees contributed \$31,191 and PTC contributed \$515,762 to the Plan.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability as of December 31, 2017, was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Total pension liability	\$ 33,527,830
Plan fiduciary net position	(23,210,241)
Net pension liability	\$ 10,317,589
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.23%

Actuarial Assumptions

The December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- An investment return of 7.50 percent per year, net after expenses
- Inflation of 2.50 percent per year

- The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used
- · Wage increases of 4.0 percent per year
- · Cost of living adjustment of 2.5 percent per year
- · Withdrawal rates: Varied from .018 at age 25 to .000 at age 60 and over
- Disability rate: Varied from .0014 at age 25 to .0278 at age 60 and over
- Retirement rates: Varied from .0075 at age 55 to .075 at age 64 for reduced/subsidized early retirement and from .2625 at age 55 to 1.00 at age 65 for fully subsidized retirement
- Marital status was assumed to be 80 percent of participants and that the age of the spouse was three years younger than that of the participant
- The net position available for benefits was determined by smoothing unexpected gains and losses over a four-year period

Rates of mortality before retirement and after normal, early and disability retirement were based on the RP 2014 Mortality Table for males and females, as appropriate with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2016. For disabled members, the RP2000 Mortality Table for male and female disabled retirees was used.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on reasonable expectations for the Plan participants and the benefits provided under the Plan.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was based primarily on historical returns on Plan assets, adjusted for changes in target portfolio allocations and recent changes in long-term interest rates based on publicly available information. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Target Allocation (%)	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return (%)
90.0	7.5
10.0	7.5
100.0	
	Allocation (%) 90.0 10.0

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.51 percent for the year ended December 31, 2017, which is an increase from 4.79 percent used for the year ended December 31, 2016. The discount rate of 5.51 percent reflects the long-term expected rate of return of 7.50 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.71 percent which was obtained from:

http://us.spindices.com/indices/fixed-income/sp-municipal-bond-20-year-high-grade-rate-index

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees through December 31, 2041.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability(Asset)

	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension ability(Asset)
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$	37,076,568	\$	22,254,913	\$ 14,821,655
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		888,561		_	888,561
Interest cost		1,782,204		_	1,782,204
Differences between expected and actual experience		(1,110,216)		_	(1,110,216)
Assumption changes		(3,709,243)		_	(3,709,243)
Projected benefit payments		(1,400,044)		_	(1,400,044)
Contributions - employer		_		475,644	(475,644)
Contributions - employee		_		29,141	(29,141)
Net investment income		_		1,923,231	(1,923,231)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		_		(1,400,044)	1,400,044
Administrative expense		_		(20,144)	20,144
Other		_		(52,500)	52,500
Net changes		(3,548,738)		955,328	(4,504,066)
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	33,527,830	\$	23,210,241	\$ 10,317,589

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

PTC's net pension liability has been calculated using a discount rate of 5.51 percent. The following presents PTC's net pension liability calculated using a discount rate 1-percent higher (4.51 percent) and 1-percent lower (6.51 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Rate		1% Increase	
	(4.51%)		(5.51%)		(6.51%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$	14,642,752	\$	10,317,589	\$	6,745,914

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2017, PTC recognized pension expense of \$2,711,675.

At December 31, 2017, PTC reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	226,021	\$	1,086,743	
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		515,060		_	
Assumption changes		3,952,607		2,911,707	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		515,762		_	
	\$	5,209,450	\$	3,998,450	

At December 31, 2017, PTC reported \$515,762 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from PTC contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2017, related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended De	ecemb	er 31:
2018	\$	1,680,323
2019		546,005
2020		(808,556)
2021		(722,534)
2022		_
Thereafter		

5. Financial Statements for Single Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Primary Government

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUNDS

	1937 efighters' Pension	1925 Police s' Officers' Pension		Sanitary Officers' Pension
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 167,821	\$	1,344,659	\$ 132,151
Receivables:				
Taxes	_		_	22,247
Total assets	167,821		1,344,659	154,398
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable	13,367		18,615	1,499
Total liabilities	13,367		18,615	1,499
Net position restricted for pensions	\$ 154,454	\$	1,326,044	\$ 152,899

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUNDS

	1937 Firefighters' Pension		1925 Police Officers' Pension		Sanitary Officers' Pension	
Additions						
Contributions:						
Employer	\$	_	\$	_	\$	534,391
Non-employer entity		6,412,460		7,653,868		_
Other		_		5,007		_
Investment income:						
Interest		3,759		9,608		246
Total additions		6,416,219		7,668,483		534,637
<u>Deductions</u>						
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		6,471,501		7,777,843		502,059
Administrative expenses		26,395		21,489		3,283
Total deductions		6,497,896		7,799,332		505,342
Net increase (decrease) in net position		(81,677)		(130,849)		29,295
Net position restricted for pensions						
Net position - beginning		236,131		1,456,893		123,604
Net position - ending	\$	154,454	\$	1,326,044	\$	152,899

B. <u>Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

1. Public Employees' Retirement Fund

Plan Description

The City of Fort Wayne including City Utilities (the City) and Allen County Fort Wayne Capital Improvements Board of Managers (CIB) contribute to the Indiana Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERF provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. All regular full-time employees of the City and CIB who are not covered by another plan are eligible to participate. State statutes (Indiana Code 5-10.2 and 5-10.3) govern, through the Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS) Board, most requirements of the system and give the City and CIB authority to contribute to the plan. The PERF retirement benefit consists of the pension provided by employer contributions plus an annuity provided by the member's annuity savings account (ASA). The annuity savings account consists of member's contributions, set by state statute at three percent of compensation, plus the interest credited to the member's account. The employer may elect to make the contributions on behalf of the member.

INPRS administers the plan and issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole and for its participants. The report is available online at http://www.inprs.in.gov or may be obtained by contacting:

Indiana Public Retirement System One North Capitol Avenue, Suite 001 Indianapolis, IN 46204 Ph. (888) 286-3544

Benefits Provided

The PERF retirement benefit consists of the sum of a defined pension benefit provided by contributions plus the amount credited to the member's annuity savings account. Pension benefits vest after 10 years of creditable service. Members are immediately vested in their annuity savings account. At retirement, a member may choose to receive a lump sum payment of the amount credited to the member's annuity savings account, receive the amount as an annuity, or leave the contributions invested with INPRS.

A member who has reached age 65 and has at least 10 years of creditable service is eligible for normal retirement and is entitled to 100 percent of the pension benefit component. This annual pension benefit is equal to 1.1 percent times the average annual compensation times the number of years of creditable service. The average annual compensation in this calculation uses the highest 20 calendar guarters of salary in a covered position.

A member who has reached age 60 and has at least 15 years of creditable service is eligible for normal retirement and is entitled to 100 percent of the pension benefit. A member who is at least 55 years old and whose age plus number of years of creditable service is at least 85 is entitled to 100 percent of the pension benefit.

A member who has reached age 50 and has at least 15 years of creditable service is eligible for early retirement with a reduced pension. A member retiring early receives a percentage of the normal pension benefit, which remains the same for the member's lifetime.

The PERF plan also provides disability benefits to members. A member who has at least 5 years of creditable service and becomes disabled while in active service, on FMLA leave, receiving workers' compensation benefits, or receiving employer provided disability insurance benefits may retire for the duration of the disability if they have qualified for social security disability benefits and furnish proof of the qualification. The disability benefit is calculated the same as that for a normal retirement without reduction for early retirement. Also, under certain circumstances, upon the death in service of a member, a survivor benefit may be paid to a surviving spouse or surviving dependent children under the age of 18.

The monthly pension benefits for members in pay status may be increased periodically as cost of living adjustments (COLA), however, such increases are not guaranteed by statute and have historically been provided on an "ad hoc" basis. These increases can only be granted by the Indiana General Assembly.

Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members, the City and CIB are established and may be amended by the INPRS Board of Trustees. The required contributions are based on actuarial investigation and valuation in accordance with Indiana Code 5-10.2. The funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to fund the pension benefits when they become due. PERF

members are required to contribute 3.0 percent of their annual covered salary. For 2017, the City and CIB were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate of 11.2 percent of annual covered payroll. For the year ending December 31, 2017 the City's contribution was \$6,061,572 and CIB's contribution was \$131,978 and equaled the required contribution for the year.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation of the Public Employee's Pension Fund were adopted by the INPRS Board in April, 2015. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%
Salary increases 2.5% to 4.25%
Cost-of-living increases 1%

The actuarial assumptions for the June 30, 2017 valuation were generally unchanged from the prior year, except that for active and inactive vested members, a salary load of \$400 was added to approximate the impact on average monthly earnings of unused sick leave accumulated at termination of employment. For disabled members, the mortality assumption is updated from the RP-2014 (with MP-2014 improvement removed) Total Data Set Mortality tables to the RP-2014 (with MP-2014 improvement removed) Disability Mortality Tables. Mortality rates for healthy members were based on the RP-2014 (with MP-2014 improvement removed) Total Dataset mortality tables projected on a fully generational basis using the future mortality improvement scale inherent in the mortality projection included in the Social Security Administration's 2014 Trustee Report. Mortality Table projected on a fully generational basis using the future mortality improvement removed) Disability Mortality Table projected on a fully generational basis using the future mortality improvement scale inherent in the mortality projection included in the Social Security Administration's 2014 Trustee Report.

The actuarial assumptions used are based on plan experience from July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2014 and were first used in the June 30, 2015 valuation. The actuarial cost method used for computing the total pension liability is the Entry Age Normal - Level Percent of Payroll method.

The long term return expectation for the INPRS defined benefit retirement plans has been determined by using a building block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the INPRS Investment Policy Statement. A forecast rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from re-balancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized below:

	Target Allocation (%)	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return (%)
Public Equity	22.0	4.9
Private Equity	14.0	5.7
Fixed Income - Ex Inflation Linked	20.0	2.3
Fixed Income - Inflation Linked	7.0	0.6
Commodities	8.0	2.2
Real Estate	7.0	3.7
Absolute Return	10.0	3.9
Risk Parity	12.0	5.1
Total	100.0	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers would be, at a minimum, made at the actuarially determined required rates computed in accordance with the current funding policy adopted by the INPRS Board. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long term assumed investment rate of 6.75 percent. Based on those assumptions, each defined benefit pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability for each plan.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability of the City of Fort Wayne, City Utilities and CIB, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75 percent, as well as what their respective net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.75 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (7.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.75%)		С	Current Rate (6.75%)		% Increase (7.75%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	45,164,306	\$	30,967,127	\$	19,165,320
Utilities' proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	26,782,735	\$	18,363,713	\$	11,365,162
CIB's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,545,408	\$	1,059,617	\$	655,789

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

As of December 31, 2017, the City of Fort Wayne reported a liability of \$30,967,127, City Utilities reported a liability of \$18,363,713 and CIB reported a liability of \$1,059,617 for their proportionate

shares of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's and CIB's proportion of the net pension liability were based on wages reported by employers relative to the collective wages of the plan. At June 30, 2017, the City of Fort Wayne's proportion was .0069409 percent, which was an decrease of .0003029 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016. City Utilities' proportion was .0041160, which was an decrease of .0003988 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016. CIB's proportion was .0002375, which was an increase of .0000173 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City of Fort Wayne recognized pension expense of \$6,273,831, City Utilities recognized pension expense of \$3,628,549 and CIB recognized a pension expense of \$221,621. At June 30, 2017, each entity reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

City of Fort Wayne				
	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	588,100	\$	24,033
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		4,898,456		1,552,585
Assumption changes		497,203		_
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		658,877		1,006,830
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,945,432		_
Total	\$	8,588,068	\$	2,583,448
<u>City Utilities</u>				D ()
City Utilities	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
City Utilities Differences between expected and actual experience	-	Outflows of		Inflows of
		Outflows of Resources	F	Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual investment		Outflows of Resources 348,747	F	Inflows of Resources 14,252
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		Outflows of Resources 348,747 2,904,817	F	Inflows of Resources 14,252
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments Assumption changes Changes in proportion and differences between employer		Outflows of Resources 348,747 2,904,817 294,845	F	14,252 920,693
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments Assumption changes Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,904,817 294,845 504,407	F	14,252 920,693

CIB:

	Οī	Deferred utflows of esources	In	eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	20,123	\$	822
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		167,613		53,126
Changes of assumptions		17,013		_
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		51,228		15,020
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		100,793		_
	\$	356,770	\$	68,968

At December 31, 2017, the City of Fort Wayne reported \$1,945,432, City Utilities reported \$1,150,831, and CIB reported \$100,793 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of their respective net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:

	City of Fort Wayne	(City Utilities	CIB
2018	\$ 1,748,267	\$	893,031	\$ 75,715
2019	1,813,112		838,711	91,255
2020	664,401		369,485	25,738
2021	(166,592)		(98,789)	(5,699)
2022	_		_	_
Thereafter	_		_	_

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The pension plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis of accounting used by the pension plan. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued INPRS financial report, which is available online at http://www.inprs.in.gov or may be obtained by contacting:

Indiana Public Retirement System One North Capitol Avenue, Suite 001 Indianapolis, IN 46204 Ph. (888) 286-3544

Benefit Payment Policies

Pension, disability, special death benefits, and distributions of contributions and interest are recognized when due and payable to members or beneficiaries. Benefits are paid once the retirement or survivor applications have been processed and approved. Distributions of contributions and

interest are distributions from inactive, non-vested members' annuity savings accounts. These distributions may be requested by members or automatically distributed by the fund when certain criteria are met.

Valuation of Pension Plan Investments

The pooled and non-pooled investments are generally reported at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Short-term investments consist primarily of cash, money market funds, certificates of deposits and fixed income instruments with maturities of less than one year. Short-term investments are generally reported using cost-based measures, which approximates fair value.

Fixed income securities consist primarily of the U.S. government, U.S. government-sponsored agencies, publicly traded debt and commingled investment debt instruments. Equity securities consist primarily of domestic and international stocks in addition to commingled equity instruments. Fixed income and equity securities are generally valued based on published market prices and quotations from national security exchanges and securities pricing services. Securities that are not traded on a national security exchange are valued using modeling techniques that include market observable inputs required to develop a fair value. Commingled funds are valued using the net asset value (NAV) of the entity.

Alternative investments include limited partnership interests in private equity, absolute return, private real estate and risk parity investment strategies. Publicly traded alternative investments are valued based on quoted market prices. In the absence of readily determinable public market values, alternative investments are valued using current estimates of fair value obtained from the general partner or investment manager. Moreover, holdings are generally valued by a general partner or investment manager on a quarterly or semi-annual basis. Valuation assumptions are based upon the nature of the investment and the underlying business. Additionally, valuation techniques will vary by investment type and involve a certain degree of expert judgment. Alternative investments, such as investments in private equity or real estate, are generally considered to be illiquid long-term investments. Due to the inherent uncertainty that exists in the valuation of alternative investments, the realized value upon the sale of an asset may differ significantly from the fair value.

Derivative instruments are marked to market daily with changes in fair value recognized as part of investments and investment income.

2. 1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension and Disability Fund

Plan Description

The 1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension and Disability Fund (1977 Fund) is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plan established to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to full-time police officers and firefighters who are hired (or rehired) after April 30, 1977. The 1977 Fund was established in 1977 and is governed by the Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS) Board of Trustees in accordance with Indiana Code 36-8-8 to provide coverage to full-time sworn police officers and firefighters.

INPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole and for its participants. The report is available online at http://www.inprs.in.gov or may be obtained by contacting:

Indiana Public Retirement System One North Capitol Avenue, Suite 001 Indianapolis, IN 46204 Ph. (888) 286-3544

Benefits Provided

Plan members vest after 20 years of service. A member who retires at or after age 52 with 20 years of service will receive a benefit equal to 50 percent of the salary of a first class officer or firefighter plus one (1) percent of that salary for each six (6) months of active service over 20 years to a maximum of 12 years. At age 50, a member with 20 years of service may elect to receive a benefit reduced by a factor established by the fund's actuary.

The monthly pension benefits for members in pay status may be increased annually as cost of living adjustments (COLA), in accordance with statute (Indiana Code 36-8-8-15). Members are also entitled to an annual increase in their benefits based on the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index (January-March); however, the maximum increase is 3.0 percent.

The 1977 Fund also provides disability benefits to active members. When an active member files an application for disability benefits, a determination is made by the local pension board, and reviewed by the INPRS Board of Trustees, as to whether the member has a covered impairment and whether or not it was incurred in the line of duty. The amount of disability benefit is based on when the member was first hired, the type of impairment, and other factors. Also, the heirs or estate of a fund member may be entitled to receive a \$12,000 death benefit upon the member's death.

If a member dies while receiving retirement or disability benefits, the member's surviving spouse is entitled to receive a benefit equal to 60 percent of the member's monthly benefit during the spouse's lifetime. Each of a member's surviving children is entitled to a monthly benefit equal to 20 percent of the member's monthly benefit to age 18, or age 23, if a full time student. If there are no eligible surviving spouse or children, a dependent parent(s) may receive 50 percent of the member's monthly benefit during their lifetime.

Contributions

The funding policy for the 1977 Fund requires remittances of member and employer contributions based on percentages of the salary of a first class officer or firefighter and not on actual payroll. The employer contribution rate is actuarially determined. The required contributions are determined and may be amended by the INPRS Board of Trustees. Since the 1977 Fund is a cost-sharing pension plan, all risks and costs, including benefit costs, are shared proportionately by the participating employers. For the fiscal year 2017, plan members were required to contribute 6.0 percent and participating employers were required to contribute 17.5 percent of the first class officers' and firefighters' salary. Employers may elect to pay all or part of the contribution for the member.

The City's contribution to the plan for the year ending December 31, 2017 was \$7,892,903, which was equal to the required contributions for each year.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation of the 1977 Fund were adopted by the INPRS Board in April 2015. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	2.50%
Cost-of-living increases	2.00%

The actuarial assumptions for the June 30, 2017 valuation were generally unchanged from the prior year, except that mortality rates for healthy members were based on the RP-2014 (with MP-2014 improvement removed) Blue Collar mortality tables, with future mortality improvement projected generationally using future mortality improvement inherent in the Social Security Administration's 2014 Trustee Report. Mortality rates for disabled members were based on RP-2014 (with MP-2014 improvement removed) Disability Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected generationally using future mortality improvement inherent in the Social Security Administration's 2014 Trustee report.

The actuarial assumptions used are based on plan experience from July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2014 and were first used in the June 30, 2015 valuation. The actuarial cost method used for computing the total pension liability is the Entry Age Normal - Level Percent of Payroll method.

The long term return expectation for the INPRS defined benefit retirement plans has been determined by using a building block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the INPRS Investment Policy Statement. A forecast rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from re-balancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized below:

(%)	Rate of Return (%)
22.0	4.9
14.0	5.7
20.0	2.3
7.0	0.6
8.0	2.2
7.0	3.7
10.0	3.9
12.0	5.1
100.0	
	22.0 14.0 20.0 7.0 8.0 7.0 10.0 12.0

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers would be, at a minimum, made at the actuarially determined required rates computed in accordance with the current funding policy adopted by the INPRS Board. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long term assumed investment rate of 6.75 percent. Based on those assumptions, each defined benefit pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability for each plan.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.75 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (7.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease (5.75%)	 rrent Rate (6.75%)	1% Increase (7.75%)			
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	45,624,399	\$ (834,304)	\$	(38,374,466)		

Pension Liabilities(Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of December 31, 2017, the City reported \$834,304 as asset for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on wages reported by employers relative to the collective wages of the plan. At June 30, 2017, the City's proportion was 0.0540864 percent, which was an decrease of 0.0015584 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expenses of \$6,737,767. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,359,728	\$ 2,621,622
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	16,481,221	5,465,869
Assumption changes	_	12,478,926
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	367,357	506,150
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3,985,149	_
Total	\$ 24,193,455	\$ 21,072,567
	·	

The \$3,985,149 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as reductions of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:										
2018	\$ 1,399,327									
2019	4,170,609									
2020	272,145									
2021	(2,622,619)									
2022	(1,948,972)									
Thereafter	(2,134,751)									

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The pension plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis of accounting used by the pension plan. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued INPRS financial report, which is available online at http://www.inprs.in.gov or may be obtained by contacting:

Indiana Public Retirement System One North Capitol Avenue, Suite 001 Indianapolis, IN 46204 Ph. (888) 286-3544

Benefit Payment Policies

Pension, disability, special death benefits, and distributions of contributions and interest are recognized when due and payable to members or beneficiaries. Benefits are paid once the retirement or survivor applications have been processed and approved. Distributions of contributions and interest are distributions from inactive, non-vested members' annuity savings accounts. These distributions may be requested by members or automatically distributed by the fund when certain criteria are met.

Valuation of Pension Plan Investments

The pooled and non-pooled investments are generally reported at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Short-term investments consist primarily of cash, money market funds, certificates of deposits and fixed income instruments with maturities of less than one year. Short-term investments are generally reported using cost-based measures, which approximates fair value.

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traded on a national security exchange are valued using modeling techniques that include market observable inputs required to develop a fair value. Commingled funds are valued using the net asset value (NAV) of the entity.

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Derivative instruments are marked to market daily with changes in fair value recognized as part of investments and investment income.

C. <u>Schedule of Aggregate Amounts - Single-employer and Cost Sharing Multiple-employer Defined</u> Benefit Pension Plans - Primary Government

Primary Government:

	1937 Firefighters' Pension		1	1925 Police Officers' Pension		Sanitary Officers' Pension		Officers'		Public Employees' Retirement Fund	F	977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension and sability Fund	Total		
Pension liability	\$	85,660,747	\$1	116,161,009	\$	8,536,564	\$	\$ 211,255,509		291,295,999	\$ 712,909,828				
Pension assets		154,454		1,326,044		152,899	152,899 16		161,924,669		161,924,669		161,924,669 292		455,688,369
Net pension liability	\$	85,506,293	\$1	114,834,965	\$	8,383,665	\$	\$ 49,330,840			\$ 258,055,763				
Net pension asset									\$	834,304	\$ 834,304				
Deferred outflows of resources	\$		\$		\$	11,369	\$	13,791,715	\$	24,193,455	\$ 37,996,539				
Deferred inflows of resources	\$		\$		\$	115,284	\$	4,633,826	\$	21,072,567	\$ 25,821,677				
Pension expense(income)	\$	5,613,262	\$	10,769,214	\$	149,479	\$	9,902,380	\$	6,737,767	\$ 33,172,102				

Discretely presented component units:

	Tr	Fort Wayne Public ansportation Employees' tirement Plan	Ε	CIB Public mployees' Retirement Fund	Total
Pension liability	\$	33,527,830	\$	4,537,726	\$38,065,556
Pension assets		23,210,241		3,478,109	26,688,350
Net pension liability	\$	10,317,589	\$	1,059,617	\$11,377,206
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	5,209,450	\$	356,770	\$ 5,566,220
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	3,998,450	\$	68,968	\$ 4,067,418
Pension expense	\$	2,711,675	\$	221,621	\$ 2,933,296

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



CITY OF FORT WAYNE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -GENERAL FUND For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

General Fund

				Genera	al Fu	nu		
		Budgeted	An	nounts				Variance Positive
		Original		Final	Actual			(Negative)
Revenues:								_
Taxes	\$	73,857,463	\$	73,857,463	\$	75,162,641	\$	1,305,178
Licenses and permits		2,168,925		2,168,925		2,248,725		79,800
Intergovernmental		2,357,736		2,357,736		2,348,329		(9,407)
Charges for services		2,450,392		2,450,392		2,435,240		(15,152)
Fines and forfeits		278,300		278,300		311,015		32,715
Other		439,159		439,159		1,062,696		623,537
Total revenues		81,551,975		81,551,975		83,568,646		2,016,671
Expenditures:								_
Current:								
General government		14,884,263		14,503,245		13,221,220		1,282,025
Public safety		56,468,678		56,124,468		55,837,834		286,634
Highways and streets		6,998,203		6,803,606		6,796,706		6,900
Health and welfare		2,948,284		2,940,240		2,858,418		81,822
Economic opportunity		717,848		717,848		681,271		36,577
Economic development		4,555,414		4,395,782		4,248,651		147,131
Total expenditures		86,572,690		85,485,189		83,644,100		1,841,089
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in		9,579,178		9,784,066		8,529,399		(1,254,667)
Operating transfers out		(2,815,614)		(2,815,614)		(2,807,614)		8,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		6,763,564		6,968,452		5,721,785		(1,246,667)
Net change in fund balance		1,742,849		3,035,238		5,646,331		2,611,093
Fund balance - beginning		10,312,495		10,312,495		10,312,495		
Fund balance - ending	\$	12,055,344	\$	13,347,733	\$	15,958,826	\$	2,611,093
	_						_	

The notes to RSI are an integral part of RSI.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Highways a	nd Streets		Parks						
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance Positive	Budg	eted A	mounts		Variance Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:											
Taxes	\$ 9,211,668	\$ 4,373,098	\$ 9,737,686	\$ 5,364,588	\$ 16,192,8	58 \$	16,192,858	\$ 16,615,425	\$ 422,567		
Licenses and permits	_	_	_	_	55,6	63	55,663	59,356	3,693		
Intergovernmental	12,883,720	12,883,720	13,533,346	649,626		_	_	_	_		
Charges for services	166,685	166,685	229,537	62,852	5,096,0	66	5,096,066	4,957,635	(138,431)		
Other	76,746	76,746	600,114	523,368	3,010,2	86	3,010,286	3,049,955	39,669		
Total revenues	22,338,819	17,500,249	24,100,683	6,600,434	24,354,8	73	24,354,873	24,682,371	327,498		
Expenditures:											
Current:											
Highways and streets:											
Personal services	10,867,267	10,867,267	10,800,769	66,498		_	_	_	_		
Supplies	2,935,723	2,737,023	2,726,002	11,021		_	_	_	_		
Other services and charges	5,010,155	5,147,844	5,080,467	67,377		_	_	_	_		
Capital outlay	11,597,844	10,069,830	9,299,416	770,414		_	_	_	_		
Culture and recreation:											
Personal services	_	_	_	_	11,061,0	18	11,061,018	10,802,559	258,459		
Supplies	_	_	_	_	2,086,6	33	2,055,668	1,972,709	82,959		
Other services and charges	_	_	_	_	6,769,5	72	6,888,613	6,804,327	84,286		
Capital outlay	_	_	_	_	4,335,5	95	4,335,595	4,335,595	_		
Total expenditures	30,410,989	28,821,964	27,906,654	915,310	24,252,8	18	24,340,894	23,915,190	425,704		
Other financing sources (uses):											
Operating transfers in	766,040	766,040	966,040	200,000	2,750,2	17	2,750,217	2,750,217	_		
Operating transfers out	_	(670,000)	_	670,000	(2,722,5	06)	(2,722,506)	(2,722,506)	_		
Issuance of debt	_	_	_	_	5,150,0	00	5,150,000	5,150,000	_		
Total other financing sources (uses)	766,040	96,040	966,040	870,000	5,177,7	11	5,177,711	5,177,711			
Net change in fund balances	(7,306,130)	(11,225,675)	(2,839,931)	8,385,744	5,279,7	66	5,191,690	5,944,892	753,202		
Fund balances - beginning	10,263,062	10,263,062	10,263,062	_	6,534,6	01	6,534,601	6,534,601	_		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,956,932	\$ (962,613)	\$ 7,423,131	\$ 8,385,744	\$ 11,814,3	67	11,726,291	\$ 12,479,493	\$ 753,202		

(Continued)

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2017
(Continued)

		Fi	re		Community Legacy						
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance		Amounts		Variance			
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:											
Taxes	\$ 41,798,319	\$ 41,798,319	\$ 42,861,167	\$ 1,062,848	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —			
Charges for services	2,072	2,072	1,112	(960)	_	_	_	_			
Fines and forfeits	3,800	3,800	11,850	8,050	_	_	_	_			
Other	23,300	23,300	258,160	234,860	7,268,260	7,268,260	7,268,260	_			
Total revenues	41,827,491	41,827,491	43,132,289	1,304,798	7,268,260	7,268,260	7,268,260				
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government	_	_	_	_	2,508,354	2,508,354	2,508,354	_			
Public safety:											
Personal services	36,170,468	36,157,921	35,603,476	554,445	_	_	_	_			
Supplies	1,476,809	1,104,963	1,101,852	3,111	_	_	_	_			
Other services and charges	3,835,569	3,594,827	3,594,051	776	_	_	_	_			
Total expenditures	41,482,846	40,857,711	40,299,379	558,332	2,508,354	2,508,354	2,508,354				
Other financing sources (uses):											
Operating transfers out	_	_	_	_	(2,852,252)	(2,852,252)	(2,852,252)	_			
Total other financing sources (uses)					(2,852,252)	(2,852,252)	(2,852,252)				
Net change in fund balances	344,645	969,780	2,832,910	1,863,130	1,907,654	1,907,654	1,907,654				
Fund balances - beginning	3,699,130	3,699,130	3,699,130	_	54,607,440	54,607,440	54,607,440	_			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 4,043,775	\$ 4,668,910	\$ 6,532,040	\$ 1,863,130	\$ 56,515,094	\$ 56,515,094	\$ 56,515,094	\$			

The notes to RSI are an integral part of RSI.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE - MODIFIED REPORTING Last 5 Fiscal years

Comparison of Budgeted-to-Actual Maintenance/Preservation

<u>Roads</u>	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		
Arterial							
Budgeted	\$ 8,468,198	\$ 3,930,807	\$ 3,646,248	\$ 1,114,428	\$ 722,237		
Actual	7,529,767	4,112,159	4,496,328	1,083,974	1,221,654		
Collector							
Budgeted	1,516,452	1,932,883	1,047,972	1,269,324	603,953		
Actual	1,808,336	1,770,505	1,321,214	1,306,175	588,017		
Residential							
Budgeted	2,722,431	2,057,369	1,873,531	4,064,266	1,195,156		
Actual	3,107,813	2,071,206	2,268,752	4,100,327	1,181,496		
Condition Rating							
	Average Pavem	ent Condition I	ndex (PCI)				
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		
Total System	5	5 *	61	63	63		

^{*} In 2016 the City implemented a new pavement condition rating system (Paser).

The notes to RSI are an integral part of RSI.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS -SINGLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS Last 10 Fiscal Years *

1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan

		2017	2016	2015		2014		2013
Total pension liability:								
Interest cost	\$	2,668,769	\$ 2,418,897	\$ 2,538,721	\$	3,894,050	\$	4,778,921
Differences between expected and actual experience		(803,350)	(1,112,671)	(948,708)		-		(401,476)
Assumption changes		3,725,207	(5,484,054)	(295,225)		11,845,931		13,198,813
Projected benefits payments		(6,375,604)	 (6,613,140)	 (6,734,075)	_	(6,806,308)		(6,965,285)
Net change in total pension liability		(784,978)	(10,790,968)	(5,439,287)		8,933,673		10,610,973
Total pension liability - beginning	_	86,445,725	 97,236,693	 102,675,980		93,742,307		83,131,334
Total pension liability - ending	\$	85,660,747	\$ 86,445,725	\$ 97,236,693	\$	102,675,980	\$	93,742,307
Plan fiduciary net position:								
Non-employer contributing entity contributions	\$	6,412,460	\$ 6,529,135	\$ 6,660,281	\$	6,850,878	\$	6,771,704
Net investment income		3,759	1,462	308		469		501
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(6,471,501)	(6,613,140)	(6,734,075)		(6,806,308)		(6,965,285)
Administrative expense		(26,395)	(25,919)	(26,184)		(22,055)		(21,633)
Other		_	_	_				183
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(81,677)	(108,462)	(99,670)		22,984		(214,530)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		236,131	 344,593	 444,263		421,279	_	635,809
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	154,454	\$ 236,131	\$ 344,593	\$	444,263	\$	421,279
Net pension liability	\$	85,506,293	\$ 86,209,594	\$ 96,892,100	\$	102,231,717	\$	93,321,028
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		0.18%	0.27%	0.35%		0.43%		0.45%
Covered employee payroll	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A (Continued)

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SINGLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS
Last 10 Fiscal Years *
(Continued)

1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan

	2017			2016		2015		2014		2013
Total pension liability:					_					
Service cost	\$	79,928	\$	96,205	\$	168,319	\$	95,039	\$	66,728
Interest cost		3,580,288		3,157,247		3,282,643		4,998,646		6,175,881
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,680,250		(1,510,890)		(1,898,421)		_		(3,273,748)
Assumption changes		5,421,874		(7,707,128)		(411,528)		16,219,587		17,931,620
Projected benefit payments		(7,728,852)	_	(7,620,221)	_	(7,809,396)	_	(7,759,395)		(7,876,577)
Net change in total pension liability		3,033,488		(13,584,787)		(6,668,383)		13,553,877		13,023,904
Total pension liability - beginning	_	113,127,521		126,712,308	_	133,380,691	_	119,826,814		106,802,910
Total pension liability - ending	\$	116,161,009	\$	113,127,521	\$	126,712,308	\$	133,380,691	\$	119,826,814
Plan fiduciary net position:										_
Contributions - other	\$	5,007	\$	17,264	\$	5,830	\$	288	\$	72
Non-employer contributing entity contributions		7,653,868		7,697,200		7,672,731		7,683,308		8,420,573
Net investment income		9,608		3,607		872		1,399		1,169
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(7,777,843)		(7,620,222)		(7,809,396)		(7,759,395)		(7,846,037)
Administrative expense		(21,489)		(20,986)		(21,153)		(16,092)		(15,142)
Other	_			_	_		_	9,110		17,871
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(130,849)		76,863		(151,116)		(81,382)		578,506
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	1,456,893		1,380,030	_	1,531,146	_	1,612,528		1,034,022
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	1,326,044	\$	1,456,893	\$	1,380,030	\$	1,531,146	\$	1,612,528
Net pension liability	\$	114,834,965	\$	111,670,628	\$	125,332,278	\$	131,849,545	\$	118,214,286
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		1.14%		1.29%		1.09%		1.15%		1.35%
Covered employee payroll	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
										(Continued)

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SINGLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS
Last 10 Fiscal Years *
(Continued)

Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan

	2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
Total pension liability:									_
Interest cost	\$ 258,481	\$	268,017	\$	289,729	\$	249,800	\$	257,423
Differences between expected and actual experience	7,430		152,186		(206,270)		441,955		(151,071)
Assumption changes	(115,284)		(236,913)		(312,832)		1,118,351		_
Projected benefit payments	 (502,059)	_	(500,056)	_	(487,644)	· —	(469,080)	_	(457,746)
Net change in total pension liability	(351,432)		(316,766)		(717,017)		1,341,026		(351,394)
Total pension liability - beginning	 8,887,996		9,204,762		9,921,779		8,580,753		8,932,147
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 8,536,564	\$	8,887,996	\$	9,204,762	\$	9,921,779	\$	8,580,753
Plan fiduciary net position:									
Contributions - employer	\$ 534,391	\$	539,956	\$	531,204	\$	489,972	\$	343,610
Net investment income	246		83		20		4		43
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(502,059)		(500,056)		(487,644)		(469,080)		(457,746)
Administrative expense	 (3,283)		(4,905)		(4,306)	. <u> </u>	(4,301)	_	(4,313)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	29,295		35,078		39,274		16,595		(118,406)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 123,604		88,526		49,252		32,657		151,063
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 152,899	\$	123,604	\$	88,526	\$	49,252	\$	32,657
Net pension liability	\$ 8,383,665	\$	8,764,392	\$	9,116,236	\$	9,872,527	\$	8,548,096
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	1.79%		1.39%		0.96%		0.50%		0.38%
Covered employee payroll	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
									(Continued)

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SINGLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS
Last 10 Fiscal Years *
(Continued)

Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan

		2017		2016		2015	2014	2013
Total pension liability:								
Service cost	\$,	\$	909,616	\$	420,016	N/A	N/A
Interest cost		1,782,204		1,807,407		1,715,900	N/A	N/A
Differences between expected and actual experience		(1,110,216)		(434,710)		660,676	N/A	N/A N/A
Assumption changes Projected benefit payments		(3,709,243)		308,182		11,107,744	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
• • • •	_	(1,400,044)	-	(1,327,475)	_	(1,198,786)		
Net change in total pension liability		(3,548,738)		1,263,020		12,705,550	N/A	N/A
Total pension liability - beginning		37,076,568		35,813,548		23,107,998	N/A	N/A
Total pension liability - ending	\$	33,527,830	\$	37,076,568	\$	35,813,548	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position:								
Contributions - employer	\$,	\$	490,473	\$	494,353	N/A	N/A
Contributions - member		29,141		29,239		30,245	N/A	N/A
Net investment income		1,923,231		326,346		1,892,320	N/A	N/A
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,400,044)		(1,327,475)		(1,198,786)	N/A	N/A
Administrative expense		(20,144)		(21,828)		(17,179)	N/A	N/A
Other	_	(52,500)		(31,167)		(40,000)	N/A	N/A
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		955,328		(534,412)		1,160,953	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		22,254,913		22,789,325		21,628,372	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	23,210,241	\$	22,254,913	\$	22,789,325	N/A	N/A
Net pension liability	\$	10,317,589	\$	14,821,655	\$	13,024,223	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		69.23%		60.02%		63.63%	N/A	N/A
Covered employee payroll	\$	4,321,333	\$	4,141,883	\$	4,372,676	N/A	N/A
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll Note:		238.76%		357.85%		297.85%	N/A	N/A

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The notes to RSI are an integral part of the RSI.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS
Last 10 Fiscal Years *

Public Employees Retirement Fund - City of Fort Wayne

	 2017		2016		2015		2014	
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.69%		0.72%		0.69%		0.65%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 30,967,127	\$	32,875,585	\$	27,922,595	\$	17,065,022	
Covered employee-payroll	\$ 34,434,725	\$	34,716,529	\$	32,837,584	\$	31,704,289	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	89.93%		94.70%		85.03%		53.83%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.60%		75.30%		77.30%		84.30%	
Public Employees Retirement Fund - City Utilities								
	2017		2016		2015		2014	
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.41%		0.45%		0.42%		0.40%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 18,363,713	\$	20,490,169	\$	17,196,200	\$	10,437,633	
Covered employee-payroll	\$ 20,419,990	\$	21,637,668	\$	20,223,082	\$	19,391,743	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	89.93%		94.70%		85.03%	ı	53.83%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.60%		75.30%		77.30%		84.30% (Continued)	

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS
Last 10 Fiscal Years *
(Continued)

Public Employees Retirement Fund - CIB

	 2017	2016		2015		2014
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.03%	0.02%		0.02%		0.02%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,059,617	\$ 999,365	\$	874,859	\$	537,413
Covered employee-payroll	\$ 1,178,373	\$ 1,055,432	\$	1,029,068	\$	998,256
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	89.92%	94.69%		85.01%		53.84%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.60%	75.30%		77.30%		84.30%
1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension and Disability Fund						
	 2017	2016		2015		2014
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	5.40 %	5.56%		5.50 %		5.50 %
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (834,304)	\$ 4,943,313	\$	(8,126,334)	\$	(2,805,462)
Covered employee-payroll	\$ 43,848,401	\$ 43,007,168	\$	41,022,151	\$	39,065,212
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	(1.90)%	11.49%		(19.81)%		(7.18)%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	100.30 %	98.20%		103.20 %		101.10 %

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CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SINGLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS
Last 10 Fiscal Years *

1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan

	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	2013
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 6,415,905	\$ 6,553,429	\$ 6,684,421	\$ 6,850,878	\$ 6,771,704
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	6,412,460	6,529,135	6,660,281	6,850,878	6,771,704
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 3,445	\$ 24,294	\$ 24,140	\$ _	\$ _
Covered employee payroll	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan	 2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 7,777,008	\$ 7,620,257	\$ 7,804,224	\$ 7,749,424	\$ 7,876,577
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	7,658,875	7,714,464	7,678,561	7,683,596	8,420,645
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 118,133	\$ (94,207)	\$ 125,663	\$ 65,828	\$ (544,068)
Covered employee payroll	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
					(Continued)

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SINGLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS
Last 10 Fiscal Years *
(Continued)

Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan

	 2017	 2016	2015	2014		2013
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 502,059	\$ 500,056	\$ 487,644	\$ 554,448	\$	550,910
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	534,414	539,956	531,204	489,972		343,610
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (32,355)	\$ (39,900)	\$ (43,560)	\$ 64,476	\$	207,300
Covered employee payroll	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan						
	 2017	 2016	 2015	2014	,	2013
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 807,741	\$ 807,741	\$ 807,741	N/A		N/A
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 515,762	475,644	 517,568	 N/A		N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 291,979	\$ 332,097	\$ 290,173	N/A		N/A
Covered employee payroll	\$ 4,321,333	\$ 4,141,883	\$ 4,372,676	N/A		N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	11.94%	11.48%	11.84%	N/A		N/A

Note:

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CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS
Last 10 Fiscal Years *

Public Employees Retirement Fund - City of Fort Wayne

	 2017	 2016		2015		2014	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 3,791,987 3,791,987	\$ 3,770,912 3,770,912	\$	3,814,308 3,814,308	\$	3,588,652 3,588,652	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ 	\$	_	\$	_	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 33,857,027	\$ 33,668,857	\$	34,056,321	\$	32,041,536	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.20%	11.20%		11.20%)	11.20%	
Public Employees Retirement Fund - City Utilities							
	2017	 2016		2015		2014	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 2,269,585 2,269,585	\$ 2,647,487 2,647,487	\$	2,163,471 2,163,471	\$	2,196,819 2,196,819	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 20,264,152	\$ 23,638,277	\$	19,316,705	\$	19,614,455	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.20%	11.20%		11.20%		11.20%	

(Continued)

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS
Last 10 Fiscal Years *
(Continued)

Public Employees Retirement Fund - CIB

		2017		2016		2015		2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	131,978 131,978	\$	118,208 118,208	\$	115,255 115,255	\$	111,805 111,805
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	— — —	\$		\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,178,375	\$	1,055,429	\$	1,029,063	\$	998,259
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.20%		11.20%		11.20%)	11.20%
1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension and Disability Fund	_	2017		2016		2015		2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	7,892,903 7,892,903	\$	8,409,766 8,409,766	\$	8,246,875 8,246,875	\$	7,863,942 7,863,942
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	_	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	_	\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	45,102,303	\$	42,689,168	\$	41,862,310	\$	39,918,487
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		17.50%		19.70%		19.70%)	19.70%

Note:

The notes to RSI are an integral part of the RSI.

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CITY OF FORT WAYNE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS -RETIREE HEALTHCARE PLAN

City of Fort Wayne:

							Unfunded
			Actuarial				AAL as a
	Α	ctuarial	Accrued			Annual	Percentage
Actuarial	٧	alue of	Liability	Unfunded	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	1	Assets	(AAL)	AAL	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date		(a)	(b)	(a-b)	(a/b)	(c)	((a-b)/c)
1/1/2018	\$		\$122,749,210	\$(122,749,210)	—%	\$ 99,160,674	124%
1/1/2016		_	125,301,031	(125,301,031)	—%	109,755,207	114%
1/1/2016		_	125,301,031	(125,301,031)	—%	111,854,305	112%

Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation:

						Unfunded
		Actuarial				AAL as a
	Actuarial	Accrued			Annual	Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Liability	Unfunded	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	(AAL)	AAL	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(a-b)	(a/b)	(c)	((a-b)/c)
12/31/2017	\$ —	\$ 6,372,468	\$ (6,372,468)	_ %	N/A	N/A
12/31/2014	_	6,237,536	(6,237,536)	—%	N/A	N/A
12/31/2014	_	6,002,546	(6,002,546)	- %	N/A	N/A

The notes to RSI are an integral part of RSI.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS -RETIREE HEALTHCARE PLAN

City of Fort Wayne:

	Annual	
	Required	Percentage
Year	Contribution	of ARC
Ending	(ARC)	Contributed
12/31/2017	\$ 11,305,653	56%
12/31/2016	11,595,425	46%
12/31/2015	10,710,241	42%

Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation:

Annual							
	I	Required	Percentage				
Year	C	ontribution	of ARC				
Ending		(ARC)	Contributed				
12/31/2017	\$	551,177	93%				
12/31/2016		592,576	60%				
12/31/2015		559,250	59%				

The notes to RSI are an integral part of RSI.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2017

Note 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

- A. The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the budgetary comparison schedules:
 - The Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
 - 2. Prior to adoption, the City advertises the budget and the City Council holds public hearings to obtain taxpayer comments.
 - In October of each year the budget is approved by the City Council through passage of an ordinance.
 - 4. Copies of the budget ordinance and advertisements are sent to the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance. The budget becomes legally enacted after the City Controller receives approval from the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance. The budget ordinance as approved by the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance becomes the City's expenditures budget. The City's maximum tax levy is restricted by Indiana Law, with certain adjustments and exceptions. If the advertised budget exceeds the spending and tax limits of the state control laws, an excess levy can be granted by the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance, upon appeal by the City.
 - 5. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations without the governing body's approval) is by object classification for all funds except for the General fund, which is by object classification within each department. The City's management cannot transfer budgeted appropriations between object classifications of a budget, without approval of the City Council. Any revisions that alter the total appropriations for any fund or any department of the General fund must be approved by the City Council and, in some instances, by the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance.
 - 6. Formal budgetary integration is required by State statute and is employed as a management control device. An annual budget was legally adopted for the following funds:

Major Funds:
General Fund
Special Revenue Funds:
Highways and Streets, Parks, Fire, Community Legacy
Capital Projects Funds:
LIT-ED (CEDIT), Redevelopment

Non-Major Funds: Special Revenue Funds:

Parking Meter, Law Enforcement Training, Cable Television, Unsafe Building, Public Safety LIT, Domestic Violence

Capital Projects Funds:

Cumulative Capital Improvement, Cumulative Capital Development

CITY OF FORT WAYNE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2017 (Continued)

- 7. The City's budgetary process is based upon GAAP. Appropriations lapse with the expiration of the budgetary period unless encumbered by a purchase order or contract. Encumbered appropriations are carried over and added to the subsequent year's budget.
- 8. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council and approved by the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance in the regular legal manner. Net decreases to the original appropriations totaled \$4,730,739 in 2017.

B. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2017, expenditures exceeded budgeted appropriations at the legal level of control (object classification for all funds except the General Fund, which is by object classification within each department) in the following funds, by the amounts below:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Department</u>	<u>Object</u>	<u>E</u>	<u>Excess</u>	
General	Highways and streets	Personal services	\$	11,655	
General	Police	Personal services		93,424	
LIT-ED (CEDIT)		Capital Outlay		72,904	

Excess of expenditures over appropriations in the above object classifications resulted from failure to obtain approval from the City Council to increase the object classifications. Available fund balances and/or sufficient balances in other object classifications within the fund and department funded the over-expenditures.

Note 2. Infrastructure Assets - Modified Approach

In 2016, a new pavement condition rating system was implemented that evaluated every segment of street in the City of Fort Wayne. The condition of the road system is measured using a pavement assessment system called PASER. This system considers only the worst distress factor found in pavement surface and assigns the corresponding numeric value to that distress. The PASER rating system uses a measurement scale that is based upon an index ranging from 1 - 10. These condition categories are "Excellent: (10-9), "Very Good" (8), "Good" (7-6), "Fair" (5-4), "Poor" (3) and "Very Poor" (2-1).

Prior to 2016, the condition of the City's road pavement was measured using a Pavement Condition Index (PCI). This Pavement Condition Index was only one field of a larger database that took into account many distress factors found in pavement surfaces. The PCI used a measurement scale that was based upon an index ranging from -135 (asphalt) and -110 (concrete) to 100. No other factors exist that would significantly affect trends in the information reported. Those condition categories are "Very Good" (100 to 80), "Good" (79 to 60), "Fair" (59 to 40), "Poor" (39 to 20), and "Very Poor" (19 to -135).

Condition reports using a weighted average are compiled on an annual basis to determine the total system's status. Keeping the database up to date will ensure the City is addressing that part of the infrastructure needing the most attention and to determine from year to year how well infrastructure is being maintained. The City assesses one third (1/3) of the system miles each year to keep the information current.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2017 (Continued)

It is the City's goal to maintain our road pavement infrastructure at a condition of "Good". Reacting to the downward trend in the PCI ratings, the City formed a Fiscal Policy Group to develop a long term plan to find sustainable revenue sources to support infrastructure quality. The Mayor, based on the recommendation of the Group, adopted a minimum spending goal for streets and roads of \$18 million per year. To achieve that level of funding, the Group recommended changes to Local Option Income Taxes as well as key component elements to Property Taxes. These changes were adopted, creating sustainable new revenues in excess of \$10 million. Subsequently, another Fiscal Policy Group revised the minimum spending goal to \$25 million. The Municipal Motor Vehicle License Excise Surtax and Municipal Wheel Tax were passed in 2016 to fill that gap. The Municipal Wheel Tax / Surtax will generate approximately \$4.8 million in new revenues. Also, assisting the City in achieving its goal, the Indiana General Assembly passed HEA 1002 in April of 2017, which, in part, will provide an estimated \$4.7 million annually for streets and roads. The City will continue to monitor its infrastructure spending in order to assure a needed and stable level of funding for infrastructure in order to meet our goal of "Good" for road pavement infrastructure. The change in ratings between 2015 and 2016 represented a switch from the PCI rating system which used a scale ranging between -135 and 100, to a more universally adopted PASER rating system that uses a scale ranging between 1 and 10. In 2016, the City hired a consultant to rerate all 1,166 centerline miles of pavement. The City will continue to rerate these streets on a three year rotating cycle.

Factors that significantly affect trends in the road maintenance schedule include:

- 1. Winter weather conditions that result in excessive "freeze-thaw" activity.
- Summer weather conditions that result in excessive heat. Under extreme heat, asphalt can
 become soft and buckle. Concrete suffers from a condition known as "blow ups". The ground
 under the concrete roads and the roads themselves begin to expand during exceptionally high
 temperatures. The concrete can find no other way to expand than to "blow up".
- Conflicts with utilities. Utility work that results in the disruption of a road surface will weaken the original integrity of the structure. More repairs may become necessary once a road's initial structure has been altered.
- 4. Extreme loading. Each road is rated for a certain percentage of traffic coming from trucks. When the percentage exceeds the rating, damage to the road will occur.
- 5. The presence of water. Excessive water levels from winter thaw, high rains, water pipe breaks, or higher than usual water tables can cause rapid deterioration of roads.
- 6. The continuously increasing costs of construction impede our ability to plan and budget for too many years into the future.

Note 3. Financial Reporting - Pension Plans

A. Changes of assumptions.

- 1. The interest rate for the 1937 Firefighters' and 1925 Police Officers' Pension plans decreased from 3.23 percent for the December 31, 2016 valuation to 2.75 percent for the December 31, 2017 valuation, based on the Barclay's 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate.
- 2. For the Sanitary Officers' Pension plan, in 2017, there was a change from the RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality adjusted to 2006, with Two Dimensional Mortality Improvement Scale

CITY OF FORT WAYNE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2017

(Continued)

MP-2016, to the RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality (sex-distinct) adjusted to 2006, with mortality improvement projected on a generational basis using Scale MP-2017.

- For the Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan, in 2017 there was a change from use of RP 2015 Mortality Table with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2015 to the RP 2014 Mortality Table with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2016, for disabled members - RP2000.
- 4. For the Public Employees Retirement Fund, in 2017, for active and inactive vested members, a salary load of \$400 was added to approximate the impact on average monthly earnings of unused sick leave accumulated at termination of employment. For disabled members, the mortality assumption is updated from RP-2014 (with MP-2014 improvement removed) Total Data Set Mortality tables to the RP-2014 (with MP-2014 improvement removed) Disability Mortality tables.
- 5. For the 1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension, in 2017, for disabled members, the mortality assumption is updated from the RP-2014 (with MP-2014 improvement removed) Blue Collar Mortality tables to the RP-2014 (with MP-2014 improvement removed) Disability Mortality tables. Also, one percent of the members who become disabled are assumed to sustain a catastrophic disability and receive the enhanced disability benefit (100 percent of salary) added by 2017 House Enrolled Act No. 1617.
- B. Method and assumptions used in the calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of the 1937 Firefighters' and 1925 Police Officers' Pension plans contributions are calculated as of December 31, 2017. The following actuarial method and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in their respective schedules:

1937 Firefighters' and 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plans

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal - Level Percent of Payroll

Amortization method Level percentage of projected payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years
Inflation 2.25%
Salary increases 2.50%

Cost-of-Living Increases Non-converted 2.50% per year in retirement

Converted 2.50% per year in retirement

Discount rate 2.75% (Based on Barclay's 20-year Municipal Bond Index

rate)

Mortality assumption RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2014

improvement removed and projected on a generational basis using the future mortality improvement inherent in the Social

Security Administration's 2014 Trustee report

CITY OF FORT WAYNE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2017 (Continued)

Sanitary Officers' Pension Plan

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization method Level percentage of projected payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years Inflation 3.0%

Cost-of-Living Increases 4.0%

Discount rate 3.0%

Mortality assumption RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality, adjusted to 2006, with Two

Dimensional Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2017

Fort Wayne Public Transportation Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan

Asset valuation method Market value as reported by Wells Fargo Bank

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases 4% (1% merit plus 3% general increase)

Cost-of-Living Increases 2.5% Investment rate of return 5.51%

Retirement age 65, with five years of continuous employment

Mortality assumption RP-2014 Mortality Table for males and females, as

appropriate with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2016, for disabled members - RP2000

C. Restatement

Per GASB 82, the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan covered employee payroll and net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll have been restated. Additionally, contributions as of percentage of covered employee payroll have been restated.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Major Governmental Funds

General Fund - the general operating fund of the City. Tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to another fund are accounted for in this fund. The general operating expenditures of the City are paid from the General Fund.

Those departments by function that are included in the General Fund are:

General Government:

Mayor

Finance & Administration

City Clerk

City Council

Board of Works

Law

Internal Audit

Public Safety:

Weights and Measures

Police Merit Commission

Police

Highways and Streets:

Street Lighting

Flood

Transportation Engineering

Infrastructure

Health and Welfare:

Animal Control

Economic Opportunity:

Metropolitan Human Relations

Economic Development:

Community Development

Special Revenue Funds - used to account for revenues derived for a specific purpose. The title of the fund is descriptive of the activities involved.

Highways and Streets - funds set aside from state gasoline tax distributions and local wheel taxes for the specific purpose of constructing and maintaining local streets and alleys.

Parks - to account for the operation of the City park system.

Fire - to account for the operation of the Fire District.

Community Legacy - to account for financial resources and expenses or projects that are of public interest and related to transformational investment in the community.

Capital Projects Funds - are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

LIT-ED (CEDIT) - to account for revenues received from the Local Income Tax - Economic Development distribution (LIT-ED) and for construction of projects funded by these revenues.

Redevelopment - to account for the redevelopment functions of the City.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance
Function and Department	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
General government:				
Mayor				
Personal services	\$ 2,269,530	\$ 2,269,530	\$ 2,196,708	\$ 72,822
Supplies	14,869	14,869	10,422	4,447
Other services and charges	106,824	130,074	106,506	23,568
Finance & Administration	, -	, .	,	-,
Personal services	2,315,557	2,315,557	2,261,158	54,399
Supplies	159,092	180,157	174,305	5,852
Other services and charges	7,305,700	6,815,988	5,862,443	953,545
Capital outlay	35,426	15,581	11,079	4,502
City Clerk	22, 12	,	,	-,
Personal services	543,511	605,993	588,204	17,789
Supplies	10,550	10,550	5,742	4,808
Other services and charges	44,338	44,338	34,595	9,743
City Council	,	,	,,,,,,	-,
Personal services	510,504	510,504	497,715	12,789
Supplies	400	400	302	98
Other services and charges	8,924	8,924	6,745	2,179
Board of Works	-,-	-,-	,	, -
Personal services	597,009	629,009	611,739	17,270
Supplies	5,586	5,586	3,833	1,753
Other services and charges	19,735	19,735	18,963	772
Law	·		·	
Personal services	538,182	538,182	527,546	10,636
Supplies	1,750	1,750	751	999
Other services and charges	99,494	99,236	72,127	27,109
Internal Audit				
Personal services	287,814	277,814	221,650	56,164
Supplies	300	300	260	40
Other services and charges	9,168	9,168	8,427	741
Total General government	14,884,263	14,503,245	13,221,220	1,282,025
Public safety:				
Weights and Measures				
Personal services	132,368	133,968	133,964	4
Supplies	3,675	3,675	3,057	618
Other services and charges	8,269	8,269	8,130	139
Police Merit Commission				
Personal services	4,500	4,500	3,502	998
Supplies	60	60	57	3
Other services and charges	30,000	16,000	14,000	2,000
Police				
Personal services	46,642,952	46,182,952	46,276,376	(93,424)
Supplies	2,118,437	2,334,483	2,045,024	289,459
Other services and charges	7,091,967	7,068,361	7,005,185	63,176
Capital outlay	436,450	372,200	348,539	23,661
Total Public safety	56,468,678	56,124,468	55,837,834	286,634

CITY OF FORT WAYNE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 (Continued)

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance
Function and Department	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Highways and streets:				
Street Lighting/Flood/Transp Engineering/Infrastruct	ture			
Personal services	3,823,961	4,031,961	4,043,616	(11,655)
Supplies	451,437	509,555	501,316	8,239
Other services and charges	2,716,805	2,126,090	2,123,863	2,227
Capital outlay	6,000	136,000	127,911	8,089
Total Highways and streets	6,998,203	6,803,606	6,796,706	6,900
Health and welfare:				
Animal Control				
Personal services	2,499,543	2,484,243	2,430,630	53,613
Supplies	96,651	108,144	107,088	1,056
Other services and charges	306,399	303,414	288,891	14,523
Capital outlay	45,691	44,439	31,809	12,630
Total Health and welfare	2,948,284	2,940,240	2,858,418	81,822
Economic opportunity:				
Metropolitan Human Relations				
Personal services	697,953	697,953	668,152	29,801
Supplies	2,778	2,778	1,824	954
Other services and charges	17,117	17,117	11,295	5,822
Total Economic opportunity	717,848	717,848	681,271	36,577
Economic development:				
Community Development				
Personal services	3,818,943	3,818,943	3,723,369	95,574
Supplies	52,304	52,304	35,348	16,956
Other services and charges	684,167	524,535	489,934	34,601
Total Economic development	4,555,414	4,395,782	4,248,651	147,131
Total General Fund	\$ 86,572,690	\$ 85,485,189	\$ 83,644,100	\$1,841,089

CITY OF FORT WAYNE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES -OTHER BUDGETED MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Redeve	lopment			LIT-ED	(CEDIT)	
	Budgeted	Amounts		ariance Positive	Budgeted	amounts		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	egative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$ 13,616,743	\$ 13,616,743	\$ 13,632,760	\$ 16,017	\$ 25,929,296	\$ 25,929,296	\$ 25,929,296	\$ —
Intergovernmental	43,719	43,719	43,719	_	1,120	1,120	1,120	_
Charges for services	1,095,942	1,095,942	1,095,942	_	13,290	13,290	13,290	_
Other	7,086,158	7,086,158	7,086,158	_	148,074	148,074	205,534	57,460
Total revenues	21,842,562	21,842,562	21,858,579	 16,017	26,091,780	26,091,780	26,149,240	57,460
Expenditures:								
Urban redevelopment and housing:								
Personal services	811,693	811,693	723,115	88,578	_	_	_	_
Supplies	67,451	67,451	67,036	415	_	_	_	_
Other services and charges	14,020,662	14,020,662	14,020,528	134	_	_	_	_
Capital outlay	4,179,137	4,179,137	4,179,137	_	_	_	_	_
Debt service:								
Principal	3,600,000	3,600,000	3,600,000	_	1,260,000	1,775,000	1,775,000	_
Interest	2,355,809	2,355,809	2,355,809	_	1,191,694	1,280,179	1,278,269	1,910
Capital outlay	_	_	_	_	14,313,763	13,005,275	13,078,179	(72,904)
Total expenditures	25,034,752	25,034,752	24,945,625	89,127	16,765,457	16,060,454	16,131,448	(70,994)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in	11,740,644	11,740,644	11,740,644	_	3,795,000	3,795,000	3,795,000	_
Transfers out	(6,059,296)	(6,059,296)	(6,059,296)	_	(13,056,283)	(13,056,283)	(12,629,161)	427,122
Capital leases issued	4,050,000	4,050,000	4,050,000	_	_	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	9,731,348	9,731,348	9,731,348	_	(9,261,283)	(9,261,283)	(8,834,161)	427,122
Net change in fund balances	6,539,158	6,539,158	6,644,302	105,144	65,040	770,043	1,183,631	413,588
Fund balances - beginning	40,115,922	40,115,922	40,115,922		9,828,377	9,828,377	9,828,377	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 46,655,080	\$ 46,655,080	\$ 46,760,224	\$ 105,144	\$ 9,893,417	\$ 10,598,420	\$ 11,012,008	\$ 413,588

Non-major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds - used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The title of the fund is descriptive of the activities involved. The City maintains the following non-major special revenue funds:

Abandoned Vehicle - to account for the expenses and revenues associated with the removal, storage, and disposal of abandoned vehicles from both public and private property throughout the city.

Parking Meter - to account for revenues and expenses in connection with operating City parking meters.

Law Enforcement Training - to account for fees used for the continuing education and training of law enforcement officers.

Omnibus Crime - to account for all State grants related to victims assistance or criminal justice.

Cable Television - to account for a portion of the cable television franchise fee revenue restricted to expenditures for local cable access programming grants.

Community Development Block Grants - to account for funds granted to the City by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development under the Community Development Block Grant entitlement programs.

Reimbursable State Grants - to account for funds granted to the City from various State community development and social service programs.

Unsafe Building - to account for funds used to remove unsafe and severely deteriorated buildings from residential neighborhoods throughout the City.

DED International Trade - to account for revenues and expenditures related to international trade.

HOME - to account for funds granted to the City under the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development HOME program which are to be used to rehabilitate single and multi-family housing units.

Affordable Housing Trust - to account for an allotment of funds from the State's newest legislative tool for housing.

Federal Revolving - to account for various federal funds received for specific purposes.

Urban Development Action Grant - to account for funds granted to the City by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development for specific categorical grants promoting economic and housing development.

Urban Enterprise Association - to account for funds that provide one-third of the Urban Enterprise Association (UEA) administrator's wage and benefit package and all the UEA secretaries' wages and benefit packages, as well as staff support by the City and UEA through a contractual arrangement.

Emergency Shelter Grant - to account for funds granted to the City under the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Emergency Shelter Program which are to be used to provide emergency shelter and other services for displaced families and individuals.

Non-major Governmental Funds (continued)

Neighborhood Stabilization - to account for funds granted to the City under the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Neighborhood Stabilization program which are to be used to purchase and rehabilitate single family housing units.

Neighborhood Stabilization 2013 - to account for funds granted to the City from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) which are to be used to purchase and redevelop foreclosed upon homes and residential properties.

Public Safety Academy Operating - to account for and appropriate financial resources/pledges for the operations and maintenance of the Public Safety Academy.

Public Safety LIT - to account for the additional local income tax funds to pay for public safety.

Consolidated Communications Partnership (CCP) • to account for the funds of the operation of the City 911 Emergency Call Center.

General Donation - to account for donations, restricted by donors, for purposes normally related to General Fund expenditures.

Domestic Violence - to account for taxes received and appropriated by the City Council for the prevention and education of domestic violence, rape, and sexual harassment.

Rainy Day - to account for transfers of unused and unencumbered Local Income Tax - Economic Development funds.

Levy Excess - to account for property tax levy excess revenues.

Animal Care Donation - to account for donations, restricted by donors, for animal care and other humane expenditures.

Animal Control Special Project - to account for all revenues, generated by fund raising activities, and expenditures for specific animal care needs.

Parking Fund - to account for receipts and expenses related to the monthly parking activities for employees and City owned vehicles.

Barrett Law Surplus - to account for excess revenues and expenditures related to the City's Barrett Law process.

Debt Service Funds - used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The City maintains the following non-major debt service fund:

Public Safety Academy - to account for the debt service payment related to the construction of the building, purchase of contents, as well as the dedicated resources pledged for debt service.

**This is the only debt service fund that the city maintains that is not part of another major fund; therefore, combining statements are not necessary.

Non-major Governmental Funds (continued)

Capital Projects Funds - used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The City maintains the following non-major capital projects funds:

Renaissance Pointe - to account for financial resources/pledges for the development, improvement and revitalization of the area designated as "Renaissance Pointe".

Equipment Purchase - to account for proceeds of leases to be used for the acquisition of equipment.

Cumulative Capital Improvement - to account for cigarette tax distributions.

Cumulative Capital Development - to account for revenues from additional taxes levied on real and personal property.

Building Project - to account for the proceeds of bonds secured by a lease for the construction of seven fire stations, an animal care building, a transportation sub-station, the public safety academy and improvements to the City's Board of Works complex.

Infrastructure Improvements - to account for the proceeds of bonds secured by a lease for infrastructure improvements.

Barrett Law Commercial - to account for funds from a lending institution to expand the Barrett Law Program to extend loans to fund qualifying commercial projects.

Barrett Law Revolving Improvement - to account for all financial resources related to projects constructed wholly or in part from Redevelopment District proceeds (except tax increment bonds), General Obligation Bonds, and any participating federal and state grants, including any required City local matching funds.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2017

Assets Cash and cash equivalents 13,643,699 - 8,7,433,376 \$ 21,077,075 Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): 327 - 159,000 159,327 Taxes 327 - 280,485 280,485 Assessments - 40 280,485 280,485 Intergovernmental 5,801,241 - 54,030 5,855,271 Loans 7,073,859 - 67,733 7,737,859 Miscellaneous 5,034,762 - 63,992,849 3,992,849 Due from other funds 2,602 - 63,992,849 3,992,849 Due from other funds 2,602 - 7,073,859 - 3,992,849 203,237 Assets held for economic development 2,911,347 - 6,20 200,635 203,237 Assets held for economic development 2,911,347 - 6,313,539,656 \$48,007,493 Liabilities. 4,518,231 - 517,229 \$1,593,309 Wages and withholdings payable 229,497 - 599,542 599,542 Retainage payable - 6,20 286,166 286,166 Interfund payable - poo			Non-major Special Revenue Funds		lon-major ebt Service Fund		Non-major Capital Projects Funds		Totals
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): Taxes 327 — 159,000 159,327 Assessments — — 280,485 280,485 Intergovernmental 5,801,241 — 54,030 5,855,271 Loans 7,073,859 — 64,030 5,855,271 Miscellaneous 5,034,762 — 71,371 5,106,133 Interfund receivable - pooled cash — — 3,992,849 3,992,849 Due from other funds 2,602 — 200,635 203,237 Assets held for economic development 2,911,347 — 1,347,910 4,259,257 Total assets *** 34,467,837 *** - \$13,539,656 *** 48,007,493 Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances *** *** 517,229 \$1,593,309 Wages and withholdings payable *** 1,076,080 *** - ** 517,229 ** 1,593,309 Wages and withholdings payable ** 29,497 — ** 29,497 ** 29,497 ** 29,497 ** 29,497 ** 29,497 <td><u>Assets</u></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	<u>Assets</u>								
Taxes 327 — 159,000 159,327 Assessments — — 280,485 280,485 Intergovernmental 5,801,241 — 54,030 5,855,271 Loans 7,073,859 — — 7,073,859 Miscellaneous 5,034,762 — 71,371 5,106,133 Interfund receivable - pooled cash — — 3,992,849 3,992,849 Due from other funds 2,602 — 200,635 203,237 Assets held for economic development 2,911,347 — 1,347,910 4,259,257 Total assets * 34,467,837 * * 13,379,00 4,259,257 Total assets * 1,076,080 * * 517,229 1,593,309 Wages and withholdings payable 229,497 — — 229,497 Contracts payable with fund payable - pooled cash 3,191,441 801,408 — 3,992,849 Due to other funds 4,518,231 801,408 — 3,992,849	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,643,699	\$	_	\$	7,433,376	\$	21,077,075
Assessments — — 280,485 280,485 Intergovernmental 5,801,241 — 54,030 5,855,271 Loans 7,073,859 — — 7,073,859 Miscellaneous 5,034,762 — 3,992,849 3,992,849 Due from other funds — — 200,635 203,237 Assets held for economic development 2,911,347 — 1,347,910 4,259,257 Total assets \$34,467,837 \$ — \$13,539,656 \$48,007,493 Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances Liabilities 4 — \$517,229 \$1,593,309 Wages and withholdings payable<	Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)								
Intergovernmental	Taxes		327		_		159,000		159,327
Loans 7,073,859 — — 7,073,859 Miscellaneous 5,034,762 — 71,371 5,106,133 Interfund receivable - pooled cash — — 3,992,849 3,992,849 Due from other funds 2,602 — 200,635 203,237 Assets held for economic development 2,911,347 — 1,347,910 4,259,257 Total assets \$34,467,837 \$ — \$13,539,656 \$48,007,493 Liabilities. Accounts payable \$1,076,080 \$ — \$517,229 \$1,593,309 Wages and withholdings payable 229,497 — — 229,497 Contracts payable — — 599,542 599,542 Retainage payable — — 286,166 286,166 Interfund payable - pooled cash 3,191,441 801,408 — 3,992,849 Due to other funds — — 314,983 314,983 Unearmed revenue 21,213 —	Assessments		_		_		280,485		280,485
Miscellaneous 5,034,762 — 71,371 5,106,133 Interfund receivable - pooled cash — — 3,992,849 3,992,849 Due from other funds 2,602 — 200,635 203,237 Assets held for economic development 2,911,347 — 1,347,910 4,259,257 Total assets \$34,467,837 \$ — \$13,539,656 \$48,007,493 Liabilities. Accounts payable \$1,076,080 \$ — \$517,229 \$1,593,309 Wages and withholdings payable 229,497 — — 229,497 Contracts payable — — 599,542 599,542 Retainage payable — — — 286,166 Interfund payable - pooled cash 3,191,441 801,408 — 3,992,849 Due to other funds — — 314,983 314,983 Unearmed revenue 21,213 — — 21,213 Total liabilities 4,518,231 801,408	Intergovernmental		5,801,241		_		54,030		5,855,271
Due from other funds	Loans		7,073,859		_		_		7,073,859
Due from other funds 2,602 — 200,635 203,237 Assets held for economic development 2,911,347 — 1,347,910 4,259,257 Total assets 34,467,837 — \$13,539,656 \$48,007,493 Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances Liabilities. Accounts payable \$1,076,080 — \$517,229 \$1,593,309 Wages and withholdings payable 229,497 — — 229,497 Contracts payable — 599,542 599,542 599,542 599,542 599,542 599,542 599,542 599,542 599,542 599,542 599,542 60,666 166 166 161	Miscellaneous		5,034,762		_		71,371		5,106,133
Assets held for economic development Total assets 2,911,347 — 1,347,910 4,259,257 Total assets \$34,467,837 — \$13,539,656 \$48,007,493 Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances Accounts payable \$1,076,080 — \$517,229 \$1,593,309 Wages and withholdings payable 229,497 — 229,497 Contracts payable — — 599,542 599,542 Retainage payable — — 286,166 286,166 Interfund payable - pooled cash 3,191,441 801,408 — 3,992,849 Due to other funds — — 314,983 314,983 Unearned revenue 21,213 — — 22,213 Total liabilities 4,518,231 801,408 1,717,920 7,037,559 Fund balances: <td>Interfund receivable - pooled cash</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>3,992,849</td> <td></td> <td>3,992,849</td>	Interfund receivable - pooled cash		_		_		3,992,849		3,992,849
Total assets \$ 34,467,837 \$ — \$ 13,539,656 \$ 48,007,493 Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 1,076,080 \$ — \$ 517,229 \$ 1,593,309 Wages and withholdings payable 229,497 — — — 229,497 Contracts payable — — — — 599,542 599,542 Retainage payable — — — — 286,166 286,166 Interfund payable - pooled cash 3,191,441 801,408 — — 314,983 314,983 Unearned revenue 21,213 — — — — 21,213 — — — 21,213 — — — 21,213 — — — 21,213 — — — 21,213 — — — 24,2750 3,997,496 — — — 24,2750 3,997,496 — — — 462,750 3,997,496 — — — 24,2750 3,997,496 — — — 28,37,722 2,837,722 2,837,722 2,837,722 2,837,722 2,837,722 2,837,722 2,837,722 2,837,722 2,837,722 2,830,44 Unassigned fund balance 15,186,657 — — 7,051,387 22,238,044 Unassigned fund balance (1,845,969) (801,408) — — (2,647,377) Total fund balances </td <td>Due from other funds</td> <td></td> <td>2,602</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>200,635</td> <td></td> <td>203,237</td>	Due from other funds		2,602		_		200,635		203,237
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 1,076,080 \$ — \$ 517,229 \$ 1,593,309 Wages and withholdings payable 229,497 — — 229,497 Contracts payable — — 599,542 599,542 599,542 Retainage payable — — — 286,166 286,166 Interfund payable - pooled cash 3,191,441 801,408 — 3,992,849 Due to other funds — — 314,983 314,983 Unearned revenue 21,213 — — 21,213 Total liabilities 4,518,231 801,408 1,717,920 7,037,559 Deferred inflows of resources 3,534,746 — 462,750 3,997,496 Fund balances: Restricted fund balance 13,074,172 — 1,469,877 14,544,049 Committed fund balance 15,186,657 — 7,051,387 22,238,044 Unassigned fund balance (1,845,969) (801,408)	Assets held for economic development		2,911,347		_		1,347,910		4,259,257
Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 1,076,080 — \$ 517,229 \$ 1,593,309 Wages and withholdings payable 229,497 — — 229,497 Contracts payable — — 599,542 599,542 Retainage payable — — — 286,166 286,166 Interfund payable - pooled cash 3,191,441 801,408 — 3,992,849 Due to other funds — — — 314,983 314,983 Unearned revenue 21,213 — — 21,213 Total liabilities 4,518,231 801,408 1,717,920 7,037,559 Deferred inflows of resources 3,534,746 — 462,750 3,997,496 Fund balances: Restricted fund balance 13,074,172 — 1,469,877 14,544,049 Committed fund balance — — 2,837,722 2,837,722 Assigned fund balance 15,186,657 — 7,051,387 22,238,044 Unassigned fund balances (1,845,969) (801,408) — (2,647,377) Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resource	Total assets	\$	34,467,837	\$		\$	13,539,656	\$	48,007,493
Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 1,076,080 — \$ 517,229 \$ 1,593,309 Wages and withholdings payable 229,497 — — 229,497 Contracts payable — — 599,542 599,542 Retainage payable — — 286,166 286,166 Interfund payable - pooled cash 3,191,441 801,408 — 3,992,849 Due to other funds — — 314,983 314,983 Unearned revenue 21,213 — — 21,213 Total liabilities 4,518,231 801,408 1,717,920 7,037,559 Deferred inflows of resources 3,534,746 — 462,750 3,997,496 Fund balances: Restricted fund balance 13,074,172 — 1,469,877 14,544,049 Committed fund balance — — 2,837,722 2,837,722 Assigned fund balance 15,186,657 — 7,051,387 22,238,044 Unassigned fund balance (1,845,969) (801,408) — (2,647,377) Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and <td>Linkiliting deferred inflance of accourage and found</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Linkiliting deferred inflance of accourage and found				_				
Accounts payable \$ 1,076,080 — \$ 517,229 \$ 1,593,309 Wages and withholdings payable 229,497 — — 229,497 Contracts payable — — 599,542 599,542 Retainage payable — — — 286,166 286,166 Interfund payable - pooled cash 3,191,441 801,408 — 3,992,849 Due to other funds — — — 314,983 314,983 Unearned revenue 21,213 — — 21,213 Total liabilities 4,518,231 801,408 1,717,920 7,037,559 Deferred inflows of resources 3,534,746 — 462,750 3,997,496 Fund balances: Restricted fund balance 13,074,172 — 1,469,877 14,544,049 Committed fund balance — — 2,837,722 2,837,722 2,837,722 Assigned fund balance 15,186,657 — 7,051,387 22,238,044 Unassigned fund balance (1,845,969) (801,408)		bai	<u>ances</u>						
Wages and withholdings payable 229,497 — — 229,497 Contracts payable — — 599,542 599,542 Retainage payable — — 286,166 286,166 Interfund payable - pooled cash 3,191,441 801,408 — 3,992,849 Due to other funds — — — 314,983 314,983 Unearned revenue 21,213 — — 21,213 Total liabilities 4,518,231 801,408 1,717,920 7,037,559 Deferred inflows of resources 3,534,746 — 462,750 3,997,496 Fund balances: Restricted fund balance 13,074,172 — 1,469,877 14,544,049 Committed fund balance — — 2,837,722 2,837,722 Assigned fund balance 15,186,657 — 7,051,387 22,238,044 Unassigned fund balances (1,845,969) (801,408) — (2,647,377) Total fund balances 26,414,860 (801,408) 11,358,986 36,		•	4 070 000	•		Φ	F47 000	•	4 500 000
Contracts payable — — 599,542 599,542 Retainage payable — — 286,166 286,166 Interfund payable - pooled cash 3,191,441 801,408 — 3,992,849 Due to other funds — — — 314,983 314,983 Unearned revenue 21,213 — — 21,213 Total liabilities 4,518,231 801,408 1,717,920 7,037,559 Deferred inflows of resources 3,534,746 — 462,750 3,997,496 Fund balances: Restricted fund balance 13,074,172 — 1,469,877 14,544,049 Committed fund balance — — 2,837,722 2,837,722 2,837,722 Assigned fund balance 15,186,657 — 7,051,387 22,238,044 Unassigned fund balance (1,845,969) (801,408) — (2,647,377) Total fund balances 26,414,860 (801,408) 11,358,986 36,972,438	. ,	Ъ		Þ	_	Ъ	517,229	Þ	
Retainage payable — — 286,166 286,166 Interfund payable - pooled cash 3,191,441 801,408 — 3,992,849 Due to other funds — — 314,983 314,983 Unearned revenue 21,213 — — 21,213 Total liabilities 4,518,231 801,408 1,717,920 7,037,559 Deferred inflows of resources 3,534,746 — 462,750 3,997,496 Fund balances: Restricted fund balance 13,074,172 — 1,469,877 14,544,049 Committed fund balance — — 2,837,722 2,837,722 2,837,722 Assigned fund balance 15,186,657 — 7,051,387 22,238,044 Unassigned fund balances (1,845,969) (801,408) — (2,647,377) Total fund balances 26,414,860 (801,408) 11,358,986 36,972,438			229,497		_				
Interfund payable - pooled cash 3,191,441 801,408 — 3,992,849 Due to other funds — — 314,983 314,983 Unearned revenue 21,213 — — 21,213 Total liabilities 4,518,231 801,408 1,717,920 7,037,559 Deferred inflows of resources 3,534,746 — 462,750 3,997,496 Fund balances: Restricted fund balance — — 1,469,877 14,544,049 Committed fund balance — — 2,837,722 2,837,722 Assigned fund balance — — 7,051,387 22,238,044 Unassigned fund balances — (1,845,969) (801,408) — (2,647,377) Total fund balances — 26,414,860 (801,408) 11,358,986 36,972,438	• •		_		_		/ -		
Due to other funds — — 314,983 314,983 Unearned revenue 21,213 — — 21,213 Total liabilities 4,518,231 801,408 1,717,920 7,037,559 Deferred inflows of resources 3,534,746 — 462,750 3,997,496 Fund balances: Restricted fund balance 13,074,172 — 1,469,877 14,544,049 Committed fund balance — — 2,837,722 2,837,722 Assigned fund balance 15,186,657 — 7,051,387 22,238,044 Unassigned fund balance (1,845,969) (801,408) — (2,647,377) Total fund balances 26,414,860 (801,408) 11,358,986 36,972,438			_		_		286,166		
Unearned revenue 21,213 — — 21,213 Total liabilities 4,518,231 801,408 1,717,920 7,037,559 Deferred inflows of resources 3,534,746 — 462,750 3,997,496 Fund balances: Restricted fund balance Committed fund balance 13,074,172 — 1,469,877 14,544,049 Committed fund balance — — 2,837,722 2,837,722 Assigned fund balance 15,186,657 — 7,051,387 22,238,044 Unassigned fund balance (1,845,969) (801,408) — (2,647,377) Total fund balances 26,414,860 (801,408) 11,358,986 36,972,438			3,191,441		801,408		_		
Total liabilities 4,518,231 801,408 1,717,920 7,037,559 Deferred inflows of resources 3,534,746 — 462,750 3,997,496 Fund balances: Restricted fund balance Committed fund balance 13,074,172 — 1,469,877 14,544,049 Committed fund balance — — 2,837,722 2,837,722 Assigned fund balance 15,186,657 — 7,051,387 22,238,044 Unassigned fund balance (1,845,969) (801,408) — (2,647,377) Total fund balances 26,414,860 (801,408) 11,358,986 36,972,438			_		_		314,983		
Deferred inflows of resources 3,534,746 — 462,750 3,997,496 Fund balances: Restricted fund balance 13,074,172 — 1,469,877 14,544,049 Committed fund balance — — 2,837,722 2,837,722 Assigned fund balance 15,186,657 — 7,051,387 22,238,044 Unassigned fund balance (1,845,969) (801,408) — (2,647,377) Total fund balances 26,414,860 (801,408) 11,358,986 36,972,438 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and		_				_		_	
Fund balances: Restricted fund balance	Total liabilities	_	4,518,231		801,408		1,717,920	_	7,037,559
Restricted fund balance 13,074,172 — 1,469,877 14,544,049 Committed fund balance — — 2,837,722 2,837,722 Assigned fund balance 15,186,657 — 7,051,387 22,238,044 Unassigned fund balance (1,845,969) (801,408) — (2,647,377) Total fund balances 26,414,860 (801,408) 11,358,986 36,972,438 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and	Deferred inflows of resources	_	3,534,746			_	462,750		3,997,496
Committed fund balance — — 2,837,722 2,837,722 Assigned fund balance 15,186,657 — 7,051,387 22,238,044 Unassigned fund balance (1,845,969) (801,408) — (2,647,377) Total fund balances 26,414,860 (801,408) 11,358,986 36,972,438 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and	Fund balances:								
Assigned fund balance 15,186,657 — 7,051,387 22,238,044 Unassigned fund balance (1,845,969) (801,408) — (2,647,377) Total fund balances 26,414,860 (801,408) 11,358,986 36,972,438 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and	Restricted fund balance		13,074,172		_		1,469,877		14,544,049
Assigned fund balance 15,186,657 — 7,051,387 22,238,044 Unassigned fund balance (1,845,969) (801,408) — (2,647,377) Total fund balances 26,414,860 (801,408) 11,358,986 36,972,438 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and	Committed fund balance		_		_		2,837,722		2,837,722
Unassigned fund balance (1,845,969) (801,408) — (2,647,377) Total fund balances 26,414,860 (801,408) 11,358,986 36,972,438 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and	Assigned fund balance		15,186,657		_		7,051,387		22,238,044
Total fund balances 26,414,860 (801,408) 11,358,986 36,972,438 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and	_		(1,845,969)		(801,408)		_		(2,647,377)
	•	_			(801,408)	_	11,358,986	_	
	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and								
		\$	34,467,837	\$		\$	13,539,656	\$	48,007,493

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Non-major Special Revenue Funds	D	Non-major ebt Service Funds		Non-major Capital Projects Funds		Totals
Revenues:	_				_		_	
Taxes	\$	5,440,580	\$	1,000,000	\$	3,811,602	\$	10,252,182
Special assessments		_		_		208,203		208,203
Licenses and permits		1,204,727		_		_		1,204,727
Intergovernmental		9,277,859		_		845,278		10,123,137
Charges for services		2,487,856		_		_		2,487,856
Fines and forfeits		1,787,607		_		_		1,787,607
Other		2,741,330		1,000,867		164,920		3,907,117
Total revenues		22,939,959		2,000,867		5,030,003		29,970,829
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		2,435,826		_		_		2,435,826
Public safety		19,504,518		_		_		19,504,518
Highways and streets		2,936,067		_		_		2,936,067
Health and welfare		117,091		_		_		117,091
Economic development		484,467		_		_		484,467
Urban redevelopment and housing		4,043,250		_		_		4,043,250
Debt service:								
Principal		_		_		6,795,000		6,795,000
Interest and other charges		_		_		1,844,399		1,844,399
Capital outlay		_		_		19,122,066		19,122,066
Total expenditures		29,521,219				27,761,465		57,282,684
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(6,581,260)		2,000,867		(22,731,462)		(27,311,855)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		2,855,851		_		17,119,367		19,975,218
Transfers out		(98,669)		(2,451,834)		(8,695,696)		(11,246,199)
Capital leases issued		_		_		10,100,000		10,100,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	2,757,182		(2,451,834)	_	18,523,671		18,829,019
Net change in fund balances		(3,824,078)		(450,967)		(4,207,791)		(8,482,836)
Fund balances - beginning		30,238,938		(350,441)		15,566,777		45,455,274
Fund balances - ending	\$	26,414,860	\$	(801,408)	\$	11,358,986	\$	36,972,438

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
December 31, 2017

	Abandoned Vehicle	Parking Meter	Law Enforcement Training	Omnibus Crime	Cable Television	Community Development Block Grants	Reimbursable State Grants	Unsafe Building	DED International Trade	HOME
<u>Assets</u>										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 877,528	\$ 380,869	\$ 2,194,795	\$ 4,344	\$ 349,647	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,961,843	\$ 46	\$ 393,092
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):										
Taxes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Intergovernmental	_	_	_	_	_	1,414,457	1,751,770	_	_	259,280
Loans	_	_	_	_	_	498,104	_	_	_	4,700,726
Miscellaneous	_	173,900	15,576	_	193,294	1,308	6,921	4,546,087	_	_
Due from other funds	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Assets held for economic development						2,498,351				30,296
Total assets	\$ 877,528	\$ 554,769	\$ 2,210,371	\$ 4,344	\$ 542,941	\$ 4,412,220	\$ 1,758,691	\$ 7,507,930	\$ 46	\$ 5,383,394
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and	fund balances									
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$ 198	\$ 9,780	\$ 4,206	\$ 476	\$ 222,231	\$ 39,175	\$ 83,771	\$ 6,891	\$ —	\$ 118,408
Wages and withholdings payable	2,038	6,577	261	994	_	18,244	_	_	_	1,445
Interfund payable - pooled cash	_	_	_	_	_	1,123,603	1,659,691	_	_	_
Unearned revenue	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
Total liabilities	2,236	16,357	4,467	1,470	222,231	1,181,022	1,743,462	6,891		119,853
Deferred inflows of resources							1,751,770			
Fund balances:										
Restricted fund balance	_	_	_	_	_	3,231,198	_	_	_	5,263,541
Assigned fund balance	875,292	538,412	2,205,904	2,874	320,710	-	_	7,501,039	46	-
Unassigned fund balance	-	-			-	_	(1,736,541)	- ,001,000	_	_
Total fund balances	875,292	538.412	2,205,904	2.874	320,710	3,231,198	(1,736,541)	7,501,039	46	5,263,541
. 2.22. 74.74 24.74.700						3,23.,100	(.,. 55,511)	.,,		3,233,377
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 877,528	\$ 554,769	\$ 2,210,371	\$ 4,344	\$ 542,941	\$ 4,412,220	\$ 1,758,691	\$ 7,507,930	\$ 46	\$ 5,383,394

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
December 31, 2017
(Continued)

	Н	fordable lousing Trust		Federal evolving	De	Urban velopment tion Grant	Er	Urban iterprise sociation	nergency Shelter Grant	eighborhood Stabilization	Ne St	ighborhood abilization 2013	A	Public Safety cademy perating	S	Public safety LIT	Co	Consolidated ommunications Partnership (CCP)
<u>Assets</u>																		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	33,751	\$	355,624	\$	20,290	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _	\$	15,000	\$	34,622	\$	1,554	\$	1,668,492
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):																		
Taxes		_		_				_	_	_		_				_		_
Intergovernmental		_		1,871,115		_		_	43,490	408,405		_		_		_		52,464
Loans		174,766		_		_		_	_	1,260,703		435,000		_		_		_
Miscellaneous		_		_		_		66,755	_	_		_		920		_		_
Due from other funds		_		_		_		_	_	_		_		_		_		_
Assets held for economic development										257,811		124,889						
Total assets	\$	208,517	\$ 2	2,226,739	\$	20,290	\$	66,755	\$ 43,490	\$ 1,926,919	\$	574,889	\$	35,542	\$	1,554	\$	1,720,956
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and	d fund	d balances																
Liabilities:																		
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	422,802	\$	_	\$	1,488	\$ 30,774	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	22,981
Wages and withholdings payable		_		35,253		_		10,291	<i>-</i>	_		_				_		146,911
Interfund payable - pooled cash		_		· —		_		54,976	12,716	274,228		_		_		_		_
Unearned revenue		_		21,213		_		_	_	_		_		_		_		_
Total liabilities				479,268				66,755	43,490	274,228								169,892
Deferred inflows of resources				1,782,649					 	 								
Fund balances:																		
Restricted fund balance		208,517		_		_		_	_	1,652,691		574,889		_		_		_
Assigned fund balance		· —		_		20,290		_	_	· · · —		_		35,542		1,554		1,551,064
Unassigned fund balance		_		(35,178)		_		_	_	_		_		_		_		_
Total fund balances		208,517		(35,178)		20,290		_	_	1,652,691		574,889		35,542		1,554		1,551,064
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	208,517	\$ 2	2,226,739	\$	20,290	\$	66,755	\$ 43,490	\$ 1,926,919	\$	574,889	\$	35,542	\$	1,554	\$	1,720,956

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
December 31, 2017
(Continued)

		General conation	omestic iolence	Rainy Day Fund	Levy Excess	Animal Care Donation		Animal Control Special Project		Parking	rrett Law urplus	Totals
<u>Assets</u>												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	892,155	\$ 11,153	\$ 2,072,237	\$ 7,586	\$ 1,112,469	\$	213,648	\$	_	\$ 42,954	\$ 13,643,699
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):												
Taxes		_	327	_	_	_		_		_	_	327
Intergovernmental		_	_	_	_	_		_		260	_	5,801,241
Loans		4,560	_	_	_	_		_		_	_	7,073,859
Miscellaneous		10,077	_	_	_	8,425		8,755		2,744	_	5,034,762
Due from other funds		_	_	_	_	_		_		2,602	_	2,602
Assets held for economic development			 		 		_					 2,911,347
Total assets	\$	906,792	\$ 11,480	\$ 2,072,237	\$ 7,586	\$ 1,120,894	\$	222,403	\$	5,606	\$ 42,954	\$ 34,467,837
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund ba	lances	i										
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	87,539	\$ _	\$ —	\$ _	\$ 7,547	\$	4,184	\$	13,629	\$ _	\$ 1,076,080
Wages and withholdings payable		4,350	_	_	_	2,689		444		_	_	229,497
Interfund payable - pooled cash		_	_	_	_	_		_		66,227	_	3,191,441
Unearned revenue		_	_		_			_				 21,213
Total liabilities		91,889				10,236		4,628		79,856	_	4,518,231
Deferred inflows of resources			327				_		_		_	3,534,746
Fund balances:												
Restricted fund balance		814,903	_	_	_	1,110,658		217,775		_	_	13,074,172
Assigned fund balance		_	11,153	2,072,237	7,586	_		_		_	42,954	15,186,657
Unassigned fund balance		_	_	_	_	_		_		(74,250)	_	(1,845,969)
Total fund balances		814,903	11,153	2,072,237	7,586	1,110,658		217,775		(74,250)	42,954	26,414,860
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	906,792	\$ 11,480	\$ 2,072,237	\$ 7,586	\$ 1,120,894	\$	222,403	\$	5,606	\$ 42,954	\$ 34,467,837

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS December 31, 2017

	Re	enaissance Pointe	Equipment Purchase	umulative Capital provement	Cumulative Capital evelopment		Building Project	astructure rovements	arrett Law ommercial	Barrett Law Revolving mprovement		Totals
<u>Assets</u>												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	122,144	\$ 1,473,476	\$ 498,709	\$ 502,275	\$	1,596,503	\$ 948,655	\$ 105,746	\$ 2,185,868	\$	7,433,376
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):												
Taxes		_	_	_	159,000		_	_	_	_		159,000
Assessments		_	_	_	_		_	_	_	280,485		280,485
Intergovernmental		_	_	54,030	_		_		_	_		54,030
Miscellaneous		_	155	4,290	48,696		_		_	18,230		71,371
Interfund receivable - pooled cash		_	1,996,425	_	1,996,424		_	_	_	_		3,992,849
Due from other funds		_	200,635	_	_		_	_	_	_		200,635
Assets held for economic development		1,347,910	_	_			_	_	_	_		1,347,910
Total assets	\$	1,470,054	\$ 3,670,691	\$ 557,029	\$ 2,706,395	\$	1,596,503	\$ 948,655	\$ 105,746	\$ 2,484,583	\$	13,539,656
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and	fund	<u>balances</u>										
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	177	\$ 149,897	\$ 39,636	\$ 327,519	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$	517,229
Contracts payable		_	_	_	_		_	322,080	_	277,462		599,542
Contracts retainage payable		_	_	_	116,283		_	137,899	_	31,984		286,166
Due to other funds		_	_	_	_		114,348	200,635	_	_		314,983
Total liabilities		177	149,897	39,636	443,802		114,348	660,614	_	309,446	_	1,717,920
Deferred inflows of resources		_		54,030	159,000					249,720		462,750
Fund balances:												
Restricted fund balance		1,469,877	_	_	_		_	_	_	_		1,469,877
Committed fund balance		_	894,929	_	1,648,080		_	288,041	_	6,672		2,837,722
Assigned fund balance		_	2,625,865	463,363	455,513		1,482,155		105,746	1,918,745		7,051,387
Total fund balances		1,469,877	3,520,794	463,363	2,103,593	_	1,482,155	 288,041	105,746	 1,925,417	_	11,358,986
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	1,470,054	\$ 3,670,691	\$ 557,029	\$ 2,706,395	\$	1,596,503	\$ 948,655	\$ 105,746	\$ 2,484,583	\$	13,539,656

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Abandoned Vehicle	Parking Meter	Law Enforcement Training	Omnibus Crime	Cable Television	Community Development Block Grants	Reimbursable State Grants	Unsafe Building	DED International Trade	HOME
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Licenses and permits	_	350	93,110	_	1,111,267	_	_	_	_	_
Intergovernmental	_	_	_	175,686	_	1,698,271	670,000	_	_	1,001,478
Charges for services	_	301,961	247,821	_	_	149,409	_	_	_	_
Fines and forfeits	_	460,898	19,777	_	_	_	_	981,658	_	_
Other	236,753	26,488	15,630	5	2,393	3,927	104,739	41,199	_	16,482
Total revenues	236,753	789,697	376,338	175,691	1,113,660	1,851,607	774,739	1,022,857		1,017,960
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government	_	498,506	_	_	986,521	_	_	_	_	_
Public safety	66,473	_	187,318	142,228	_	_	3,511,201	465,224	_	_
Highways and streets	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Health and welfare	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Economic development	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Urban redevelopment and housing	_	_	_	_	_	1,868,062	_	_	_	1,129,605
Total expenditures	66,473	498,506	187,318	142,228	986,521	1,868,062	3,511,201	465,224		1,129,605
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	170,280	291,191	189,020	33,463	127,139	(16,455)	(2,736,462)	557,633		(111,645)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	23,469
Transfers out	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		_						23,469
Net change in fund balances	170,280	291,191	189,020	33,463	127,139	(16,455)	(2,736,462)	557,633	_	(88,176)
Fund balances - beginning	705,012	247,221	2,016,884	(30,589)	193,571	3,247,653	999,921	6,943,406	46	5,351,717
Fund balances - ending	\$ 875,292	\$ 538,412	\$ 2,205,904	\$ 2,874	\$ 320,710	\$ 3,231,198	\$ (1,736,541)	\$ 7,501,039	\$ 46	\$ 5,263,541

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2017
(Continued)

	Affordable Housing Trust	Federal Revolving	Urban Development Action Grant	Urban Enterprise Association	Emergency Shelter Grant	Neighborhood Stabilization	Neighborhood Stabilization 2013	Public Safety Academy Operating	Public Safety LIT	Consolidated Communications Partnership (CCP)
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 5,432,737	\$ —
Licenses and permits	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Intergovernmental	_	1,743,351	_	_	104,243	_	_	_	_	3,552,812
Charges for services	_	1,434,120	_	_	_	3,982	_	_	_	151,742
Fines and forfeits	_	324,378	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other	213	94,093	148	439,992	_			_	_	701,266
Total revenues	213	3,595,942	148	439,992	104,243	3,982	_	_	5,432,737	4,405,820
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government	_	258,803	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public safety	_	1,823,772	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,432,737	7,407,885
Highways and streets	_	2,677,030	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Health and welfare	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Economic development	_	6,897	_	439,992	_	_	_	_	_	_
Urban redevelopment and housing	22,842	_	_	_	104,243	917,573	_	_	_	_
Total expenditures	22,842	4,766,502		439,992	104,243	917,573			5,432,737	7,407,885
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(22,629)	(1,170,560)	148			(913,591)				(3,002,065)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,800,614
Transfers out	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)										2,800,614
Net change in fund balances	(22,629)	(1,170,560)	148	_	_	(913,591)	_	_	_	(201,451)
Fund balances - beginning	231,146	1,135,382	20,142			2,566,282	574,889	35,542	1,554	1,752,515
Fund balances - ending	\$ 208,517	\$ (35,178)	\$ 20,290	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 1,652,691	\$ 574,889	\$ 35,542	\$ 1,554	\$ 1,551,064

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2017
(Continued)

	General	Domestic	Rainy Day	Levy	Animal Care	Animal Control Special		Barrett Law	
	Donation	Violence	Fund	Excess	Donation	Project	Parking	Surplus	Totals
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$ —	\$ 7,843	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 5,440,580
Licenses and permits	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,204,727
Intergovernmental	_	_	_	_	332,018	_	_	_	9,277,859
Charges for services	198,821	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,487,856
Fines and forfeits	896	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,787,607
Other	488,653			_	77,217	222,492	267,590	2,050	2,741,330
Total revenues	688,370	7,843		_	409,235	222,492	267,590	2,050	22,939,959
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government	391,053	_	_	_	_	_	300,393	550	2,435,826
Public safety	92,726	7,047	_	_	156,873	211,034	_	_	19,504,518
Highways and streets	259,037	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,936,067
Health and welfare	_	_	_	_	117,091	_	_	_	117,091
Economic development	37,578	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	484,467
Urban redevelopment and housing	925	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,043,250
Total expenditures	781,319	7,047		_	273,964	211,034	300,393	550	29,521,219
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	(92,949)	796			135,271	11,458	(32,803)	1,500	(6,581,260)
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in	7,000	_	_	_	_	24,768	_	_	2,855,851
Transfers out	(51,180)	_	_	_	(23,599)	(23,890)	_	_	(98,669)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(44,180)				(23,599)	878			2,757,182
Net change in fund balances	(137,129)	796	_	_	111,672	12,336	(32,803)	1,500	(3,824,078)
Fund balances - beginning	952,032	10,357	2,072,237	7,586	998,986	205,439	(41,447)	41,454	30,238,938
Fund balances - ending	\$ 814,903	\$ 11,153	\$ 2,072,237	\$ 7,586	\$ 1,110,658	\$ 217,775	\$ (74,250)	\$ 42,954	\$ 26,414,860

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Renaissance Pointe	Equipment Purchase	Cumulative Capital Improvement	Cumulative Capital Development	Building Project	Infrastructure Improvements	Barrett Law Commercial	Barrett Law Revolving Improvement	Totals
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,811,602	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,811,602
Special assessments	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	208,203	208,203
Intergovernmental	_	_	616,949	_	228,329	_	_	_	845,278
Other	619	31,723	2,012	90,291	13,736	23,485		3,054	164,920
Total revenues	619	31,723	618,961	3,901,893	242,065	23,485		211,257	5,030,003
Expenditures:									
Debt service:									
Principal	_	_	_	_	2,590,000	4,205,000	_	_	6,795,000
Interest and other charges	_	_	_	_	1,273,765	570,634	_	_	1,844,399
Capital outlay	670,664	8,990,529	523,559	3,925,754	_	4,347,848	_	663,712	19,122,066
Total expenditures	670,664	8,990,529	523,559	3,925,754	3,863,765	9,123,482		663,712	27,761,465
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(670,045)	(8,958,806)	95,402	(23,861)	(3,621,700)	(9,099,997)		(452,455)	(22,731,462)
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in	_	4,347,848	_	_	3,646,671	9,124,848	_	_	17,119,367
Transfers out	_	(4,347,848)	_	_	_	(4,347,848)	_	_	(8,695,696)
Capital leases issued	_	10,100,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	10,100,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,100,000			3,646,671	4,777,000			18,523,671
Net change in fund balances	(670,045)	1,141,194	95,402	(23,861)	24,971	(4,322,997)	_	(452,455)	(4,207,791)
Fund balances - beginning	2,139,922	2,379,600	367,961	2,127,454	1,457,184	4,611,038	105,746	2,377,872	15,566,777
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,469,877	\$ 3,520,794	\$ 463,363	\$ 2,103,593	\$ 1,482,155	\$ 288,041	\$ 105,746	\$ 1,925,417	\$ 11,358,986

CITY OF FORT WAYNE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES -OTHER NON-MAJOR BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Parkir	g Meter			Law Enforcen	nent Training			Cable Television			
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance	Budgeted	amounts		Variance	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					'								
Licenses and permits	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 350	\$ 350	\$ 120,000	\$ 120,000	\$ 93,110	\$ (26,890)	\$1,144,000	\$1,144,000	\$ 1,111,267	\$ (32,733)	
Charges for services	305,000	305,000	301,961	(3,039)	194,500	194,500	247,821	53,321	_	_	_	_	
Fines and forfeits	245,000	245,000	460,898	215,898	24,000	24,000	19,777	(4,223)	_	_	_	_	
Other			26,488	26,488			15,630	15,630			2,393	2,393	
Total revenues	550,000	550,000	789,697	239,697	338,500	338,500	376,338	37,838	1,144,000	1,144,000	1,113,660	(30,340)	
Expenditures:													
General government:													
Personal services	463,131	400,649	396,542	4,107	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Supplies	10,395	10,395	10,386	9	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Other services and charges	91,658	91,658	91,578	80	_	_	_	_	1,423,000	1,422,235	986,521	435,714	
Public safety:													
Other services and charges					210,000	210,000	187,318	22,682					
Total expenditures	565,184	502,702	498,506	4,196	210,000	210,000	187,318	22,682	1,423,000	1,422,235	986,521	435,714	
Net change in fund balances	(15,184)	47,298	291,191	243,893	128,500	128,500	189,020	60,520	(279,000)	(278,235)	127,139	405,374	
Fund balance - beginning	247,221	247,221	247,221		2,016,884	2,016,884	2,016,884		193,571	193,571	193,571		
Fund balances - ending	\$232,037	\$294,519	\$538,412	\$ 243,893	\$ 2,145,384	\$2,145,384	\$2,205,904	\$ 60,520	\$ (85,429)	\$ (84,664)	\$ 320,710	\$ 405,374	

CITY OF FORT WAYNE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES -OTHER NON-MAJOR BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 (Continued)

		Unsafe	Building			Public S	Safety LIT		Domestic Violence				
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance	Budgeted	amounts		Variance	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:													
Taxes	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$5,432,737	\$5,432,737	\$5,432,737	\$ —	\$ 7,663	\$ 7,663	\$ 7,843	\$ 180	
Fines and forfeits	981,658	981,658	981,658	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Other	41,199	41,199	41,199										
Total revenues	1,022,857	1,022,857	1,022,857		5,432,737	5,432,737	5,432,737		7,663	7,663	7,843	180	
Expenditures:													
Public safety:													
Personal Services	_	_	_	_	5,432,737	5,432,737	5,432,737	_	_	_	_	_	
Supplies	5,212	5,212	5,212	_	_	_	_	_	150	150	150	_	
Other services and charges	460,012	460,012	460,012						7,150	7,150	6,897	253	
Total expenditures	465,224	465,224	465,224		5,432,737	5,432,737	5,432,737		7,300	7,300	7,047	253	
Net change in fund balances	557,633	557,633	557,633	_	_	_	_	_	363	363	796	433	
Fund balances - beginning	6,943,406	6,943,406	6,943,406		1,554	1,554	1,554		9,978	9,978	10,357	379	
Fund balances - ending	\$7,501,039	\$7,501,039	\$7,501,039	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,554	\$ 1,554	\$ 1,554	<u>\$</u>	\$ 10,341	\$ 10,341	\$ 11,153	\$ 812	

	C	umulative Cap	ital Improveme	ent	Cı	Cumulative Capital Development				
	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance Positive	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$3,724,133	\$3,724,133	\$3,811,602	\$ 87,469		
Intergovernmental	662,134	662,134	616,949	(45,185)	_	_	_	_		
Other			2,012	2,012			90,291	90,291		
Total revenues	662,134	662,134	618,961	(43,173)	3,724,133	3,724,133	3,901,893	177,760		
Expenditures:										
Supplies	222,000	142,000	141,962	38	413,530	438,535	437,508	1,027		
Services	155,000	188,579	187,477	1,102	1,982,013	985,102	985,102	_		
Capital outlay	292,116	194,260	194,120	140	2,805,865	2,503,144	2,503,144			
Total expenditures	669,116	524,839	523,559	1,280	5,201,408	3,926,781	3,925,754	1,027		
Net change in fund balances	(6,982)	137,295	95,402	(41,893)	(1,477,275)	(202,648)	(23,861)	178,787		
Fund balances - beginning	367,961	367,961	367,961		2,127,454	2,127,454	2,127,454			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 360,979	\$ 505,256	\$ 463,363	\$ (41,893)	\$ 650,179	\$1,924,806	\$2,103,593	\$ 178,787		

Non-major Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds - used to account for the financing of services to the general public where all or most of the costs involved are financed by user charges for such services. The City maintains the following non-major enterprise funds:

Solid Waste Management - to account for the cost of collecting, disposing, and recycling of solid waste.

Civic Center Parking Garage - to account for revenues and expenses in connection with operating the Civic Center Parking Garage.

Midtowne Parking Garage - to account for operating revenues and expenses for the operation of the Midtowne Crossing Garage.

2001 Parking Garage Addition - to account for revenues and expenses in connection with the joint City and County parking facility addition.

Electric Utility - to account for the fixed assets retained by the utility after the sale to a private electric utility.

Yardwaste Facility - to account for the activities of the yardwaste facility.

Internal Service Funds - used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City maintains the following non-major internal service funds:

Self Insurance - to account for the financial requirements to self-insure for the employee medical insurance plan, general liability and automobile liability, and worker's compensation liability.

Garage - to account for services rendered to maintain the City fleet of vehicles and equipment.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS December 31, 2017

	Solid Waste Management	Civic Center Parking Garage	Midtowne Parking Garage	2001 Parking Garage Addition	Electric Utility	Yardwaste Facility	Totals
<u>Assets</u>							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 660,174	\$ 536,203	\$ —	\$ 238	\$ —	\$ 292,730	\$ 1,489,345
Receivables:							
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	_	_	_	_	_	23,974	23,974
Miscellaneous receivable	1,305	17,278	_	275	_	_	18,858
Due from other funds	1,213,734	_	_	_	_	8	1,213,742
Prepaid expenses	340	4,011	_	_	_	11	4,362
Total current assets	1,875,553	557,492		513		316,723	2,750,281
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	_	_	_	48,585	_	51	48,636
Capital Assets:							
Land, improvements to land and construction in progress	_	1,278,354	_	_	75,732	1,718	1,355,804
Other capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	68,284	1,604,962	162,500	969,454	15,403	9,011	2,829,614
Total noncurrent assets	68,284	2,883,316	162,500	1,018,039	91,135	10,780	4,234,054
Total assets	1,943,837	3,440,808	162,500	1,018,552	91,135	327,503	6,984,335
Liabilities							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	1,625	47,995	_	_	_	196,650	246,270
Wages and withholdings payable	8,349	_	_	_	_	618	8,967
Contracts payable	667,133	_	_	_	_	_	667,133
Due to other funds	_	_	_	_	_	3,898	3,898
Compensated absences payable - current portion	12,059	_	_	_	_	1,418	13,477
Capital lease payable - current portion	_	_	_	_	_	7	7
Revenue bonds payable - current portion	_	_	_	120,000	_	_	120,000
Accrued interest payable	_	_	_	13,327	_	_	13,327
Total current liabilities	689,166	47,995		133,327	_	202,591	1,073,079
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Compensated absences payable	_	_	_	_	_	484	484
Capital lease payable	_	_	_	_	_	40	40
Revenue bonds payable, net	_	_	_	400,000	_	_	400,000
Total noncurrent liabilities				400,000		524	400,524
Total liabilities	689,166	47,995		533,327	_	203,115	1,473,603
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets	68,284	2,883,316	162,500	449,454	91,135	10,729	3,665,418
Restricted for:	•		,	•	, -	, -	, ,
Debt service	_	_	_	35,771	_	_	35,771
Unrestricted	1,186,387	509,497	_	· —	_	113,659	1,809,543
Total net position	\$ 1,254,671	\$ 3,392,813	\$ 162,500	\$ 485,225	\$ 91,135	\$ 124,388	\$ 5,510,732
•							

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS December 31, 2017

	Self Insurance	Garage	Totals
<u>Assets</u>			_
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,760,488	\$ 487,440	\$ 2,247,928
Miscellaneous receivable	690,675	3,230	693,905
Due from other funds	20,970	122,577	143,547
Inventories	_	50,957	50,957
Prepaid expenses	480	477	957
Total current assets	2,472,613	664,681	3,137,294
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Land, improvements to land and construction in progress	_	27,277	27,277
Other capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	7,137	299,379	306,516
Total noncurrent assets	7,137	326,656	333,793
Total assets	2,479,750	991,337	3,471,087
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	2,187,287	9,751	2,197,038
Wages and withholdings payable	15,162	5,391	20,553
Contracts payable	_	606,274	606,274
Due to other funds	250	6,666	6,916
Compensated absences payable - current portion	11,192	36,774	47,966
Accrued group insurance benefits payable	2,012,213	_	2,012,213
Other current liabilities	186,873	_	186,873
Total liabilities	4,412,977	664,856	5,077,833
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	7,137	326,656	333,793
Unrestricted	(1,940,364)	(175)	(1,940,539)
Total net position	\$ (1,933,227)	\$ 326,481	\$ (1,606,746)

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Solid Waste Management	Civic Center Parking Garage	Midtowne Parking Garage	2001 Parking Garage Addition	Electric Utility	Yardwaste Facility	Totals
Operating revenues:							
Charges for goods and services	\$ 10,419,816	\$ 817,354	\$ 90,975	\$ 206,005	\$ —	\$ 213,622	\$ 11,747,772
Total operating revenues	10,419,816	817,354	90,975	206,005		213,622	11,747,772
Operating expenses:							
Personnel services	371,472	_	_	_	_	12	371,484
Contractual services	8,383,340	134,876	_	39,405	_	289,450	8,847,071
Utilities	1,664	_	_	_	_	_	1,664
Administrative services	_	_	_	_	_	41,983	41,983
Other supplies and services	402,955	_	124,203	_	_	4,768	531,926
Insurance claims and premiums	2,183	_	_	_	_	_	2,183
Depreciation	14,882	199,741	12,500	42,150	662	3,730	273,665
Total operating expenses	9,176,496	334,617	136,703	81,555	662	339,943	10,069,976
Operating income (loss)	1,243,320	482,737	(45,728)	124,450	(662)	(126,321)	1,677,796
Nonoperating revenues (expense	es):						
Interest and investment revenue	11,329	330	_	7	_	_	11,666
Interest expense	(9,177)	_	_	(29,225)	_	_	(38,402)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	2,152	330		(29,218)			(26,736)
Income (loss) before transfers	1,245,472	483,067	(45,728)	95,232	(662)	(126,321)	1,651,060
Transfers in	_	_	33,228	_	_	_	33,228
Transfers out	(966,040)	_	_	_	_	_	(966,040)
Change in net position	279,432	483,067	(12,500)	95,232	(662)	(126,321)	718,248
Total net position - beginning	975,239	2,909,746	175,000	389,993	91,797	250,709	4,792,484
Total net position - ending	\$ 1,254,671	\$ 3,392,813	\$ 162,500	\$ 485,225	\$ 91,135	\$ 124,388	\$ 5,510,732

CITY OF FORT WAYNE
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Self Insurance	Garage	Totals
Operating revenues:			
Charges for goods and services	\$ —	\$ 6,712,569	\$ 6,712,569
City contributions	33,933,086	_	33,933,086
Employee contributions	2,308,415	_	2,308,415
Insurance recoveries	41,128	_	41,128
Total operating revenues	36,282,629	6,712,569	42,995,198
Operating expenses:			
Personnel services	601,667	256,855	858,522
Contractual services	1,754,605	4,107,872	5,862,477
Utilities	1,596	28,681	30,277
Other supplies and services	23,803	2,036,369	2,060,172
Insurance claims and premiums	35,413,422	3,055	35,416,477
Depreciation	4,758	68,233	72,991
Total operating expenses	37,799,851	6,501,065	44,300,916
Operating income (loss)	(1,517,222)	211,504	(1,305,718)
Nonoperating revenues:			
Interest and investment revenue	76,416	5,921	82,337
Miscellaneous revenue	_	44,366	44,366
Total nonoperating revenues	76,416	50,287	126,703
Change in net position	(1,440,806)	261,791	(1,179,015)
Total net position - beginning	(492,421)	64,690	(427,731)
Total net position - ending	\$ (1,933,227)	\$ 326,481	\$ (1,606,746)

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Solid Waste Management	P	ic Center Parking Barage	Midtowne Parking Garage	20	001 Parking Garage Addition		ectric Itility	Yardwaste Facility	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:										
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 10,476,576	\$	800,076	\$ 90,975	\$	205,730	\$	_	\$ 190,430	\$ 11,763,787
Payments to suppliers	(8,816,936)	((133,959)	(124,203)		(58,547)		_	(385,330)	(9,518,975)
Payments to employees	(368,773)		_	_		_		_	(12)	(368,785)
Other receipts (payments)	_		_	_		_		_	(2)	(2)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,290,867		666,117	(33,228)		147,183			(194,914)	1,876,025
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:										
Transfer from other funds	_		_	33,228		_		_	_	33,228
Transfer to other funds	(966,040)		_	_		_		_	_	(966,040)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital	(===,==,				_		_			(===,===,
financing activities	(966,040)			33,228						(932,812)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activit	ies:									
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(26,032)	((563,106)	_		_		_	(930)	(590,068)
Proceeds from capital debt	_		_			_		_	51	51
Principal paid on capital debt	_		_			(115,000)		_	_	(115,000)
Capital lease payments	(624,128)		_	_		_		_	_	(624,128)
Interest paid on capital debt	(17,331)		_	_		(32,140)		_	(4)	(49,475)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(667,491)	((563,106)			(147,140)			(883)	(1,378,620)
Cash flows from investing activities:										
Investment income received	11,329		330	_		7		_	_	11,666
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(331,335)		103,341			50		_	(195,797)	(423,741)
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	991,509		432,862			48,773			488,578	1,961,722
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$ 660,174	\$	536,203	<u>\$</u>	\$	48,823	\$		\$ 292,781	\$ 1,537,981
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cas	h provided (use	d) by	operating	activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,243,320	-	482,737		\$	124,450	\$	(662)	\$ (126,321)	\$ 1,677,796
	ψ 1,243,320	Ψ	402,737	Ψ (43,720)	Ψ	124,430	Ψ	(002)	ψ (120,321)	Ψ 1,077,790
Adjustments:	14 000		199.741	12 500		40.450		660	2 720	272 665
Depreciation expense (Increase) decrease in assets:	14,882		199,741	12,500		42,150		662	3,730	273,665
` '	70		(17 270)			(275)			(22 102)	(40.675)
Miscellaneous receivable Due from other funds	70 56,690		(17,278)	_		(275)		_	(23,192)	(40,675) 56,690
Prepaid expenses	(117)		(410)	_		_		_	_	(527)
Other assets	(117)		(410)	_		_		_	(2)	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	_		_	_		_		_	(2)	(2)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(62,302)		16,009			(19,142)			(49,129)	(114,564)
Wages and withholdings payable	236		10,009	_		(19,142)		_	(49,129)	236
0 . ,			(14 692)	_		_		_	_	
Componented absorbes payable	35,625		(14,682)	_		_		_	_	20,943
Compensated absences payable	2,463				_		_			2,463
Total adjustments	47,547		183,380	12,500	_	22,733	_	662	(68,593)	198,229
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 1,290,867	\$	666,117	\$ (33,228)	\$	147,183	\$		\$ (194,914)	\$ 1,876,025

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Self Insurance		Garage		Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:		_		_		_
Receipts from customers and users	\$	36,278,652	\$	6,703,923	\$	42,982,575
Payments to suppliers		(35,803,480)		(6,341,585)		(42,145,065)
Payments to employees		(600,964)		(256,207)		(857,171)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(125,792)		106,131		(19,661)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		_		(35,051)		(35,051)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities				(35,051)	_	(35,051)
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Miscellaneous income received		_		44,366		44,366
Investment income received		76,416		5,921		82,337
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	76,416	_	50,287		126,703
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(49,376)		121,367		71,991
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1		1,809,864		366,073		2,175,937
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$	1,760,488	\$	487,440	\$	2,247,928
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided	(He	ed) by operatin	na ar	rtivities.		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,517,222)	-	211,504	\$	(1,305,718)
Adjustments:	Ψ	(1,011,222)	Ψ	211,001	Ψ	(1,000,7.10)
Depreciation expense		4,758		68,233		72,991
(Increase) decrease in assets:		1,7 00		00,200		72,001
Miscellaneous receivable		(5,987)		131		(5,856)
Due from other funds		2,010		(8,777)		(6,767)
Inventories				(17,500)		(17,500)
Prepaid expenses		77,150		(173)		76,977
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		,		(11-5)		,
Accounts payable and other liabilities		1,148,944		4,575		1,153,519
Due to other funds		250		3,196		3,446
Wages and withholdings payable		2,898		247		3,145
Contracts payable		_,000		(155,706)		(155,706)
Accrued group insurance benefits		163,602		— — —		163,602
Compensated absences payable		(2,195)		401		(1,794)
Total adjustments	_	1,391,430	_	(105,373)		1,286,057
•	_		_	<u></u>	_	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	(125,792)	<u>\$</u>	106,131	<u>\$</u>	(19,661)

Non-major Fiduciary Funds

Pension Trust Funds - used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans. The City maintains the following non-major pension trust funds:

Fire Pension - to account for the provision of retirement and disability benefits to firefighters hired prior to May 1, 1977.

Police Pension - to account for the provision of retirement and disability benefits to police officers hired prior to May 1, 1977.

Sanitary Officers' Pension - to account for the provision of retirement and disability benefits to employees of the County Health departments.

Agency Funds - used to account for resources that are custodial in nature. They generally are amounts held by the City on behalf of third parties. The City maintains the following non-major agency funds.

FWNP Program - to account for housing rehab loans turned over to the City by Fort Wayne Neighborhood Housing Partnership.

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -PENSION TRUST FUNDS December 31, 2017

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	Fire Pension		Police Pension	Sanitary Officers' Pension	Totals		
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	167,821	\$ 1,344,659	\$ 132,151	\$	1,644,631	
Receivables:							
Taxes		_	_	22,247		22,247	
Total assets		167,821	1,344,659	154,398		1,666,878	
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Accounts payable		13,367	18,615	1,499		33,481	
Net position restricted for pensions	\$	154,454	\$ 1,326,044	\$ 152,899	\$	1,633,397	

CITY OF FORT WAYNE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

<u>Additions</u>	Fire Pension		Police Pension		Sanitary Officers' Pension		Totals	
Contributions:								
Employer	\$	_	\$	_	\$	534,391	\$	534,391
Non-employer entity		6,412,460		7,653,868		_		14,066,328
Other		_		5,007		_		5,007
Investment income:								
Interest		3,759		9,608		246		13,613
Total additions		6,416,219		7,668,483		534,637		14,619,339
<u>Deductions</u>								
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		6,471,501		7,777,843		502,059		14,751,403
Administrative expenses		26,395		21,489		3,283		51,167
Total deductions		6,497,896		7,799,332		505,342		14,802,570
Net increase (decrease) in net position		(81,677)		(130,849)		29,295		(183,231)
Net position restricted for pensions								
Net position - beginning		236,131		1,456,893		123,604	_	1,816,628
Net position - ending	\$	154,454	\$	1,326,044	\$	152,899	\$	1,633,397

CITY OF FORT WAYNE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -AGENCY FUND

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	 FWNP rogram
Other Assets - January 1, 2017	\$ _
Additions	_
Deductions	_
Other assets - December 31, 2017	_
Total assets - December 31, 2017	\$
Liabilities:	
Payables - January 1, 2017	\$ _
Additions	_
Deductions	_
Payables - December 31, 2017	
Total liabilities - December 31, 2017	\$

STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Fort Wayne's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the Financial Statements, Note Disclosures, and Required Supplementary Information says about the overall financial health of Fort Wayne.

Information presented:	Schedule:
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand	
how Fort Wayne's financial performance and well-being has changed over time.	1, 2, 3, 4
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting Fort Wayne's ability to generate its property taxes.	5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of Fort Wayne's current levels of outstanding debt and the city's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	11, 12, 13, 14, 15
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which Fort Wayne's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	16, 17
Operating Information	
These schedules contain information about Fort Wayne's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the city's financial information relates to the services Fort Wayne provides and the activities it performs.	18, 19, 20

SCHEDULE 1 CITY OF FORT WAYNE NET POSITION BY COMPONENT, Last 10 Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011 2010		2009	2008
Governmental activities				-			-			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 680,288,794	\$ 641,756,539	\$ 631,370,172	\$ 619,206,388	\$ 611,772,124	\$ 599,663,536	\$ 621,722,108	\$ 620,124,839	\$ 618,276,569	\$ 607,547,297
Unrestricted	(77,167,217)	(88,878,940)	(117,032,756)	48,172,893	42,976,564	46,361,334	(9,568,045)	(17,889,370)	88,388,510	360,631
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 603,121,577	\$ 552,877,599	\$ 514,337,416	\$ 667,379,281	\$ 611,772,124	\$ 646,024,870	\$ 612,154,063	\$ 602,235,469	\$ 706,665,079	\$ 607,907,928
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 453,441,895	\$ 495,307,629	\$ 477,480,410	\$ 444,907,612	\$ 434,943,499	\$ 428,453,754	\$ 417,438,607	\$ 411,514,334	\$ 414,351,923	\$ 402,815,943
Restricted	77,200,780	69,231,739	54,244,080	54,490,095	42,755,225	35,726,314	68,706,901	56,344,015	51,704,050	43,201,025
Unrestricted	77,185,527	12,423,666	10,771,904	33,565,699	36,589,844	24,454,318	28,229,967	21,000,124	5,788,191	8,706,741
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 607,828,202	\$ 576,963,034	\$ 542,496,394	\$ 532,963,406	\$ 514,288,568	\$ 488,634,386	\$ 514,375,475	\$ 488,858,473	\$ 471,844,164	\$ 454,723,709
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,133,730,689	\$ 1,137,064,168	\$ 1,108,850,582	\$ 1,064,114,000	\$ 1,046,715,623	\$ 1,028,117,290	\$ 1,039,160,715	\$ 1,031,639,173	\$ 1,032,628,492	\$ 1,010,363,240
Restricted	77,200,780	69,231,739	54,244,080	54,490,095	42,755,225	35,726,314	68,706,901	56,344,015	51,704,050	43,201,025
Unrestricted	18,310	(76,455,274)	(106,260,852)	81,738,592	79,566,408	70,815,652	18,661,922	3,110,754	94,176,701	9,067,372
Total primary government net position	\$ 1,210,949,779	\$ 1,129,840,633	\$ 1,056,833,810	\$ 1,200,342,687	\$ 1,169,037,256	\$ 1,134,659,256	\$ 1,126,529,538	\$ 1,091,093,942	\$ 1,178,509,243	\$ 1,062,631,637

SCHEDULE 2 CITY OF FORT WAYNE CHANGES IN NET POSITION, Last 10 Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2017 2016		2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 63,504,834	\$ 66,368,723	\$ 62,053,721	\$ 66,358,230	\$ 50,614,038	\$ 56,624,948	\$ 37,750,405	\$ 54,270,711	\$ 42,499,929	\$ 46,912,125
Public safety	103,198,483	68,339,078	79,355,648	89,423,819	95,038,152	117,073,744	99,719,439	88,538,736	91,472,609	89,437,205
Highways and streets	4,184,967	34,640,372	38,687,650	33,457,900	18,309,159	25,361,212	20,364,096	15,067,481	15,232,445	16,182,347
Health and welfare	2,390,200	2,307,886	2,343,226	2,436,466	2,337,893	2,427,916	2,360,378	2,293,273	2,208,504	2,241,770
Economic opportunity	481,867	1,631,829	1,108,252	1,023,674	1,097,287	859,447	853,216	629,750	614,539	581,361
Economic development	18,861,377	18,466,945	12,180,491	12,316,553	16,190,547	14,169,803	21,446,449	20,071,592	21,003,458	14,195,896
Culture and recreation	20,896,911	17,937,002	19,942,914	16,440,904	16,943,561	16,911,849	16,310,730	16,145,659	16,239,119	18,464,611
Urban redevelopment and housing	19,341,587	21,422,546	18,111,268	8,220,883	8,456,224	13,261,916	15,349,620	16,067,339	11,556,347	9,880,650
Interest on long-term debt	7,240,964	5,924,070	5,999,292	6,587,186	6,911,476	7,570,378	8,003,142	8,561,047	6,595,660	4,897,612
Total governmental activities expenses	240,101,190	237,038,451	239,782,462	236,265,615	215,898,337	254,261,213	222,157,475	221,645,588	207,422,610	202,793,577
Business-type activities:										
• •	40,799,731	42,110,619	38,899,710	35,909,639	31,646,349	30,861,585	30,172,661	28,536,908	27,115,430	25 524 250
Water	, ,			, ,	, ,		, ,			25,534,359
Wastewater	50,628,268	44,625,381	44,024,088	43,919,976	39,188,536	36,861,668	35,442,210	32,286,367	30,155,146	27,108,486
Stormwater	7,940,594	8,936,218	9,397,755	7,852,619	6,988,721	6,340,243	6,644,746	6,726,323	8,814,871	9,297,028
Parking garages	582,100	990,349	1,371,642	962,781	1,029,036	840,032	1,031,575	962,090	927,160	1,103,152
Solid waste	9,185,673	9,310,185	9,953,592	10,377,926	10,587,142	10,302,317	9,537,722	9,176,636	9,421,139	9,173,713
Other	340,605	387,293	283,109	124,785	135,014	135,017	342,878	1,327,890	792,249	789,263
Total business-type activities expenses	109,476,971	106,360,045	103,929,896	99,147,726	89,574,798	85,340,862	83,171,792	79,016,214	77,225,995	73,006,001
Total primary government expenses	\$ 349,578,161	\$ 343,398,496	\$ 343,712,358	\$ 335,413,341	\$ 305,473,135	\$ 339,602,075	\$ 305,329,267	\$ 300,661,802	\$ 284,648,605	\$ 275,799,578

(Continued)

SCHEDULE 2 CITY OF FORT WAYNE CHANGES IN NET POSITION, Last 10 Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Continued)

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 21,589,507	\$ 20,257,911	\$ 21,192,251	\$ 21,065,638	\$ 20,645,091	\$ 20,022,851	\$ 18,866,514	\$ 17,921,175	\$ 16,211,704	\$ 19,576,653
Public safety	5,409,018	6,129,435	6,569,223	4,413,243	2,009,087	4,556,089	2,131,190	3,187,197	2,784,920	3,466,134
Highways and streets	2,102,791	2,810,910	4,004,178	1,224,817	1,702,095	4,989,382	2,913,768	3,143,593	3,534,887	2,527,736
Health and welfare	388,360	402,654	391,982	396,996	352,843	351,282	392,683	389,397	_	415,483
Economic opportunity	608	718	150	_	239,652	_	_	_	_	_
Economic development	1,120	1,680	_	1,320	800	4,556	2,540	22,014	358,399	238,750
Culture and recreation	5,105,633	5,617,162	4,504,709	3,955,609	3,493,500	3,390,634	3,325,834	3,181,970	3,420,932	3,912,244
Urban redevelopment and housing	2,299,519	2,134,380	1,747,498	1,808,972	4,597,628	1,938,820	1,968,975	976,603	585,395	35,873
Operating grants and contributions	30,350,105	30,622,213	25,606,326	25,905,033	27,397,898	28,574,586	24,575,372	28,849,624	26,007,077	26,297,770
Capital grants and contributions	4,635,000	1,000,000	4,000,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total governmental activities program revenues	71,881,661	68,977,063	68,016,317	58,771,628	60,438,594	63,828,200	54,176,876	57,671,573	52,903,314	56,470,643
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water	48,115,057	49,622,183	45,721,766	39,569,738	39,757,464	33,483,078	33,299,143	33,511,691	31,275,117	31,592,716
Wastewater	71,457,052	68,469,275	59,535,008	57,375,547	56,837,593	52,708,121	51,105,546	42,532,710	36,112,762	34,108,946
Stormwater	10,821,153	10,244,551	9,899,967	9,780,647	10,135,025	9,765,631	10,866,155	9,656,494	9,838,056	9,639,442
Parking garages	1,114,334	1,123,503	1,004,313	986,913	933,383	750,755	853,578	886,718	936,653	846,423
Solid waste	10,419,816	10,480,095	10,362,742	10,447,288	10,441,182	10,533,360	10,888,565	10,868,182	10,769,150	10,756,633
Other	213,622	203,302	263,241	165,656	159,194	208,686	153,582	1,901,300	1,903,148	1,880,703
Capital grants and contributions	5,762,795	10,003,952	6,631,962	6,858,289	3,814,014	2,553,796	8,807,876	1,145,028	2,051,375	4,042,688
Total business-type activities program revenues	147,903,829	150,146,861	133,418,999	125,184,078	122,077,855	110,003,427	115,974,445	100,502,123	92,886,261	92,867,551
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 219,785,490	\$ 219,123,924	\$ 201,435,316	\$ 183,955,706	\$ 182,516,449	\$ 173,831,627	\$ 170,151,321	\$ 158,173,696	\$ 145,789,575	\$ 149,338,194
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (168,219,529)	\$ (168,061,388)	\$ (171,766,145)	\$ (177,493,987)	\$ (155,459,743)	\$ (190,433,013)	\$ (167,980,599)	\$ (163,974,015)	\$ (154,519,296)	\$ (146,322,934)
Business-type activities	38,426,858	43,786,816	29,489,103	26,036,352	32,503,057	24,662,565	32,802,653	21,485,909	15,660,266	19,861,550
Total primary government net expense	\$ (129,792,671)	\$ (124,274,572)	\$ (142,277,042)	\$ (151,457,635)	\$ (122,956,686)	\$ (165,770,448)	\$ (135,177,946)	\$ (142,488,106)	\$ (138,859,030)	\$ (126,461,384)

(Continued)

SCHEDULE 2 CITY OF FORT WAYNE CHANGES IN NET POSITION, Last 10 Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Continued)

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Po	osition									
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property Taxes	\$ 124,467,955	\$ 118,470,217	\$ 113,215,063	\$ 108,230,933	\$ 98,889,877	\$ 101,741,414	\$ 102,373,455	\$ 101,740,994	\$ 106,258,189	\$ 101,143,807
Local Income Tax - Economic Development	25,578,332	26,540,352	25,961,950	22,542,375	23,402,767	21,325,013	30,609,528	13,152,138	21,597,717	26,043,765
Shared revenues	25,271,787	26,187,621	24,190,682	13,043,049	12,549,771	12,371,147	12,815,920	12,343,443	10,598,990	_
Other tax	19,170,641	13,016,985	12,890,751	19,405,620	16,747,446	13,602,411	18,747,296	8,176,180	14,657,823	25,611,516
Unrestricted investment earnings	6,697,878	5,054,843	3,461,843	1,971,939	1,814,996	2,087,098	134,828	192,071	133,281	1,203,254
Refunds and reimbursements	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	447,443
Other	7,837,424	7,411,718	5,780,235	14,015,726	6,217,961	4,964,340	5,643,312	4,265,209	5,001,387	7,420,643
Transfers	9,439,490	9,919,835	9,358,669	8,539,733	8,282,519	69,181,442	7,574,854	7,971,274	5,913,483	5,410,685
Total governmental activities	218,463,507	206,601,571	194,859,193	187,749,375	167,905,337	225,272,865	177,899,193	147,841,309	164,160,870	167,281,113
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,876,728	481,852	280,750	246,666	162,353	185,718	289,203	4,335,200	7,369,457	(7,760,453)
Other	1,072	137,807	68,895	_	1,276,495	_	_	(835,526)	4,215	_
Transfers	(9,439,490)	(9,919,835)	(9,358,669)	(8,539,733)	(8,282,519)	(69,181,442)	(7,574,854)	(7,971,274)	(5,913,483)	(5,410,685)
Total business-type activities	(7,561,690)	(9,300,176)	(9,009,024)	(8,293,067)	(6,843,671)	(68,995,724)	(7,285,651)	(4,471,600)	1,460,189	(13,171,138)
Total primary government	\$ 210,901,817	\$ 197,301,395	\$ 185,850,169	\$ 179,456,308	\$ 161,061,666	\$ 156,277,141	\$ 170,613,542	\$ 143,369,709	\$ 165,621,059	\$ 154,109,975
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 50.243.978	\$ 38,540,183	\$ 23,093,048	\$ 10.255.388	\$ 12.445.594	\$ 34.839.852	\$ 9,918,594	\$ (16,132,706)	\$ 9,641,574	\$ 20,958,179
	30,865,168	34,486,640	20,480,079	17,743,285	25,659,386	\$ 34,639,652 (44,333,159)	\$ 9,918,594 25,517,002	17,014,309	\$ 9,641,574 17,120,455	6,690,412
Business-type activities					\$ 38,104,980			\$ 881,603		
Total primary government	\$ 81,109,146	\$ 73,026,823	\$ 43,573,127	\$ 27,998,673	φ 30,10 4 ,980	\$ (9,493,307)	\$ 35,435,596	φ 001,003	\$ 26,762,029	\$ 27,648,591

SCHEDULE 3
CITY OF FORT WAYNE
FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS,
Last 10 Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2017	2016	2015	2015 2014		2013 2012		2010	2009	2008
General Fund							(A)			
Committed fund balance	\$ 454,887	\$ 92,430	\$ 303,448	\$ 448,628	\$ 423,718	\$ 273,261	\$ 1,264,756	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Assigned fund balance	719,946	453,305	472,805	599,260	478,501	455,799	505,345	_	_	_
Unassigned fund balance	14,783,993	9,766,760	5,903,572	4,734,486	2,344,562	7,513,607	17,114,010	_	_	_
Reserved	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	771,329	237,956	441,349
Unreserved	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	19,700,924	22,120,466	17,523,205
Total general fund	\$ 15,958,826	\$ 10,312,495	\$ 6,679,825	\$ 5,782,374	\$ 3,246,781	\$ 8,242,667	\$ 18,884,111	\$ 20,472,253	\$ 22,358,422	\$ 17,964,554
		_								
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable fund balance	\$ —	\$ 24,189,021	\$ 29,821,187	\$ 29,750,106	\$ 26,725,295	\$ 16,575,425	\$ 20,977,540	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Restricted fund balance	14,544,049	5,640,083	4,671,519	4,297,607	3,005,081	8,340,046	5,561,382	_	_	_
Committed fund balance	22,178,270	10,230,570	14,684,259	20,080,713	5,427,249	5,769,039	3,955,018	_	_	_
Assigned fund balance	143,619,486	130,866,609	122,336,357	138,477,422	126,575,563	131,181,368	66,742,065	_	_	_
Unassigned fund balance	(2,647,377) (422,477)	(1,544,305)	(2,104,730)	(1,921,903)	(1,739,052)	(4,127,485)	_	_	_
Reserved	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	38,984,950	40,286,861	23,859,569
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	10,605,142	20,360,573	21,134,098
Capital projects funds	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	44,775,635	54,296,240	41,320,714
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 177,694,428	\$170,503,806	\$169,969,017	\$ 190,501,118	\$159,811,285	\$160,126,826	\$ 93,108,520	\$ 94,365,727	\$114,943,674	\$ 86,314,381
Total all funds	\$ 193,653,254	\$ 180,816,301	\$176,648,842	\$ 196,283,492	\$163,058,066	\$168,369,493	\$111,992,631	\$114,837,980	\$137,302,096	\$ 104,278,935

⁽A) In fiscal year 2011, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 54, which establishes criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classifications and clarified definitions for governmental fund types. Presentation is not comparable to prior years.

SCHEDULE 4 CITY OF FORT WAYNE CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, Last 10 Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Revenues	2017	2010		2014	2013		2011	2010		2008
Taxes	\$194,191,157	\$187,253,966	\$172,208,322	\$166,173,637	\$149,280,367	\$154,014,688	\$161,905,901	\$137,255,522	\$159,225,133	\$150,144,132
Special assessments	208,203	470,629	144,368	695,473	151,990	616,344	220,531	370,683	518,243	2,624,496
Licenses and permits	3,512,808	3,572,481	3,581,989	3,897,166	3,428,466	3,373,964	3,340,956	3,436,698	3,297,008	3,104,693
Intergovernmental	26,049,651	30,303,160	27,738,710	23,316,245	23,081,665	22,569,745	22,895,276	24,789,823	20,762,071	21,153,423
Charges for services	11,220,612	13,105,360	12,851,463	9,348,006	8,968,647	12,896,865	9,451,477	11,534,926	12,504,176	13,552,905
Fines and forfeits	2,110,472	2,899,260	3,581,651	2,548,381	2,040,081	2,154,282	1,923,258	1,259,583	1,628,997	2,739,687
Other revenues	23,437,994	14,815,024	11,346,615	17,547,118	13,902,101	12,876,247	7,944,386	6,811,929	6,316,881	7,956,694
Total revenues	260,730,897	252,419,880	231,453,118	223,526,026	200,853,317	208,502,135	207,681,785	185,459,164	204,252,509	201,276,030
Expenditures	200,700,007		201,100,110		200,000,017	200,002,100	207,001,700	100,100,101		201,210,000
General government	18,165,400	20,521,587	23,243,056	22,616,031	18,413,510	18,541,886	16,862,976	20,565,280	18,018,850	16,705,755
Public safety	115,641,731	108,948,919	105,015,516	102,401,137	104,407,777	100,799,538	96,714,372	94,456,145	92,779,336	96,522,275
Highways and streets	37,639,427	30,618,886	32,887,319	32,471,183	23,303,830	28,789,645	24,199,424	21,498,417	23,233,485	21,614,732
Health and welfare	2,975,509	2,920,056	2,881,459	2,971,220	2,882,056	2,914,915	2,813,251	2,719,563	2,673,814	2,640,100
Economic opportunity	681,271	1,631,829	1,108,252	1,023,674	1,097,287	859,447	853,216	629,750	614,539	581,361
Economic development	4,733,118	4,919,721	4,546,291	4,647,436	4,511,986	4,545,413	6,287,472	4,485,927	4,768,443	2,974,721
Culture and recreation	23,915,190	20,816,667	20,434,813	19,094,469	17,502,472	16,616,587	17,454,015	16,816,035	17,043,814	20,278,971
Urban redevelopment and housing	23,033,066	16,967,002	47,497,630	12,639,791	11,595,796	13,512,729	12,455,659	15,584,714	12,265,364	27,706,283
Debt service	,,	,,	,,	-,,	,,.	, ,	,,	,	,,	,,
Principal	12,170,000	13,180,000	13,360,000	11,555,197	11,665,000	12,110,000	10,716,170	11,450,000	10,170,000	12,958,615
Interest	5,478,477	5,557,313	5,455,426	6,240,289	6,193,017	6,709,179	7,152,041	7,633,011	5,432,408	4,119,238
Bond issuance costs	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	68,471	_
Capital outlay	32,200,245	34,762,373	24,881,675	21,129,906	17,026,173	19,108,837	30,793,392	24,255,712	63,656,899	25,525,070
Total expenditures	276,633,434	260,844,353	281,311,437	236,790,333	218,598,904	224,508,176	226,301,988	220,094,554	250,725,423	231,627,121
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(15,902,537)	(8,424,473)	(49,858,319)	(13,264,307)	(17,745,587)	(16,006,041)	(18,620,203)	(34,635,390)	(46,472,914)	(30,351,091)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	, , , ,	, , ,	, , , ,	, , , ,	, , ,	, , ,	, , ,	, , , ,	, , ,	, , ,
Transfers in	47,756,518	58,270,379	60,348,649	52,934,483	33,348,031	90,080,123	35,527,229	37,150,609	31,104,814	29,538,091
Transfers out	(38,317,028)	(48,350,544)	(50,989,980)	(44,394,750)	(25,065,512)	(22,298,681)	(27,952,375)	(29,179,335)	(26,391,331)	(24,167,406)
Bonds issued	5,150,000	_	_	30,000,000	_	_	_	_	49,595,000	_
Premium on bond issuance	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	237,467	_
Discount on bonds sold	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(528,731)	_
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(3,056,144)	_
Loans issued	_	_	_	_	1,750,000	_	_	_	_	9,850,000
Capital leases	14,150,000	9,750,000	20,865,000	7,950,000	6,100,000	5,570,506	8,200,000	4,200,000	28,535,000	18,557,273
Loss on Disposal of Net Assets	_	(7,077,903)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	28,739,490	12,591,932	30,223,669	46,489,733	16,132,519	73,351,948	15,774,854	12,171,274	79,496,075	33,777,958
Net change in fund balances	\$ 12,836,953	\$ 4,167,459	\$ (19,634,650)	\$ 33,225,426	\$ (1,613,068)	\$ 57,345,907	\$ (2,845,349)	\$ (22,464,116)	\$ 33,023,161	\$ 3,426,867
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8.0%	7.9%	7.3%	8.3%	8.9%	9.2%	9.1%	9.7%	8.4%	8.3%

SCHEDULE 5 CITY OF FORT WAYNE TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, Last 10 Fiscal Years

	(A)							(B)				
Fiscal Year	General Property	Excise		Wheel		Financial Institution		LIT-CS (COIT)		LIT-ED (CEDIT)	(C) CRED	Total
					_		_		_			
2017	\$ 124,394,860	\$ 8,316,2	68 \$	9,737,686	\$	673,670	\$	24,139,377	\$	25,929,296	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 194,191,157
2016	118,457,702	7,921,3	47	4,557,630		748,470		26,928,669		26,890,148	1,750,000	187,253,966
2015	113,113,685	7,651,3	67	4,509,547		694,247		20,703,202		23,036,274	2,500,000	172,208,322
2014	108,244,035	7,357,1	84	4,509,289		655,004		20,250,428		23,407,697	1,750,000	166,173,637
2013	99,525,426	7,241,7	30	4,353,025		687,548		14,135,824		21,586,815	1,750,000	149,280,368
2012	101,752,044	7,587,2	61	4,566,893		687,052		14,725,753		22,945,684	1,750,000	154,014,687
2011	102,997,748	7,541,7	37	4,360,311		707,531		16,936,027		28,362,547	1,000,000	161,905,901
2010	102,628,121	7,323,0	46	4,276,697		699,339		8,176,180		14,152,138	_	137,255,521
2009	105,390,737	7,367,2	76	2,197,107		719,430		17,338,565		26,212,018	_	159,225,133
2008	103,507,348	7,430,4	16	2,294,080		749,778		13,270,484		22,892,026	_	150,144,132

⁽A) Includes taxes on both real and personal property. Additionally, beginning in 2014, Cumulative Capital Development Fund is included in General Property.

Source: City of Fort Wayne Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. While the Statement of Revenues lists total tax revenue, the sources are itemized for this schedule.

⁽B) Beginning in 2014, Public Safety LIT-PS is included in LIT-CS.

⁽C) The first revenue from the Community Revitalization Enhancement District Tax (CRED) was received in November 2007. For the years 2007-2010 the CRED Taxes were included in the LIT-ED (CEDIT) amount.

SCHEDULE 6
CITY OF FORT WAYNE
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS - ALLEN COUNTY,
Last 10 Fiscal Years

Tax Collections Measurement:	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Total Tax Levy	\$ 382,994,915	\$ 364,069,619	\$ 356,574,609	\$ 352,103,000	\$ 331,494,358
Current Tax Collections Percent of Levy Collected	\$ 372,781,741 97.33%	\$ 353,869,381 97.20%	\$ 346,338,133 97.13%	\$ 341,576,136 97.01%	\$ 321,700,333 97.05%
Delinquent Tax Collections	\$ 9,583,882	\$ 9,498,141	\$ 9,761,454	\$ 9,227,603	\$ 9,896,607
Total Tax Collections Percent of Total Tax Collections to Levy	\$ 382,365,623 99.84%	\$ 363,367,523 99.81%	\$ 356,099,586 99.87%	\$ 350,803,740 99.63%	\$ 331,596,940 100.03%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Levy	\$ 11,975,818 3.13%	\$ 12,047,858 3.31%	\$ 12,001,408 3.37%	\$ 12,442,833 3.53%	\$ 12,265,024 3.70%
Tax Collections Measurement:	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Total Tax Levy	\$ 324,449,495	\$ 316,973,671	\$ 319,525,460	\$ 337,853,052	\$ 468,378,102
Current Tax Collections Percent of Levy Collected	\$ 313,264,561 96.55%	\$ 306,407,599 96.67%	\$ 307,284,280 96.17%	\$ 322,439,869 95.44%	\$ 454,185,187 96.97%
Delinquent Tax Collections	\$ 9,423,276	\$ 7,492,374	\$ 5,437,834	\$ 12,026,170	\$ 10,843,230
Total Tax Collections Percent of Total Tax Collections to Levy	\$ 322,687,836 99.46%	\$ 313,899,973 99.03%	\$ 312,722,114 97.87%	\$ 334,466,039 99.00%	\$ 465,028,417 99.28%

Note: GASB Statement 44 requires that the information in this schedule be shown for each "period for which levied" as defined in Statement 33. The City of Fort Wayne does not maintain records of tax delinquencies; all taxes are collected and distributed by the Allen County Auditor. Since the county auditor's office does not keep records by levy year, they are unable to provide the city with tax information by levy year. Therefore, the city has presented this information in the prior year format.

Source: Allen County Auditor's Office

SCHEDULE 7 CITY OF FORT WAYNE ASSESSED AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY, Last 10 Fiscal Years

Year	 (A) Assessed Valuation	(B) Estimated Actual Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	(C) Percent Increase (%)
2017	\$ 8,442,987,593	\$ 8,442,987,593	1.5565	2.05
2016	8,273,698,615	8,273,698,615	1.5312	2.22
2015	8,093,724,951	8,093,724,951	1.5106	1.06
2014	8,008,561,561	8,008,561,561	1.4716	0.30
2013	7,984,553,514	7,984,553,514	1.3411	(0.96)
2012	8,062,225,389	8,062,225,389	1.3274	(0.81)
2011	8,128,378,487	8,128,378,487	1.3149	(4.55)
2010	8,515,625,766	8,515,625,766	1.2238	(2.26)
2009	8,712,264,335	8,712,264,335	1.1515	(13.52)
2008	10,074,509,442	10,074,509,442	0.9985	2.55

Average Annual Rate of Increase

(1.50)%

Note: GASB Statement 44 has called for a new report on the assessed values that breaks the total value into major components such as residential, commercial and industrial property as well as any adjustments and credits. At the time of CAFR production, this information is not available from the County Auditor's office. Therefore, the City has presented this information in the prior year format.

⁽A) Assessed values for personal property are updated annually.

⁽B) Assessed value reflects actual value.

⁽C) Change in assessed valuation.

SCHEDULE 8
CITY OF FORT WAYNE
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES,
Last 10 Fiscal Years
(rate per \$100 of assessed value)

													Overlapping	Rates (B)	
Fiscal Year	General Fund Rate	Fire Pension Rate	Police Pension Rate	Sanitary Officers' Pension Rate	Community Services Rate	Fire Rate	Park Rate	CCD Rate	Redevelopment General Rate	Tax Increment Replacement Rate	(A) Total City	(B), (C) Municipal Corporations	(B), (C) School Districts	Allen County	(B), (C) Townships and Other
2017	0.7252	0.0000	0.0000	0.0068	0.0001	0.5585	0.2084	0.0486	0.0089	_	1.5565	0.3142	1.0113	0.5414	0.1487
2016	0.7460	0.0000	0.0000	0.0071	0.0001	0.5249	0.1951	0.0493	0.0087	_	1.5312	0.3125	0.9772	0.5403	0.1433
2015	0.7068	0.0000	0.0000	0.0071	0.0001	0.5557	0.1991	0.0327	0.0091	_	1.5106	0.3189	1.0123	0.5447	0.1464
2014	0.7700	0.0000	0.0000	0.0063	0.0001	0.4883	0.1824	0.0167	0.0078	_	1.4716	0.3195	1.0177	0.5477	0.1260
2013	0.6438	0.0000	0.0000	0.0043	0.0001	0.5424	0.1451	0.0000	0.0054	_	1.3411	0.3141	0.9766	0.5404	0.1402
2012	0.6666	0.0000	0.0000	0.0054	0.0001	0.4927	0.1557	0.0000	0.0069	_	1.3274	0.3092	0.8527	0.5279	0.1365
2011	0.7400	0.0000	0.0000	0.0065	0.0001	0.4251	0.1361	0.0000	0.0071	_	1.3149	0.2984	0.9000	0.5155	0.1302
2010	0.6905	0.0000	0.0000	0.0061	0.0001	0.3943	0.1264	0.0000	0.0064	_	1.2238	0.2832	0.8271	0.5187	0.1175
2009	0.6539	0.0000	0.0000	0.0050	0.0001	0.3721	0.1150	0.0000	0.0054	_	1.1515	0.2781	0.8294	0.4631	0.1344
2008	0.5366	0.0229	0.0214	0.0040	0.0001	0.3130	0.0925	0.0000	0.0036	0.0044	0.9985	0.2088	1.3540	0.5789	0.1020

(A) Obtained from the Budget Order (Fort Wayne Civil City).

(B) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Fort Wayne. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Fort Wayne property owners.

(C) Obtained from the Allen County Auditor's Office and the various governmental units. The figures used for the municipal corporations, school districts, and townships represent citywide averages.

Note: The City's levy increases are limited to the 6-year average increase in Indiana personal income.

Source: From Published Rates for Wayne Township

SCHEDULE 9 CITY OF FORT WAYNE PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS, Current Year And 9 Years Ago

			2017				2008		
<u>Taxpayer</u>	_	(A) Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value (%)	_	(B) Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value (%)	
IOM Health System LP (Lutheran Network)	\$	178,428,386	1	2.11	\$	114,323,470	3	1.13	
GGP - Glenbrook LLC		164,561,520	2	1.95		198,852,230	1	1.97	
Frontier North Inc (Formerly GTE North/Verizon)		142,282,130	3	1.69		119,690,570	2	1.19	
Indiana Michigan Power Company (Formerly AEP)		109,870,270	4	1.30		80,491,670	5	0.80	
St Joseph Health System LLC		70,055,247	5	0.83		54,412,170	8	0.54	
Canterbury Green Apartments LLC		64,105,500	6	0.76		50,609,800	9	0.50	
Wal-Mart Real Estate		63,018,590	7	0.75		62,478,080	6	0.62	
IMI Jefferson Pointe LLC		53,597,100	8	0.63		81,086,050	4	0.80	
Edward Rose of Indiana		47,677,860	9	0.56		54,942,410	7	0.55	
Dupont Hospital LLC		42,315,125	10	0.50		_	_	_	
Meijer Stores LP		_	_	_		44,330,900	10	0.44	
Total	\$	935,911,728		11.09	\$	861,217,350		8.55	

Source: Allen County Auditor's Office

⁽A) Represents the taxable assessed valuations for taxes due and payable in 2017 within the corporation limits. (B) Represents the taxable assessed valuations for taxes due and payable in 2008 within the corporation limits.

SCHEDULE 10 CITY OF FORT WAYNE UTILITIES WATER AND SEWER RATES, Last 10 Fiscal Years

		V	Vater				Sewer	
Fiscal Year	(Meter Use) Monthly Base Rate	Rate per 748 gallons (Up to 18,675 gallons)	Rate per 748 gallons (From 18,676 gallons to 89,640 gallons)	Rate per 748 gallons (Over 89,640 gallons)	Monthly Base Rate	Rate per 748 gallons (Up to 18,675 gallons)	Rate per 748 gallons (From 18,676 gallons to 89,640 gallons)	Rate per 748 gallons (Over 89,640 gallons)
Inside City								
2017	9.18	2.07	1.93	1.88	10.26	5.18	5.18	5.18
2016	9.23	2.08	1.94	1.89	9.50	4.79	4.79	4.79
2015	9.23	2.08	1.94	1.89	8.80	4.42	4.42	4.42
2014	9.23	2.08	1.94	1.89	6.19	4.36	4.36	4.36
7/1/2013-12/31/13	8.73	1.78	1.59	1.48	6.19	4.36	4.36	4.36
1/1/13-6/30/13	8.73	1.78	1.59	1.48	5.68	3.99	3.99	3.99
7/1/12-12/31/12	7.30	1.49	1.33	1.24	5.68	3.99	3.99	3.99
1/1/12-6/30/12	7.30	1.49	1.33	1.24	5.21	3.66	3.66	3.66
2011	7.30	1.49	1.33	1.24	4.69	3.30	3.30	3.30
2010	7.30	1.49	1.33	1.24	4.08	2.87	2.87	2.87
2009	7.30	1.49	1.33	1.24	2.78	2.43	2.43	2.43
2008	7.30	1.49	1.33	1.24	2.78	2.43	2.43	2.43
Outside City								
2017	10.56	2.39	2.23	2.17	12.82	6.47	6.47	6.47
2016	10.62	2.40	2.24	2.18	11.87	5.99	5.99	5.99
2015	10.62	2.40	2.24	2.18	11.00	5.53	5.53	5.53
2014	10.62	2.40	2.24	2.18	7.73	5.44	5.44	5.44
7/1/2013-12/31/13	10.05	2.05	1.99	1.85	7.73	5.44	5.44	5.44
1/1/13-6/30/13	10.05	2.05	1.99	1.85	7.10	4.99	4.99	4.99
7/1/12-12/31/12	8.40	1.71	1.66	1.55	7.10	4.99	4.99	4.99
1/1/12-6/30/12	8.40	1.71	1.66	1.55	6.51	4.58	4.58	4.58
2011	8.40	1.71	1.66	1.55	5.87	4.13	4.13	4.13
2010	8.40	1.71	1.66	1.55	5.10	3.59	3.59	3.59
2009	8.40	1.71	1.66	1.55	3.48	3.03	3.03	3.03
2008	8.40	1.71	1.66	1.55	3.48	3.03	3.03	3.03

Note: Water rates are based on 5/8" meter, which is the standard household meter size. Sewer rates are based on non food handlers. Rates are billed per 100 cubic ft. 100 cubic ft. is equivalent to 748 gallons.

Source: City of Fort Wayne, City Utilities Accounting Department

SCHEDULE 11 CITY OF FORT WAYNE LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION, Last 10 Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands)

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009		2008
City of Fort Wayne											
Debt Limit	\$ 56,287	\$ 55,158	\$ 53,390	\$ 53,390	\$ 53,230	\$ 53,748	\$ 54,189	\$ 56,771	\$ 58,082		\$ 67,163
Total net debt applicable to limit	23,155	24,085	27,965	31,680	35,255	38,695	42,005	45,185	50,565	(B)	25,305
Legal debt margin	\$ 33,132	\$ 31,073	\$ 25,425	\$ 21,710	\$ 17,975	\$ 15,053	\$ 12,184	\$ 11,586	\$ 7,517		\$ 41,858
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	41.14%	43.67%	52.38%	59.34%	66.23%	71.99%	77.52%	79.59%	87.06%		37.68%
Park District											
Debt Limit	\$ 55,782	\$ 54,634	\$ 52,813	\$ 52,813	\$ 52,574	\$ 53,055	\$ 53,485	\$ 56,029	\$ 57,340		\$ 66,331
Total net debt applicable to limit	695	1,025	1,340	3,065	4,725	6,335	7,885	9,380	10,855		11,980
Legal debt margin	\$ 55,087	\$ 53,609	\$ 51,473	\$ 49,748	\$ 47,849	\$ 46,720	\$ 45,600	\$ 46,649	\$ 46,485		\$ 54,351
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	1.25%	1.88%	2.54%	5.80%	8.99%	11.94%	14.74%	16.74%	18.93%		18.06%
Redevelopment District											
Debt Limit	\$ 56,287	\$ 55,158	\$ 53,390	\$ 53,390	\$ 53,230	\$ 53,748	\$ 54,189	\$ 56,771	\$ 58,082		\$ 67,163
Total net debt applicable to limit	3,155	3,960	5,910	7,770	9,555	11,260	14,090	16,795	19,390		21,880
Legal debt margin	\$ 53,132	\$ 51,198	\$ 47,480	\$ 45,620	\$ 43,675	\$ 42,488	\$ 40,099	\$ 39,976	\$ 38,692		\$ 45,283
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	5.61%	7.18%	11.07%	14.55%	17.95%	20.95%	 26.00%	 29.58%	33.38%		32.58%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2017	City of	Park	Redev.
	Fort Wayne	District	District
Assessed adjusted value (Civil City)	\$ 2,814,329 (A)	\$ —	<u> </u>
Assessed adjusted value (Park District)	_	2,789,075 (A)	_
Assessed adjusted value (Redevelopment District)	_	_	2,814,329 (A)
Total Assessed adjusted value	2,814,329	2,789,075	2,814,329
Debt limit (2% of assessed adjusted value)	56,287	55,782	56,287
General obligation bonds	_	695	_
Special obligation bonds	23,155	_	3,155
Less: Amount set aside for repayment of debt	_	_	_
Total net debt applicable to limit	23,155	695	3,155
Legal debt margin	\$ 33,132	\$ 55,087	\$ 53,132

⁽A) Assessed adjusted value is determined by dividing the net assessed valuation by 3. Each taxing district has a 2% debt limit.

Note: The City of Fort Wayne is reporting the Legal Debt Margin, by Taxing District.

⁽B) Increase in debt is due to additional Special Obligation Bonds issued by Community Development.

SCHEDULE 12 CITY OF FORT WAYNE DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT, As Of December 31, 2017 (dollars in thousands)

Governmental Unit	Ou	Debt tstanding	(A) Estimated Percentage Applicable (%)	5	stimated Share of erlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes					
Allen County Public Library	\$	22,405	59.99	\$	13,442
Allen County		53,437	59.99		32,057
Southwest Allen School District		28,880	48.88		14,117
East Allen School District		108,622	11.41		12,391
Fort Wayne Community Schools		199,596	89.72		179,075
Northwest Allen School District		87,600	21.36		18,712
Subtotal, overlapping debt					269,794
City direct debt					
General Obligation Bonds					5,345
Special Obligation Bonds					46,189
First Mortgage Bonds					22,108
Capital Leases					75,309
Notes and Loans Payable					5,460
Subtotal, City direct debt					154,411
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	424,205

(A) For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Fort Wayne. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages and the debt outstanding provided by the Allen County Auditor's Office.

SCHEDULE 13 CITY OF FORT WAYNE RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE, Last 10 Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands, except per capita)

				Gove	ernmental	Activities	3			Bus	ines	s-Type A	ctiviti	es				
Fiscal Year	0	General bligation Bonds	Special Obligation Bonds	Fi	rst Mortgage Bonds	Сај	oital Leases	_	Loans Payable	Revenue Bonds		Capital Leases		Loans Payable		otal Primary Government	(A) Percentage of Income (%)	Per Capita
2017	\$	5,345	\$ 46,189	\$	22,108	\$	75,309	\$	5,460	\$ 317,061	\$	1,596	\$	310,582	\$	783,650	7.01	\$ 2,963
2016		1,047	52,111		24,711		70,104		5,900	313,994		624		316,316		784,807	7.33	3,015
2015		1,370	61,300		27,208		68,229		6,355	308,970		1,025		202,140		676,597	6.52	2,590
2014		1,687	70,058		29,611		73,569		6,858	325,576		1,415		144,192		652,966	6.33	2,515
2013		1,994	47,287		31,918		55,630		7,490	276,557		1,794		144,578		567,248	5.90	2,206
2012		2,139	53,765		34,141		56,431		7,861	210,151		2,163		134,950		501,601	5.26	1,967
2011		2,409	61,182		36,396		56,159		10,621	118,545		1,996		109,249		396,557	5.05	1,778
2010		2,669	68,298		38,566		56,159		10,621	118,503		1,996		109,249		406,061	4.70	1,602
2009		2,949	77,456	(D)	40,030	(D)	57,829	(D)	11,260	86,063		2,359		110,802	(D)	388,748	4.46	1,519
2008		3,085	56,368		24,752		35,511	(B)	11,870 (c)	94,652		2,710		84,052		313,000	3.58	1,242

⁽A) See schedule 16 for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. The City of Fort Wayne fully implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2002.

⁽B) The Harrison Square Parking Garage lease increased by \$13.4 million in 2008.

⁽C) The City borrowed \$6.25 million from the U.S. Dept. of Housing and Urban Development for use in developing the mixed-use Renaissance Project. \$2.5 million was borrowed by the City for use by the Barrett Law Dept. and \$1.1 million was borrowed by the City to use in purchasing land located at 2300 West Jefferson Blvd, Fort Wayne, IN.

⁽D) Refer to Note 5 (Long-term debt) of the 2009 financial statements for an explanation of increase.

SCHEDULE 14 CITY OF FORT WAYNE RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING, Last 10 Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands, except per capita)

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

General Obligation Bonds	Special Obligation Bonds	Total	(A) Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property (%)	(B) Per Capita
\$ 5,345	\$ 46,189	\$ 51,534	0.61	\$ 194.84
1,047	52,111	53,158	0.30	94.92
1,370	61,300	62,670	0.34	104.52
1,687	70,058	71,745	0.37	114.54
1,994	47,287	49,281	0.40	124.44
2,139	53,765	55,904	0.42	134.05
2,409	61,182	63,591	0.45	143.00
2,669	68,298	70,967	0.45	152.02
2,949	77,456	80,405	0.46	156.43
3,085	56,368	59,453	0.25	98.38
	S 5,345 1,047 1,370 1,687 1,994 2,139 2,409 2,669 2,949	Obligation Bonds Obligation Bonds \$ 5,345 \$ 46,189 1,047 52,111 1,370 61,300 1,687 70,058 1,994 47,287 2,139 53,765 2,409 61,182 2,669 68,298 2,949 77,456	Obligation Bonds Obligation Bonds Total \$ 5,345 \$ 46,189 \$ 51,534 1,047 52,111 53,158 1,370 61,300 62,670 1,687 70,058 71,745 1,994 47,287 49,281 2,139 53,765 55,904 2,409 61,182 63,591 2,669 68,298 70,967 2,949 77,456 80,405	General Obligation Bonds Special Obligation Bonds Total Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property (%) \$ 5,345 \$ 46,189 \$ 51,534 0.61 1,047 52,111 53,158 0.30 1,370 61,300 62,670 0.34 1,687 70,058 71,745 0.37 1,994 47,287 49,281 0.40 2,139 53,765 55,904 0.42 2,409 61,182 63,591 0.45 2,669 68,298 70,967 0.45 2,949 77,456 80,405 0.46

⁽A) See Schedule 7 for property value data.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽B) Population data can be found in Schedule 16 and updated with the most current information.

						Water Reve	enue	Bonds									Sewer Reven	ue Bo	onds			
Fiscal		Utility Service		Less: Operating		Net Available	_	Debt S	ervice	•	Coverage	_	Utility Service		Less: Operating		Net Available		Debt S	ervi	ce	Coverage
Year		Charges		Expenses	_	Revenue		Principal		Interest	Ratio	_	Charges		Expenses		Revenue		Principal	_	Interest	Ratio
2017	\$	48,115	\$	35,965	Ş	\$ 12,150	0 :	\$ 7,358	\$	4,648	1.01	\$	71,457	\$	41,819	\$	29,638	\$	55,915	\$	13,933	0.42
2016		49,622		36,032		13,590	0	7,299		4,892	1.11		68,469		38,253		30,216		55,915		10,590	0.45
2015		45,709		31,894		13,81	5	3,620		3,640	1.90		59,943		34,064		25,879		11,475		6,228	1.46
2014		39,570		33,575		5,99	5	2,840		1,585	1.35		57,376		38,257		19,119		7,757		5,090	1.49
2013		39,757		29,535		10,22	2	2,435		1,592	2.54		56,838		22,695		34,143		11,090		4,037	2.26
2012		33,483		28,844		4,639	9	1,775		652	1.91		52,708		33,269		19,439		11,430		4,610	1.21
2011		33,299		28,008		5,29		1,705		722	2.18		51,105		30,132		20,973		5,470		1,999	2.81
2010		33,511		26,673		6,838	8	1,645		784	2.82		42,532		28,653		13,879		5,625		2,240	1.76
2009		31,275		25,237		6,038	8	1,585		842	2.49		36,113		26,442		9,671		5,960		2,485	1.15
2008		31,593		24,173		7,420	0	1,530		898	3.06		34,109		23,786		10,323		4,920		1,616	1.58
					Civio	c Center Parkir	ng Ga	arage-1979 (A)									Parking Garage A	Additio	on-2001			
		I IAILIA.		Lanni		Net		Debt S	ervice				Utility		Lann		Not		Debt S	ervi	се	
Fiscal Year		Utility Service Charges		Less: Operating Expenses	_	Net Available Revenue		Principal		Interest	Coverage Ratio	_	Service Charges		Less: Operating Expenses	_	Net Available Revenue		Principal	_	Interest	Coverage Ratio
2017	\$	817	\$	335	9	\$ 482	2 !	\$ —	\$	_	_	\$	206	\$	82	\$	5 124	\$	115	\$	32	0.84
2016	Ψ	723	Ψ	606	`	11		_	Ψ	_	_	Ψ	313	Ψ	215	Ψ	98	Ψ	110	Ψ	38	0.66
2015		702		1,072		(370		_		_	_		220		128		92		100		44	0.64
2014		682		739		(5	-	_		_	_		136		79		57		95		49	0.40
2013		679		701		(2:		_		_	_		170		150		20		95		54	0.13
2012		668		638		3(•	_		_	_		_		42		(42) (B)		90		59	(0.28)
2011		674		827		(15	3)	_		_	_		89		42		47		85		63	0.32
2010		722		754		(32	2)	_		_	_		80		42		38		80		67	0.26
2009		773		715	(A)	58	8	_		_	_		80		42		38		75		71	0.26
2008		705		907		(202	2)	_		_	_		60		19		41		75		74	0.28
						Stormwater R	ovon	ue Bonds														
				-		Storiiwaterix	even	Debt S	ervice	,		•										
Fiscal Year		Utility Service Charges		Less: Operating Expenses		Net Available Revenue	-	Principal		Interest	Coverage Ratio											
		40.004	_		_				_		7.10	•										
2017	\$	10,821	\$	7,773	\$			\$ 175	\$	235	7.43											
2016		10,245		8,698		1,54		1,205		324	1.01											
2015		10,998		8,446		2,552		1,155		351	1.69											
2014		9,781		6,473		3,308		1,110		414	2.17											
2013		10,135		6,744		3,39		1,065		457	2.23	(A					expenses is a					
2012		9,766		6,061		3,70		1,020		495	2.45				/e expenses		xpense of the	gara	age, cost c	וכ	sait, snow re	movai, and
2011		10,866		6,246		4,620		985		532	3.05	(E	The reve	nue	for this par	rkir	ng garage was d				ed parking fur	d - Refer to
2010		9,656		6,385		3,27		945		567	2.16		non-maj	UI S	peciai rever	iue	e income stateme	ent þ	arking tund			
2009		9,838		8,533		1,30		910		602	0.86						's outstanding de					
2008		9,639		9,145		494	4	875		634	0.33	st	aternents. (Jpe	rating expe	nse	es do not include	mte	erest or amo)T(IZ	cauon expense	es.

			(A)	(B)		
			Personal	Per Capita	(C)	
			Income	Personal	Unemploymen	nt
Year	Population		(thousands)	Income	Rate (%)	
2017	264,488	(D)	\$ 8,466,521	\$ 42,267	2	2.7
2016	260,326	(E)	8,718,131	41,102	;	3.7
2015	260,326	(F)	8,720,219	39,712	4	4.5
2014	258,522	(G)	8,647,819	39,712		5.7
2013	256,496	(H)	8,958,638	37,357	-	7.2
2012	254,688	(I)	9,517,945	37,371	8	3.2
2011	254,514	(J)	9,581,921	35,199	9	9.0
2010	253,691	(K)	10,266,426	34,088	10	0.9
2009	255,890	(L)	10,338,066	34,078	10	0.7
2008	251,591	(M)	10,699,919	34,652	(6.4

- (A) Personal income information is a total for the year calculated by multiplying per capita personal income by population.
- (B) Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis for Allen Co.. There is no available data by the "City of Fort Wayne" only.
- (C) Unemployment rate information is a yearly average from the Indiana Dept. of Workforce Development for the City of Fort Wayne and updated with the most current information.
- (D) From US Census Bureau 2016 estimate based on 2010 census. Used the latest population estimate available.
- (E) From US Census Bureau estimate based on 2010 census. Used the latest population estimate available.
- (F) From US Census Bureau estimate based on 2010 census. This is a revision to the population estimate provided for the 2015 CAFR Schedule 16.
- (G) From US Census Bureau estimate based on 2010 census. This is a revision to the population estimate provided for the 2014 CAFR Schedule 16.
- (H) From US Census Bureau estimate based on 2010 census. This is a revision to the population estimate provided for the 2013 CAFR Schedule 16.
- (I) From US Census Bureau estimate based on 2010 census. This is a revision to the population estimate provided for the 2012 CAFR Schedule 16.
- (J) From US Census Bureau estimate based on 2010 census. This is a revision to the population estimate provided for the 2011 CAFR Schedule 16.
- (K) From US Census Bureau 2010 actual census. This is a revision to the population estimate provided for the 2010 CAFR Schedule 16.
- (L) From US Census Bureau 2009 estimate. This is a revision to the population estimate provided for the 2009 CAFR Schedule 16.
- (M) From US Census Bureau 2008 estimate. This is a revision to the population estimate provided for the 2008 CAFR Schedule 16.

SCHEDULE 17 CITY OF FORT WAYNE PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS, Current Year And 9 Years Ago

		2017			2008	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employees Within Allen County (%)	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employees Within Allen County (%)
Parkview Health Systems	4,710	1	2.31	3,191	3	1.85
Lutheran Health Network	4,307	2	2.11	3,501	2	2.03
General Motors	4,100	3	2.01	2,964	4	1.72
Fort Wayne Community Schools	3,600	4	1.77	4,201	1	2.44
Lincoln Financial Group	1,970	5	0.97	1,800	7	1.05
City of Fort Wayne	1,829	6	0.90	1,895	6	1.10
BF Goodrich	1,580	7	0.77	_	_	_
Frontier Communications Corp.	1,355	8	0.66	_	_	_
Allen County Government	1,305	9	0.64	2,073	5	1.20
IPFW	1,163	10	0.57	_	_	_
ITT Aerospace/Communications	_	_	_	1,490	8	0.87
Verizon Telephone (Formerly GE Telephone)	_	_	_	1,459	9	0.85
International Truck and Engine Corp	_	_	_	1,400	10	0.81
Total	25,919		12.71	23,974		13.92

Source: Greater Fort Wayne Inc. and Indiana University Purdue University Fort Wayne

SCHEDULE 18 CITY OF FORT WAYNE FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM, Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Function/Program										
General Government	114	115	119	112	112	116	108	104	129	119
Public Safety										
Police	462	442 (B)	497	470	462	468	451	421	450	446
Fire	351	360	338	353	339	342	349	359	367	356
Civilians	162	157	157	161	191	194	198	199	201	211
Highways and streets	183	174	173	170	145	143	153	148	156	178
Health and welfare	45	41	34	42	43	42	43	41	37	40
Culture and recreation	132	132	152	153	144	144	129	129	147	153
Urban redevelopment and housing	55	55	57	57	56	57	54	58	43	48
Internal Services	8	8	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Solid Waste	5	5	5	5	4	3	2	2	2	2
City Utilities										
Water	118	121	124	121	115	118	118	119	115	122
Sewage	97	97	98	96	98	97	98	99	92	90
Storm Water	19	20	20	18	20	19	22	22	21	23
Planning and Design	51	54	56	54	50	43	42	40	37	34
Engineering	12	9	9	10	11	11	11	10	13	16
Customer Relations	28	30	28	29	30	29	29	34	27	30
Administrative	20	33	33	30	29	27	26	25	29	22
Total	1,862	1,853	1,907	1,889	1,857	1,861	1,841	1,818 (A	1,874	1,898

Note: The functional breakout is from the "Statement of Activities."

Source: City of Fort Wayne Payroll Department

⁽A) Retirees were significant in 2010 (B) Excluded Crossing Guards from Police full time

SCHEDULE 19 CITY OF FORT WAYNE CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM, Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Function/Program:										
General Government										
Finance and Administration										
Emerging business enterprise applicants	42	87	48	36	6	7	11	8	9	6
Worksite visits	_	3	5	2	11	9	21	25 (A)	15	30
Wage violations	11	25	42	72 (G	32	26	57 (B)	18	18	14
Compliance workshops	1	_	_	_	1	2	4	4	_	_
Public Safety										
Police										
Calls for service	139,801	157,208	171,585	167,745	184,351	194,648	201,344	186,667	184,111	198,634
Accident records and analysis	9,149	11,351	10,742	7,574 (E)	9,008	9,033	8,951	8,858	8,055	9,478
Fatal accident investigation	21	18	12	17 (E)	12	16	9	9	14	14
Fire Department										
Emergency medical runs	9,673	8,875	8,021	7,277	6,751	7,029	6,794	6,627	6,581	7,142
Fire rescue runs	13,305	12,232	11,906	11,833	10,922	13,281	11,771	12,574	12,113	14,127
Weight and Measures										
Scales inspected	2,180	1,852	1,960	1,893	1,747	1,723	1,384 (c)	1,949	1,362	1,447
Measuring devices	6,190	6,241	6,451	5,230	6,449	6,088	6,004	6,043	5,046	6,840
Calibrations and test conducted	_	67	67 (1)	14,367	5,996	18,890	21,503	22,240	22,026	20,512
Highways and streets										
Street Department										
Paving - miles of maintenance	13	13	13	12	14	14	13	15	12	14
Chip and seal - miles of maintenance	10	10	10	12	10	11	12	13	10	12
Crack sealing - miles of maintenance	69	69	59	78	65	78	68	80	81	55
Traffic Engineering										
Development building plans processed	161	145	145	145	162	124	112	111	145	161
Traffic counts conducted	30	25	10	43	47	43	44	49	32	46
Traffic studies conducted	230	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	200	200
Traffic investigations (complaints)	425	475	500	450	450	450	425	425	380	380
Traffic Signal division										
New signals installed	2	_	4	2	1	2	5	3	6	7
Signals modernized	13	12	4	10	12	6	23	7	14	14
•										(Continue

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(Continued)	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Function/Program			'						,	
Signal accident repairs	42	35	27	43	61	34	20	29	34	34
Signal bulbs replaced (emergency/non-emergency)	_	107	152	89	63	43	7	26	7	29
Sign & Marketing Division										
Signs manufactured	2,048	3,805	4,183	2,960	1,347	2,266	3,701	4,370	4,008	6,548
Street lanes marked - painted (miles)	784	810	739	537	727	655	529	690	881	755
Curb parking marked (feet)	13,820	15,997	8,763	6,471	7,225	7,381	20,976	14,963	9,555	14,029
Crosswalks marked	695	834	510	611	1,546	721	818	807	865	902
Lane arrows marked	2,171	2,358	2,298	1,418	1,374	1,065	1,210	988	1,006	1,076
Health and welfare										
Animals handled	12,021	13,279	12,724	12,844	13,709	14,994	15,863	15,791	15,805	16,608
Animals adopted	4,791	4,827	4,164	3,602	2,850	2,748	2,382	2,265	2,540	2,529
Animals euthanized (domestic)	3,330	5,470	4,531	6,037 (F)	8,340	9,203	10,693	9,742	10,286	11,444
Animals returned to owners	2,129	2,124	2,056	2,003	1,811	2,019	2,056	1,854	1,620	1,810
Bite cases	901	865	836	748	828	837	850	665	980	901
Education programs contacts	4,869,879 _(J)	237,484	225,466	187,497	259,334	244,526	768,581	832,735	867,079	735,450
Urban redevelopment and housing										
Neighborhood Code Enforcement										
Emergency orders to abate	2,044	1,740	1,496	1,379	1,263	1,288	1,530	1,519	612	976
Emergency orders to demolish	1	8	4	7	12	10	8	6	5	31
Boardings	729	659	631	737	854	734	744	926	369	600
Demolitions - hearing affirmed	109	39	63	139	139	52	125	124	26	43
Water										
New connects	946	981	833	98	95	78	71	74	121	142
Consumption (millions of gallons)	8,459	8,829	8,419	7,793	8,100	8,712	8,270	8,214	8,069	8,391
Wastewater										
New connects	850	765	662	1,010 (н)	498	225	651 (D)	340	534	642
Sewage treatment (millions of gallons)	8,058	8,146	8,166	8,353	8,470	8,768	8,616	8,620	7,177	7,488

 ⁽A) Increased due to new contractors to monitor projects, requirement for federally funded projects, and follow-up to worker proper wage rate allegations.
 (B) Increased due to new reporting model based on wage violations per individual instead of counting projects.
 (C) Decreased - 2010 had a higher than normal amount of reinspections.

⁽D) Sewer increase largely due to Allen County Regional Water and Sewer District.

⁽E) Figures tracked and submitted by Police; previously by Traffic Engineering.

⁽F) Figure includes domestic animals only; previously included wild.

⁽G) Increased due to growth in number of projects.

⁽H) Increased due to septic eliminations and district projects.

⁽I) Decrease due to the elimination of calibrations and tests conducted in 2015.

⁽J) Increased due to the addition of Social Media outreach

SCHEDULE 20 CITY OF FORT WAYNE CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM, Last 10 Fiscal Years

•	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Function/Program:		1								
Public Safety										
Police										
Division outposts	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Training academies	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire										
Fire stations	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Training academies	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
Safety Village	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	_	_
Highways and streets										
Number of street lights	34,080	33,882	33,950	33,904	33,877	33,923	33,896	33,725	33,592	33,354
Miles of streets	1,301	1,301	1,163	1,162	1,160	1,160	1,161	1,217	1,149	1,144
Health and welfare										
Animal Control										
Animal care centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol districts	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Culture and recreation										
Acreage for parks and recreational areas	2,805	2,805	2,805	2,805	2,805	2,805	2,805	2,805	2,805	2,805
Parks and recreational areas	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86
Golf courses	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Swimming pools	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4
<u>Water</u>										
Miles of water lines	1,396	1,391	1,374	1,370	1,176	1,164	1,160	1,159	1,157	1,153
Treatment capacity (million gallons/day)	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72
Wastewater										
Miles of sewer/stormwater mains	2,057	2,052	2,014	1,899	1,893	1,880	1,856	1,861	1,830	1,802
Treatment capacity (million gallons/day)	100	100	70	70	70	70	60	60	60	60

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government function.

Source: Various city departments.



The City of Fort Wayne

200 E. Berry Street Fort Wayne, Indiana 46802 (260) 427-1106